

Material

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Robotics Process Automation:

Robotic process automation (or RPA) is an emerging form of clerical process automation technology based on the notion of software robots or artificial intelligence (AI) workers.

A **software 'robot'** is a software application that replicates the actions of a human being interacting with the user interface of a computer system.

For example, the execution of data entry into an ERP system - or indeed a full end-to-end business process - would be a typical activity for a software robot.

The software robot operates on the user interface (UI) in the same way that a human would; this is a significant departure from traditional forms of IT integration which have historically been based on Application Programming Interfaces (or APIs) - that is to say, machine-to-machine forms of communication based on data layers which operate at an architectural layer beneath the UI.

RPA software vendors

RPA software vendors include:

- \Box Automation Anywhere
- □ UIPath
- \Box Blue Prism
- \Box Open span

Introduction

UiPath is a complete solution for application integration, and automating third-party applications, administrative IT tasks and business IT processes. One of the most important notions in UiPath is the workflow.

A workflow is a graphical representation of a business process. It enables you to automate rule-based processes, by giving you full control of the execution order and the relationship between a custom set of steps, also known as activities in UiPath Studio. Each activity consists of a small action, such as clicking a button, reading a file or writing to a log panel.

The main types of workflows supported are:

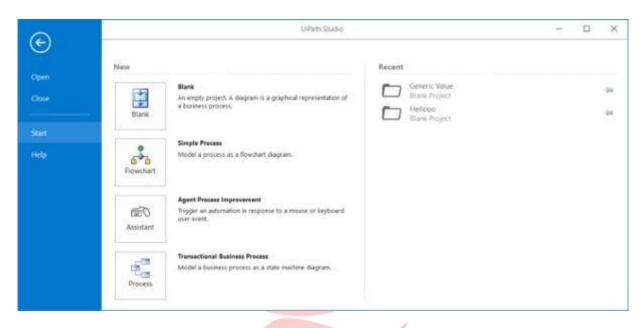
- □ <u>Sequences</u> suitable to linear processes, enabling you to smoothly go from one activity to another, without cluttering your workflow.
- □ <u>Flowcharts</u> suitable to a more complex business logic, enabling you to integrate decisions and connect activities in a more diverse manner, through multiple branching logic operators.
- <u>State Machines</u> suitable for very large workflows; they use a finite number of states in their execution which are triggered by a condition (transition) or activity.

The User Interface

The ribbon is straightforward and can be minimized or expanded by clicking the **Minimize**

/ Expand button . It consists of the following four tabs:

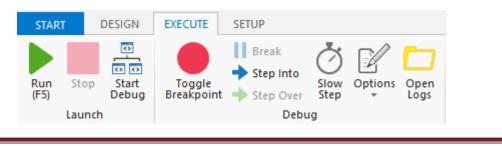
1. **Start** - create a project or open a previously created one, switch to a Beta or Stable version, <u>update Studio</u>, go to the online documentation or submit a request. By default, projects are created in C:\Users\Username\Documents\UiPath.



2. **Design** - create or launch sequences, flowcharts or state machine diagrams, access wizards, manage variables, and inspect user interface elements from third-party apps.

START	DESIGN	EXECUTE SETUP							
New Save	Run (F5)	Cut ← Undo Copy → Redo	Record	Screen Scraping	Web Scraping	User Events +	(x) Create Variable +	(x) Manage Variables →	Launch UiExplorer
File		Edit		Wiz	zards		Varia	bles	Selectors

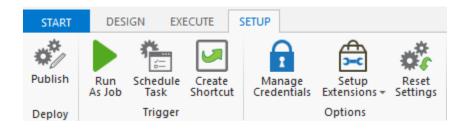
3. Execute - run or stop projects, start the debug process, slow down steps and open logs.



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4. **Setup** - publish a project or create a shortcut for it, schedule tasks, and install extensions with just one click.



The Quick Access Toolbar



The **Quick Access Toolbar** is located by default on the title bar, above the ribbon, yet you can easily move it bellow.

It provides shortcuts for the most used commands, and you can add new ones to it by rightclicking a desired button and selecting the **Add to Quick Access Toolbar** option.

The Workflow Designer Panels

UiPath contains multiple panels for an easier access to specific functionalities. They can be docked, act as floating windows, or the Auto-hide option can be enabled.

The Main Panel

🔤 Main 🗙			-
Main > Flowchart	> Input dialog	Expand All	Collapse All
"Hello,	t dialog world!" /our name"		
Variables Argum	ents Imports	A 100%	- <u>2</u>

The **Main** panel displays your current workflow or workflows, enables you to make changes to them, and provides quick access to variables, arguments and imports.

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It is possible to navigate within a workflow, by double-clicking the activity you want to view. The path is displayed as breadcrumbs in the header of the **Main** panel.

The Activities Panel

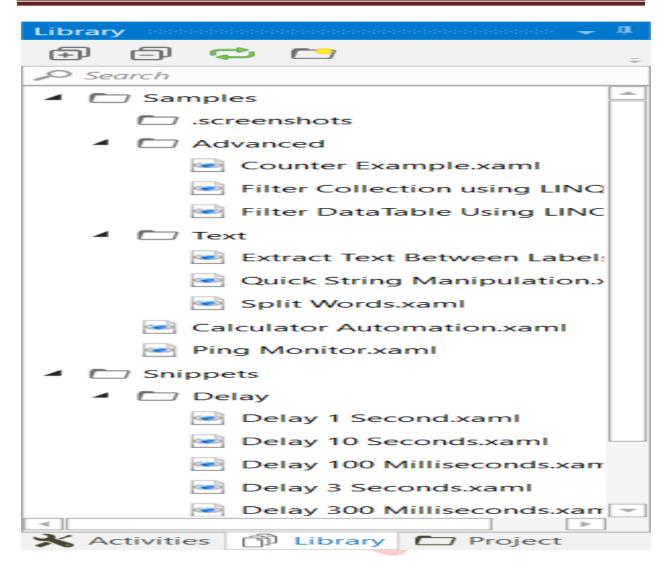
Activities	- C	2
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flow	×	_
Favorites	_	-
 Available 		
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Cor	ntrol Flow	
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	Cancellation Scope	
	Delay	
	Do While	
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	þþ Parallel	
	Parallel For Each With Body Factory	
	Pick	
	Pick Branch	
	Sequence	
	마릅 Switch	
	While	
	For Fach	Ŧ
Activities	🗇 Library 🗖 Project	

The **Activities** panel provides quick access to all available activities that can be dragged to the current workflow.

It features a search box, and the **Show Activities** list enables you to hide or show the **Favorites**, **Recent** and **Available** folders of activities.

The Manage Packages functionality enables you to install additional activity packages.

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The Library Panel

The **Library** panel enables you to easily reuse workflows. A search box is included to facilitate finding items faster.

It includes, by default, multiple samples and snippets, and you can add your own by clicking the **Add Folder** button and selecting a directory from your hard drive.

To remove a folder, right-click it and select **Remove**.

Note: If you add empty folders they are not going to be displayed.

The Project Panel

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Project 👻 🗖
🖾 🔚 🗢 🗲 🛅 🖕
C:\Users\MADa\Documents\UiPath\Hello
🔺 🛅 Hello
📄 Main.xaml
project.json
★ Activities 🗇 Library 🗖 Project

The **Project** panel enables you to view the contents of the current project and open the file location in a **Windows Explorer** window.

You can connect to a team project from the Team Foundation Server (TFS) and create a new project directly from this panel.

Version control is available through the context menu, and it is also possible to view the history of a selected file.

The Properties Panel

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Proper	ties 👓						
UiPath.Dialog.Activities.InputDialog							
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Con	nmon						
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Title	e			"Hello, w	orld!"		
🗆 Mis	c .						
Priv	ate						
🗆 Out	put						
Res	ult			The value	e insert		
E	operties	= Outline	4	Output			
			-				

The **Properties** panel is contextual and enables you to view and change the properties of a selected activity.

The properties can be sorted alphabetically, while the search box enables you to look for a specific one.

The Outline Panel

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Outline 👻 🗖
Search
✓ Main
▲ 品 Flowchart
Variables
▷ name
▲ StartNode
☐ Input dialog ▲ Nodes
Input dialog
Nodes
Properties Dutline - Output

The **Outline** panel displays the workflow hierarchy, all available variables and nodes, and includes a search box. This enables you to easily navigate large workflow.

You can highlight activities in this panel by selecting them in the **Main** panel, or you can go to a specific activity by selecting it in the **Outline** panel.

The Output Panel

Output 🛫 🏾
⊙ ▲0 □1 ①1 ①0 ×
Search
 07/05/2016 10:46:42 System.Runtime.InteropServices.COMException (0x800401E3): Operation unavailable (Exception from HRESULT: 0x800401E3 (MK_E_UNAVAILABLE)) at System.Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal.GetActiveObject(Guid& rclsid, IntPtr reserved, Object& ppunk) at
System.Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal.Ge tActiveObject(String progID) at UiPath.Excel.WorkbookApplicationctor (String workbookPath, String password, Boolean visible, Boolean createNew) © 07/05/2016 10:46:45 Generic Value execution ended in: 00:00:02
Properties 🔚 Outline 🚽 Output

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The **Output** panel enables you to display the output of the **Log Message** or **Write Line** activities, as well as the logs when the debug mode is activated.

The logs are more or less detailed, depending on the option you selected in the **Execute** tab, under **Options** > **Logging Level**.

You can hide or show timestamps, errors, warnings, information or trace data, by clicking the buttons in the panel's header. Additionally, the **Clear All** button erases all info displayed in the **Output** panel.

Double-clicking a message displays further details about it.

Keyboard Shortcuts

The complete list of keyboard shortcuts for UiPath Studio:

Ctrl + D - Ignores the activity that is currently selected by placing it into a Comment Out container.

Ctrl + E - Removes the activity from the Comment Out container it was placed in.

Ctrl + T - Places the activity inside the Try section of a Try Catch activity.

Ctrl + Shift + N - Creates a new Blank Project.

Ctrl + N - Creates a new Sequence Diagram in the current project.

Ctrl + O - Enables you to open a previously created workflow. Only .xaml files are supported.

F1 - Enables you to access a help topic associated with the currently selected element.

Ctrl + L - Opens the folder where the Log files are stored.

Shift + F9 - Removes all the breakpoints in the currently opened workflow.

Ctrl + S - Saves the currently opened workflow.

Ctrl + Shift + S - Saves all the workflows that are currently open.

F5 - Runs the workflow that is currently open.

F7 - Runs the currently opened workflow in debug mode.

F8-Checks the currently opened work flow for validation errors.

F9 - Marks the selected activity with a breakpoint.

F10 - When debugging, skips the execution of a block of activities in the currently selected workflow.

F11 - When debugging, enables you to step into a block of activities and executes the first one.

Pause - Pauses the execution of the current workflow, in both normal and debug mode.

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F12 - Stops the execution of the current workflow, in both normal and debug mode.

- Ctrl + C Copies the selected activity or activities to the clipboard.
- Alt + Ctrl + W Opens the Web Recording toolbar.
- Alt + Ctrl + B Opens the Basic Recording toolbar.
- Alt + Ctrl + C Opens the Citrix Recording toolbar.
- Alt + Ctrl + D Opens the Desktop Recording toolbar.
- Alt + Ctrl + F Sets the focus to the search box in the Activities Panel.
- Ctrl + P Opens the Manage Packages window.

RESOURCES Updating UiPath Studio

From the **Start** ribbon tab, under the **Help** tab, you can update your version of UiPath Studio, as well as see the version you are currently running on.



You can choose between a Stable or Beta version with the help of two radio buttons. However, note that you are required to restart the application for the change to take effect.

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When a new Studio version is available, be it Stable or Beta, an **Update Available** link is displayed. To update, do the following:

1. Click the **Update Available** link. A window is displayed with the new available update.

A new version of UiPath Studio Beta is available! A new version of UiPath Studio Beta is available (your version is 2016.2.6081.24784, new version is 2016.2.6092.26668). Would you like to update now?	
Release notes:	
Merge pull request #739 from UiPath/feature/ocr_retry	^
	Ť
Install	Cancel

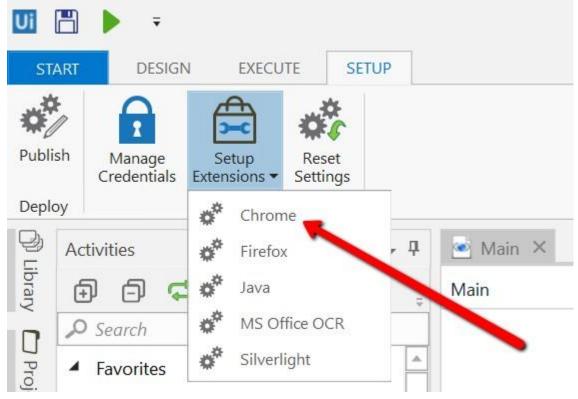
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- 2. Click the **Install** button. Note that the download has started.
- 3. After the download is complete, go through the installation wizard. Studio is restarted and the fixes and/or enhancements are available to you.

Installing the Chrome Extension for UiPath Studio

From UiPath Studio

1. In the **Setup** ribbon tab, from the **Setup Extensions** menu, select **Chrome**. The Chrome Web Store is opened in Google Chrome.



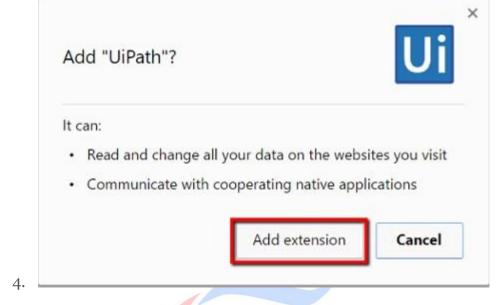
2. Click the **Add to Chrome** button. A confirmation dialog box is displayed.

G • neps.	/chrome.google.com/w	ebstore/detail/upath/dp	cpinghfponcp/kgihfiloptibhchil			4
chrome w		ath • vioatture • • [Destroet Tarts] •	2.76d same	+ ADD TO CHROME	5910	0
Trenes	OVERVIEW	REVIEWS	RELATED	Qui 1		
Apps Games	-			Compatible with your device		

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3. Click the **Add extension** button. The extension is now installed.



Please note that file access is disabled by default. To enable it:

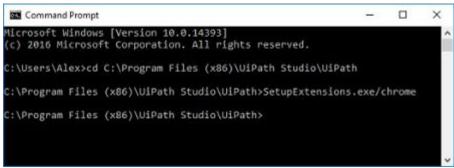
- 1. Click the **Side Navigation Bar** : > **Settings**. The **Settings** page is displayed.
- 2. In the Extensions tab, navigate to the UiPath extension.
- 3. Under the UiPath Extension, select the **Allow access to file URLs** check box.

111	UiPath 9.0.6100	🕑 Enabled	ô
	UiPath component for browser interaction		
	Details		
	Allow in incognito		

From the Command Prompt

- 1. Click the **Windows Start** button and type cmd in the search field.
- 2. Right click on **Command Prompt** and run it as administrator.
- 3. Change the directory to the **UiPath** installation folder (cd C:\Program Files (x86)\UiPath Studio\UiPath).
- 4. Run the SetupExtensions file by typing SetupExtensions.exe/chrome. The Chrome Web Store is opened in Google Chrome.

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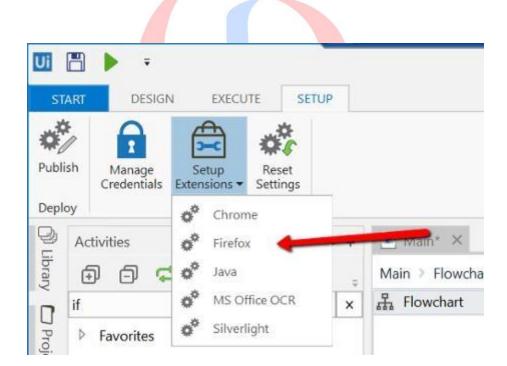
- 6. Click the **Add to Chrome** button. A confirmation dialog box is displayed.
- 7. Click the **Add extension** button. The extension is now installed.

Installing the Firefox Extension for UiPath Studio

From UiPath Studio

5.

1. In the **Setup** ribbon tab, from the **Setup Extensions** menu, select **Firefox**. A confirmation pop-up is displayed in Firefox.



2. Click the **Install** button. A confirmation dialog box is displayed. The extension is now installed.

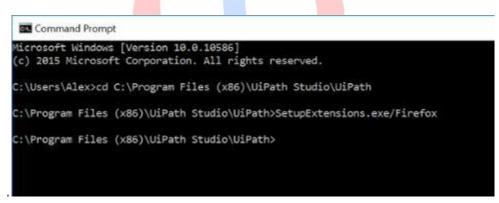
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< a) =	Search or ent	ter address		
	This site v UiPath Learn mo		tall an add-on in Firefox:	>
			Cancel	Install

From the Command Prompt

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- 1. Click the **Windows Start** button and type cmd in the search field.
- 2. Right click on **Command Prompt** and run it as administrator.
- 3. Change the directory to the **UiPath** installation folder (cd C:\Program Files (x86)\UiPath Studio\UiPath).
- 4. Run the SetupExtensions file by typing **SetupExtensions.exe/firefox**. A confirmation pop-up is displayed in Firefox



5. Click the **Install** button. A confirmation dialog box is displayed. The extension is now installed.

Connecting your Project to a Source Control System

The **Project** panel enables you to, among others, connect to a type of source control system, such as **TFS** or **SVN**. When you are connected to one of them, the **Connect Project to a**

Source Control button changes to TFS or SVN

Additionally, hovering over the **TFS** and/or **SVN** button displays the URL of the repository.

Note: You cannot connect to both TFS and SVN, in the same time.

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The supported versions of Team Foundation Server are:

- □ 2012
- □ 2013
- □ 2015
- \Box Express 2012
- \Box Express 2013
- □ Express 2015

Note: Due to Microsoft limitations, the 2015 and none of the Express TFS versions do not permit you to create new projects.

Connecting to TFS

1. On the **Project** panel, click **Connect Project to a Source Control** > **TFS** > **Connect to Team Project**. The **Connect to Team Foundation Server** window is displayed.

Connec	t to Team Foundation Server		?	\times
Select	a Team Foundation Server:			
		×	Servers.	
Team	Project Collections:	Team Projects:		
0	Select a Team Foundation Server to view Team Project Collections			
		Connect	Cancel	

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Click Servers The Add/Remove Team Foundation Server window is displayed 2.

۷.	Add/Remove			Team Toan			?	×
	Team Found	ation Server lis						
	Name	URL					Add	
	localhost	http://local	host:8080/tfs					_
							Remov	/e
							Close	•
0	Click the A	dd Tho Ad	d Toom	Foundation	Server wine	dow is	displa	vod
J.			on Server	Toundation	Server wind	?	×	
	Name or		am Found	ation Server:				
	localhos		ani rounu	ation server.				
	localitos							
	Connec	tion Deta	ils					
	Path:	t	fs					
	Port nu	mber: 8	080					
	Protoc	ol:	HTTP	○ HTTPS				
	110100	J. C		0				
	Preview:	http://lo	calhost:808	0 /+fc				7
	FIEVIEW.	Inttp://10	camost.ooc	0/115				
					OK	Ca	ncel	

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4. Fill in the details of your TFS and click **OK**. In the **Connect to Team Foundation Server** window, your team's collections and projects are available and the **Connect**

Project to a Source Control button is now changed to TFS

If the TFS server is online (e.g. https://<account>.visualstudio.com) UiPath Studio requests authentication with a Microsoft account. An Internet Explorer window is displayed for entering your credentials, regardless of what your default browser is.

Note: By default, on all Windows Server machines, this window is not displayed, as it requires JavaScript to run. This can be enabled from the Internet Explorer settings (Security tab > Custom Level > Enable Scripting).

Creating a New Team Project

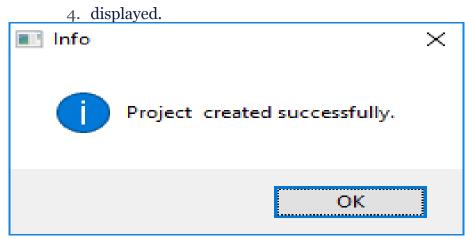
Team Project . The **Select a Team Project Collection** window is displayed.

2. In the **Select a Team Project Collection**window, select your server, one of your collections and click **Connect**. The **New Team Project** window is displayed.

Ui New Team Project	t	_		×
Project Name:				
Project Description:				
Process Template:	Scrum	Cancel	0	•

Note: Due to Microsoft limitations, the 2015 and none of the Express TFS versions do not permit you to create newprojects.

3. Fill in the **Project Name** and **Project Description** fields, select a **Process Template** and click **OK.** A confirmation message indicating the new project has been created is



5. Click **OK**. The new project that has been created is displayed in the **Projects** panel, and you are automatically connected to the project.

Connecting to SVN

1. On the Project panel, select Connect Project to a Source Control \checkmark > SVN > Connect to Project button. The Connect towindow is displayed

Ui Connect to		×
Repository URL		
Use Credentials		
	Ok	Cancel

2. Insert the **Repository URL** of your SVN server into the text field. Selecting the **Use Credentials**box will enable you to insert your account User and Password. Click Your project is now connected to SVN.

3. Enter the **Repository URL** of your SVN server and select the **Use Credentials** check box. The**User** and **Password** fields are displayed.

Fill in the user and password information, and click **OK**. You are now connected to SVN and the **Connect Project to a Source Control** button is now changed to **SVN**.

Context Menu Options



Once your project is connected to either TFS or SVN, right-clicking any file or folder in the **Project** panel opens a context menu that contains the following options:

Option	Description
Open	Opens the sele <mark>cte</mark> d .xaml file in the Main panel.
Rename	Enables you to rename the selected file or folder, and opens the Rename Item window.
Delete	Deletes the selected item.
Add	Uploads the selected item to the TFS/SVN server. This option is not available, if the item was previously uploaded to the server.
•	Downloads the latest version of the selected item from the TFS/SVN server.
Check Out for Edit	Marks the selected file or folder as locked for editing.
Check In	Displays the Check In Changes window and enables you to upload the selected item to the server as the newest version.
Undo	Displays the Undo Pending Changes window and enables you to Revert the changes done to the project.
Import Workflows	Imports .xaml files to the project. This option is only available when selecting a directory.

Enabling Tracing

By default, UiPath generates log files that track the activity of Studio and the Robots. These logs can be accessed from the **Execute** ribbon tab, by clicking the **Open Logs** button.

For complex issues, more details about your automation are needed. To gather them, tracing must be enabled.

In UiPath Studio, tracing generates an .etl file. It contains binary log data at the trace level, such as disk accesses or page faults, and is used to log high-frequency events while tracking the performance of an operating system. To enable tracing, do the following:

1. In the system tray, click the **UiPath Robot** button. The **UiPath Robot** window is opened.



2. Click Advanced > Settings. The Settings window is displayed. Click the Start Tracing button.

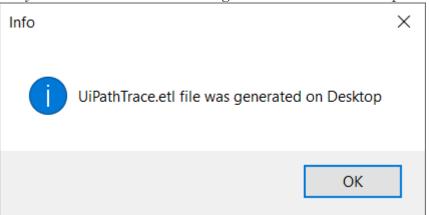
Ui Settings	;	×
Orchestrator Config	ration	
Machine Name	DESKTOP-PMFQGCB	
Robot Key		
Orchestrator URL		
Robot Logging		
Level	Information ~	
Low Level Tracing		
For troubleshooting	crashes and errors Start Tracing	
Reset	OK Cancel	

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- 3. Run the workflow that you want to trace.
- 4. In the **Settings** page, click the **Stop Tracing** button. A dialog box is displayed, informing you that an .etl file has been generated on the Desktop.



This type of file can be opened from the Event Viewer:

- 1. In Event Viewer, in the **Actions** panel, click **Open Saved Log**. The **Open Saved Log** window is displayed.
- 2. Browse for the trace log file generated and click Open. The file is displayed in the left panel, under **Saved Logs**.
- 3. Select the file. Note that the contents of the logs are displayed.

and pray can						
🛃 Event Viewer					-	×
File Action View Help						
🗢 🄿 🞽 📰 🚺						
🛃 Event Viewer (Local)	UiPathTrace-15b1qf0g Number	of events: 1			Actions	
> 📑 Custom Views	Level Date a	and Time Source	Event ID Task Category		UiPathTrace-15b1qf0g	
 Windows Logs Applications and Services Log 	Information 07-De	c-16 4:02:34 PM	0 None		👩 Open Saved Log	
Saved Logs					Create Custom View	
📙 UiPathTrace-v4ijygbj					Import Custom View	
UiPathTrace-5brht1v3					Filter Current Log	
Subscriptions					Properties	
	Event 0.			×	Find	
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	General Details				View	
	Friendly View O XML View	ew				
	- EventData				X Delete	
	BufferSize	8192		^	🛋 Rename	
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	TimerResolution		3		Save Selected Events	
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	BuffersWritten	1			P Help	•
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Creating a Basic Workflow

To create a basic workflow that asks for a user's name and then displays it on the screen, do the following:

1. On the **Start** tab, under the **New section**, click **Blank**. The **New Project** window is displayed.

Ui New Project	X
Ui	nk Project roject. A diagram is a graphical representation s process. Hello C:\Users\MAD\Documents\UiPath Blank Project
	Create

- 2. In the **Name** field, type the name of your project, such as Hello, and click **Create**. A new project is saved with the chosen name on the hard drive.
- 3. From the Activities panel, drag a Flowchart activity to the Main panel
- 4. Add an **Input Dialog** activity.
- 5. Right-click the activity and click **Set as Start Node**. The activity is connected to the **Start** node.

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Main			Expand All	Collap	se Al
류 Flowchart					2
					Ē
	•				
	Start				
1	+				
	Double-click to view				
L	Double cack to ken	-			- L

- 6. On the **Design** tab, select **Create Variable** > **Text** to create a string variable in which to store the user's name, called **name**, for example.
- 7. On the **Properties** panel, under the **Input** section, add a **Label** for the activity, such as "Type your name," and a **Title**, such as "Hello, world!.".

Note: In UiPath, all strings have to be placed between quotation marks.

8. Under the **Output** section, in the **Result** field, add the variable created at step 5.

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Properties	🛨 🖡		
UiPath.Dialog.Activities.InputDialo	og		
Search: Clear			
🗆 Common			
DisplayName	Input dialog		
🗆 Input			
IsPassword			
Label	"Type your nan		
Options	"Type your nan An array of opti "Hello, world!"		
Title	"Hello, world!"		
🗆 Misc			
Private			
Output			
Result	name		
Properties E Outline	Output		

- 9. Add a **Message Box** activity to the **Main** panel and connect it to the existing **Input Dialog** activity.
- 10. Make sure that the **Message Box** activity is selected. The **Properties** panel is updated accordingly.
- 11. Under the **Input** section, add a **Caption** such as "Hello," and in the **Text** field add a string and the previously created variable, such as "Hello"+name.

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Pro	perties			ц,			
UiPa	UiPath.Dialog.Activities.MessageBox						
	Search: Clear						
	ommon						
C	DisplayName	Message box					
🖃 Input							
E	Buttons	Ok					
0	Caption	"Hello"					
Ľ	ſext	"Hello"+name					
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F	Private						
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	Output						
•	ChosenButton	A string representing	the pr				
۶	Properties O	utline 🖊 Output					

12. The workflow should look as in the screenshot below.

Main		Expand All	Collapse All
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A Flowe	chart		
			E I
	Start		
	Start		
	* 		
	Input dialog		
	Double-click to view		
	*		
	Message box		
	Double-click to view		

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13. Click **Run** on the **Design** tab or press F5. The workflow is executed. The **Hello World** window is displayed, prompting you to input your name.

Ui Hello, world!		X
Type your name		
	ОК	

14. Type your name in the field and press **OK**. The **Hello** window with the name previously added is displayed.

Hello	
Hello	Bob
	ОК

However, this workflow has a small flaw because, when prompted to add your name, you can leave the field blank. This also causes the **Hello** window to be empty.

To fix this problem and other similar ones, it is good practice to validate fields. You can do this with the **Flow Decision** or **If** activities that enable you to verify if a certain condition was met.

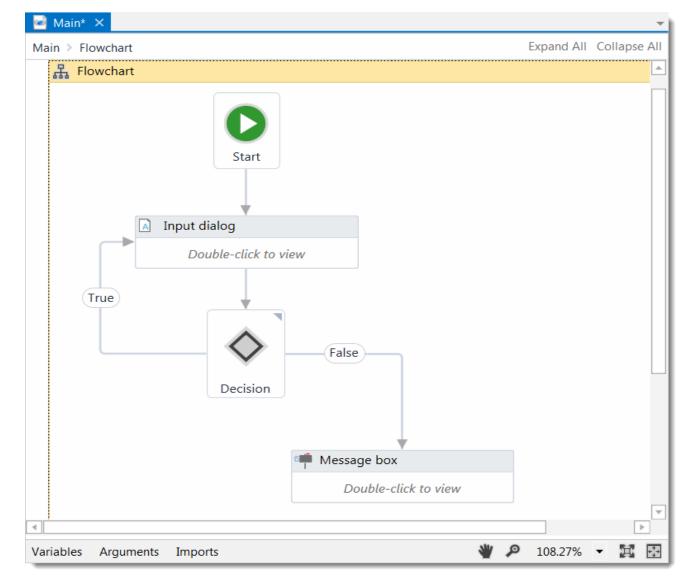
To solve the issue in the example workflow above, do the following:

1. Select the arrow between the **Input Dialog** and the **Message Box** activities and press Delete. The arrow is deleted.

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- 2. Add a Flow Decision activity between the Input Dialog and the Message Box activities.
- 3. Select the **Flow Decision** activity and, in the **Properties** panel, add a **Condition** to check if the variable name is empty, such as **name** = "".
- 4. Connect the **Input Dialog** activity to the **Flow Decision**. This means that after the user is prompted to add his or her name, the condition added at step 3 is going to be checked.
- 5. Connect the **True** branch of the **Flow Decision** activity to the **Input Dialog**. This means that if the name field is empty, the user is going to be prompted to type his name in the **Hello World** window until the field is filled in. You just created your first loop.
- 6. Connect the **Message Box** activity to the **False** branch of the **Flow Decision**. This means that if the name field is not empty, the **Hello window** can be displayed with the string added by the user.

The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.



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Introduction to Debugging a Workflow

Debugging is the process of identifying and removing errors from a given workflow. Coupled with logging and breakpoints, it becomes a powerful functionality that offers you information about your project and step-by-step highlighting, so that you can be sure it is error-free.

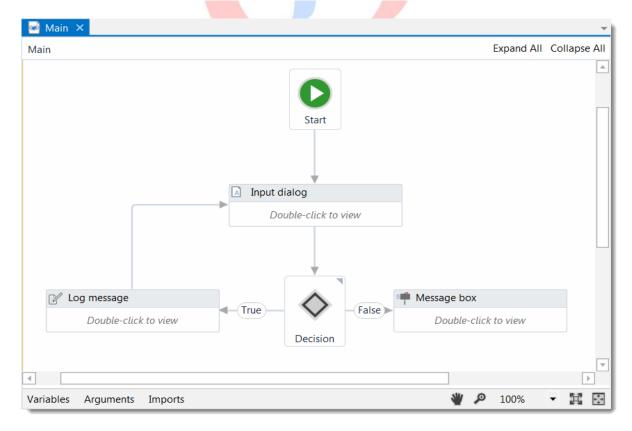
Logging enables you to display details about what is happening in your workflow in the **Output** panel. This in turn makes it easier for you to debug a workflow.

Breakpoints enable you to pause the execution of a workflow so that you can check its state at a given point.

Example of Debugging a Workflow

To debug the workflow designed in <u>Creating a Basic Workflow</u>, do the following:

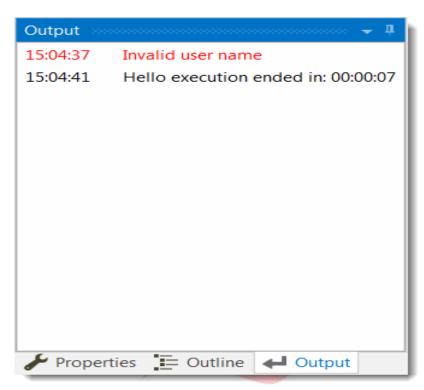
- 1. Select the **True** branch between the **Input Dialog** and **Flow Decision** activities, and press Delete. The **True** branch has been deleted.
- 2. Add a Log Message activity next to the Flow Decision.
- 3. Connect the **Log Message** activity to the **True** branch of the **Flow Decision** and to the **Input Dialog** activity. The workflow should look as in the following screenshot.



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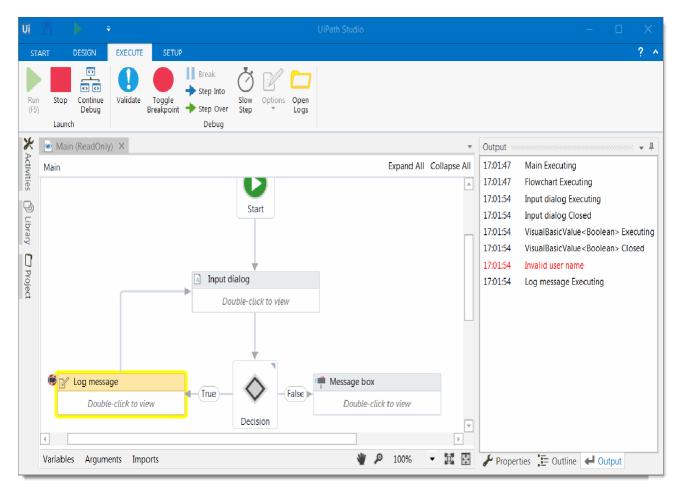
- 4. Select the Log Message. The Properties panel is updated accordingly.
- 5. From the **Level** list, select **Error**, and in the **Message** field type what error message to be returned, such as "Invalid user name." When you execute the workflow, the error message is displayed in the **Output** panel every time the user does not fill in the **Hello World window.**
- 6. Press F5 to execute the workflow and do not fill in the **Hello World** window the first time when you are prompted. The **Output** panel has logged the error message you added at step 5.



- On the Execute tab, in the Debug group, from the Optionsmenu, select Logging Level > Verbose. This means that the logs that are going to be displayed in the Output panel are going to be explicit.
- 8. Select the **Log Message** activity and, on the **Execute** tab, in the **Debug** group, click **Toggle Breakpoint**. Note that a small that a red dot with white stripes is displayed next to it. This signals that this activity has a breakpoint applied.

Ű	📝 Log mes	ssage
	Level	Error
	Message	"Invalid user name"

- 9. On the **Execute** tab, in the **Launch** group, click **Start Debug**. The debugging process starts and the **Hello World** window is displayed.
- 10. Do not fill in the field and click **OK**. The breakpoint has been triggered and, as a result, the workflow stopped. Note that, in the **Output** panel, the error and all steps covered until now have been logged, and the **Log Message** activity is highlighted.



11. On the **Execute** tab, in the **Launch** group, click **Stop**. An information dialog box is displayed, letting you know that the debugging process has been canceled.

Note: After a breakpoint has been triggered you can stop, go to the next step of the workflow or continue the debugging process by clicking **Stop**, **Step Over**, **Step Into** or**Continue Debug** on the **Execute** tab.

Managing Packages

The package manager functionality enables you to download activity packages, libraries, frameworks, wrappers and others, view the ones already installed on your computer and update them, as well as add and remove your own.

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These features are available through the **Manage Packages** window that you can open by clicking the **Manage Packages** button on the **Activities** panel.

Ui Manage Packages			X
▲ Installed	Search in Installed		Created by: UiPath
All	UI Automation Activities	Uninstall	Version: 2016.2.6155.24497
Available			Installed: 11/09/2016
▶ Update	 UiPath.Excel.Activities Execute Excel related operations using the Open Office XML format (XLSX) or Excel.Interop UiPath.Mail.Activities Retrieve and send mail using POP3, IMAP, SMTP and Exchange protocols 	Uninstall	Project: <u>View Project Information</u> Description: UI Automation Activities
✓ Filter Activities			
Auto Update			
☑ Include Prerelease		1	
Showing installed package	ges		

An activity package is a bundle of activities that can help you automate a certain application (UiPath.Excel.Activities, UiPath.Word.Activities) or a category of apps (UiPath.Mail.Activities, UiPath.Terminal.Activities), or use certain technologies in your workflows (UiPath.OCR.Activities, UiPath.FTP.Activities). Details about packages and libraries are displayed in the right panel of the **Manage Packages** window, as you can see in the screenshot above.

The Filter Activities check box enables you to view only activity packages.

To install activities packs, go to the **Available** category, and click the **Install** button next to the package that interests you. You are prompted to restart UiPath Studio so that you can start using the selected activities.

Note: An internet connection is required to download and install activities packs.

To uninstall activities, go to the **Installed** category, and click the **Uninstall** button next to the package that you no longer want to use.

Updating Packages

The **Manage Packages** button on the **Activities** panel displays an orange border when there are packages that need to be updated, as in the following screenshot.



All your activities can be automatically updated when a new version is available, by selecting the **Auto Update** check box, in the **Manage Packages** window.

If you want to manually update activities packages:

- 1. On the left side of the **Manage Packages** window, click the **Updates** category. The **Manage Packages** window displays all activities packages to be updated.
- 2. Click the **Update** button next to the package that interests you. The updated package is no longer displayed in this view.
- 3. Optionally, update all the packages at once by clicking the Update All button.

Marsape Packagen	Search in Updates	# Update All	×
Installed			
Available	UI Automation Activities	Update	
# Update		1	
Al			
Local	1		
Gallery			
Pitter Activities Auto Update Include Prevelesse			
E LENERAL CONTRACTOR		1	
Showing packages upda	rtes		

Adding Your Own Packages

1. In the **Manage Packages** window, in the left panel, right-click any category.

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installed			
44	INPath Core Activities re Sources Instion Activities	Univertail	
Available Update	UPath Database Activities SQL Activities Pack	Uningtall	
	UP ath Excel Activities Execute Excel related operations using the Open Office XML format (9550) or Excel/interop	Universal	
1	UPath.Mail.Activities Fathers and send mail using PCP3, IMAP, SMTP and Exchange protocols	Uninstall	
Filter Activities Auto Update			
Ridude Prereleane			

- 2. Select **Configure Sources** from the context menu. The **Package Source Settings** window is displayed.
- 3. Click the **Add** + button. A new blank package is added and an error message is displayed because the **Name** and **Source** fields are not filled in correctly.

. 1010111	ng warnings and/or errors were found (hover to view):	
Available	e package sources	+ - ^ ~
☑ Pa C:	ackageSource :\Users\win10vm2\Desktop\Activities	0
✓ Pa	ackageSource	0
Name:	PackageSource	

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- 4. In the **Name** field, type the name of the package.
- 5. In the **Source** field, type the local drive folder pathway, the shared network folder pathway or the NuGet feed URL of the package

	e package sources			+	-	^	`
I Pa C!	ckageSource \Users\USER-PC\De	esktop\Acti	vities				
Name:	PackageSource						

- 6. Click Apply. Your configuration is saved.
- 7. Click **OK**. The **Package Source Settings** window closes. Note that the **Name**is displayed in the **Manage Packages** window, as a new category.

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P Initaled	Search in Available		
Auslable Al PackageSource Gale	Coghto.Activities Windows Workflow Foundation activities.	Install	
2 Filter Activities			
Auto Update			
Include Prerelease		1	

Removing Your Packages

- 1. In the **Manage Packages** window, in the left panel, right-click any category.
- 2. Select **Configure Sources** from the context menu. The **Package Source Settings**window is displayed.
- 3. In the **Package Source Settings** window, select the package you wish to remove by clicking on it and press the **Remove** button.

	package sources		+	
C:	ckageSource \Users\win10vm2\Deskt	op\Activities		T
Name:	PackageSource			
Name: Source:	PackageSource C:\Users\win10vm2\De	esktop\Activities		

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4. Click **Apply**. Your configuration is saved.

Click **OK**. The **Package Source Settings** window closes. The package is removed from the **Manage Packages** window.

Types of Worflows:

Sequences

Sequences are the smallest type of workflow. They are suitable to linear processes as they enable you to go from one activity to another seamlessly, and act as a single block activity.

One of the key features of sequences is that they can be reused time and again, as a standalone workflow or as part of a state machine or flowchart.

For example, you can create a sequence to take information from a .pdf file and add it to a spreadsheet, and reuse it in a different setting, while changing just a few properties.

Note: Sequences do not use connectors.

Example of a Sequence

To create a sequence that asks the user for his first and last name, and his hair color, and then displays his answers, do the following:

1. Create a blank workflow and, on the **Design** tab, in the **File**group, select **New** > **Sequence**. The **New Diagram** window is displayed.

Note: You can also add a **Sequence** activity to the **Main** panel to create a new sequence.

- 2. In the **Name** field type a name for the workflow, such as "First Sequence," and click **Create**. The **Main** panel is updated accordingly.
- 3. Create three **String** variables such as **strFirstName**, **strLastName**, and **strHairColor**, so that you can store data from the user in them. Leave the **Default** field empty, to indicate that there is no default value.

Name	Variable type	Scope	Default
strFirstName	String	Sequence	
strLastName	String	Sequence	ш
strHairColor	String	Sequence	ни

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- 4. Drag three Input Dialog activities to the Main panel, one under the other.
- 5. Select the first **Input Dialog** and, in the **Properties** panel, add a **Label** asking for the first name of the user, and a custom **Title**.
- 6. In the **Result** field, add the strFirstName variable. This indicates that this variable is going to be updated with the value added by the user at this point.
- 7. Repeat steps 6 7 for the second and third **Input Dialog** activities to ask the user for his last name and hair color, and store them in the **strLastName** and **strHairColor** variables.
- 8. Add a **Message Box** activity under the third **Input Dialog**window.
- 9. Select the **Message Box** and, in the **Properties** panel, in the **Text** field, add the variables and a string to enable you to display all information gathered from the user, such as: strFirstName + " + strLastName + " has " + strHairColor + " hair.".

Note: Remember to add spaces between variables and within strings for an optimal output.

The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

🗃 Main 🗙	-
Main > Sequence Expand A	II Collapse All
t‡1 Sequence	
$\overline{}$	
Input dialog	~
"First question"	
"What is your first name?"	
$\overline{}$	
Input dialog	~
"Second question"	
"What is your last name?"	
$\overline{}$	
Input dialog	~
"Third Question"	
"What is your hair color?"	
Message box	~
strFirstName+ " " + strLastName + " has " + strHairCo	ole
Variables Arguments Imports 👋 🔑 100%	× 🕱 🖾

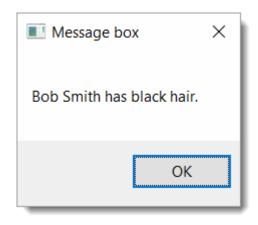
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10. On the **Design** tab, in the **File** group, click **Run**. The workflow is executed. The final output message should look as in the following screenshot.



Click here to download this example.

Flowcharts

Flowcharts can be used in a variety of settings, from large jobs to small projects that you can reuse in other workflows.

The most important aspect of flowcharts is that, unlike sequences, they present multiple branching logical operators, that enable you to create complex business processes and connect activities in multiple ways.

Example of a Flowchart

To exemplify the properties of a flowchart, we are going to build a guessing game that generates a random number from 1 to 999 that the user must guess. To create such a workflow, do the following:

Create a blank workflow and from the **Design** tab, in the **File**group, select **New** > **Flowchart**. The **New Diagram** window is displayed.

 $Note: {\tt You}\, {\tt can also add \, a \, Flow chart} activity to the {\tt Main \, panel \, to \, create \, a \, new flow chart} work flow.$

- 2. In the **Name** field type a name for the workflow, such as "First Flowchart," and click **Create**. The **Main** panel is updated accordingly.
- 3. Create two **Int32** variables (intRandomNumber, intGuessNumber) and a **String**one (strMessage).
- 4. Set the default value of the strMessage variable to "Guess a number from 1 to 999.0". The intRandomNumberstores a random number between 1 and

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999, intGuessNumber stores the user's guess, and strMessage stores the message that is going to be displayed to prompt the user.

Name	Variable type	Scope	Default
intRandomNumber	Int32	Main	Enter a VB expression
intGuessNumber	Int32	Main	Enter a VB expression
strMessage	String	Main	"Guess a number from 1 to 999."

- 5. Add an **Assign** activity to the **Main** panel, and connect it to the **Start** node.
- 6. In the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field add the intRandomNumber variable.
- 7. In the Value field, type new Random().Next(1,999).

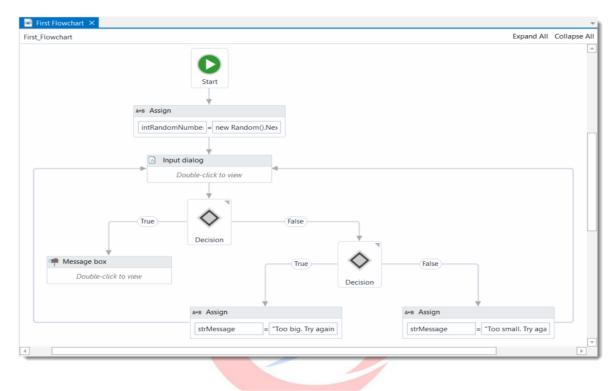
Note: This field uses the Random()function to generate a random number between 1 and 999.

- 8. Add an Input Dialog activity to the Main panel and connect it to the Assign one.
- 9. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Label** field, add the strMessage variable.
- 10. In the **Result** field, add the intGuessNumber variable. This activity asks and stores the user's guesses in the intGuessNumber variable.
- 11. Add a **Flow Decision** activity and connect it to the **Input Dialog**. This activity enables you to tell the user if he correctly guessed the number or not.
- 12. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Condition** field, type intGuessNumber = intRandomNumber. This enables you to verify if the number added by the user is the same as the randomly-generated one.
- 13. Add a **Message Box** activity and connect it to the **True** branch of the **Flow Decision**.
- 14. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Text** field, type "Congratulation! You guessed correctly! The number was " + intRandomNumber.ToString + ".". This is the message that is going to be displayed if the user correctly guessed the number.
- 15. Add a new **Flow Decision** activity and connect it to the **False**branch of the previously added **Flow Decision**.
- 16. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Condition** field, type **intGuessNumber** > **intRandomNumber**. This activity enables you to check if the number the user added is bigger than the randomly-generated one.
- 17. In the **DisplayName** field, type **Comparison**. This enables you to easily to tell the difference between the two **Flow Decisions**used.
- 18. Add an **Assign** activity and connect it to the **True** branch of the **Comparison** activity.
- 19. In the **To** field, type the **strMessage** variable, and in the **Value** field, type a message indicating that the guess was too high, such as "Too big. Try again.".
- **20.** Select the **Assign** activity and press Ctrl+C. The entire activity and its properties are copied to the Clipboard.
- 21. Press Ctr+V. A duplicate of the previous **Assign** activity is displayed.
- 22.Connect it to the **False** branch of the **Comparison** activity and, in the **Properties** panel, in the **Value** field, type "Too small. Try again.".

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23.Connect the **Assign** activities created at steps 18-22 to the **Input Dialog**. A loop is created, asking the user to type a smaller or bigger number, until he guesses correctly.



The final workflow should look as in the screenshot below.

State Machines

A state machine is a type of workflow that uses a finite number of states in its execution. It can go into a state when it is triggered by an activity, and it exits that state when another activity is triggered.

Another important aspect of state machines are transitions, as they also enable you to add conditions based on which to jump from one state to another. These are represented by arrows or branches between states.

There are two activities that are specific to state machines, namely **State** and **Final State**, and they are found under **Workflow** > **State Machine**.

Note: You can only create one initial state, yet it is possible to have more than one **Final State**.

The **State** activity contains three sections, **Entry**, **Exit** and **Transition(s)**, while the **Final State** only contains one section, **Entry**. Both of these activities can be expanded by double-clicking them, to view more information and edit them.

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The **Entry** and **Exit** sections enable you to add entry and exit triggers for the selected state, while the **Transition(s)** section displays all the transitions linked to the selected state.

) Entry	
MessageBox	*
"Congratulations. You guessed	correctly! The number w

 Guess No Entry 	
U Lindy	
InputDialog	*
"Guess the Number"	
"Add a number between 1 and 100."	
🕒 Exit	
Drop activity here	
S Transition(s)	
Try Smaller> Destination: Try Smaller Mss	3
ity smaller - Destination, ity smaller mase	
Correct Guess — Destination: FinalState	

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Transitions are expanded when you double-click them, just like the **State** activity. They contain three sections, **Trigger**, **Condition** and **Action**, that enable you to add a trigger for the next state, or add a condition under which an activity or sequence is to be executed.

Trig	: Guess Number ger		
	Drop Trigger activity here		
	Try Smaller Condition		*
	intlnitialGuess > intRandomNumber		1
	Action		
	 MessageBox "Your guess is too big. Try a smaller value." 	*	
	Destination: Guess Number		

Example of How to Use a State Machine

To exemplify how to use a state machine, we are going to build the guessing game we did in the previous chapter, only we will try to guess a number between 1 and 100.

1. Create a blank workflow and, on the **Design** tab, in the **File**group, select **New > State Machine**. The **New Diagram**window is displayed.

Note: You can also add a **State Machine** activity to the **Main** panel to create a new state machine workflow.

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- 2. Create two integer variables, intGuess and intRandomNumber. The first variables stores your guess, while the second stores the random number.
- 3. Add a **State** activity to the **Main** panel and connect it to the **Start** node. This is the intial state, and it is used to generate the random number.
- 4. Double-click the activity. This **State** activity is displayed explanded in the **Main** panel.
- 5. In the **Properties** panel, in the **DisplayName** field, type Initializing Random Number. This enables you to easily tell states apart.
- 6. In the **Entry** section, add an **Assign** activity.
- 7. In the **To** field, add the intRandomNumber variable.
- 8. In the **Value** field, type new Random().Next(1,100). This expression generates a random number.
- 9. Return to the main workflow view and add a new **State** activity.
- 10. Connect it to the previously added activity.
- 11. Double-click the last added **State** activity. This activity is displayed expanded in the **Main** panel.
- 12. In the **Properties** panel, in the **DisplayName** field, type Guess Number. This state is used to prompt the user to guess a number.
- 13. In the Entry section, add an Input Dialog activity.
- 14. Select the **Input Dialog**, and in the **Properties** panel, add an appropriate **Label** and **Title** to prompt the user to guess a number between 1 and 100.
- 15. In the **Result** field, add the intGuess variable. This variable stores the user's guess.
- 16. Return to the main workflow view and create a transition that points from the **Guess Number** state to itself.
- 17. Double-click the transition. The transition is displayed expanded in the **Main** panel.
- 18. In the **Properties** panel, in the **DisplayName** field, type Try Smaller. This message is displayed on the arrow, enabling you to run through your workflow easier.
- 19. In the **Condition** section, type intGuess > intRandomNumber. This verifies if the user's guess is bigger than the random number.
- 20. In the Action section, add a Message Box activity.
- 21. In the **Text** field, type something similar to "Your guess is too big. Try a smaller number." This message is displayed when the user's guess is bigger than the random number.
- 22.Return to the main workflow view and create a new transition that points from the **Guess Number**state to itself.
- 23. Double-click the transition. The transition is displayed expanded in the Main panel.
- 24. In the **Properties** panel, in the **DisplayName** field, type "Try Bigger.". This message is displayed on the arrow, enabling you to run through your workflow easier.
- 25. In the **Condition** section, type **intGuess** < **intRandomNumber**. This verifies if the guess is smaller than the random number.
- 26.In the Action section, add a Message Box activity.
- 27.In the **Text** field, type something similar to "Your guess is too small. Try a bigger number.". This message is displayed when the users guess is smaller than the random number.
- 28. Return to main workflow view and add a **Final State** activity to the **Main** panel. 29.Connect a transition from the **Guess Number** activity to the **Final State**.
- 30. In the **Properties** panel, in the **DisplayName** field, type Correct Guess.

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31. In the **Condition** field, type intGuess = intRandomNumber. This is the condition on which this workflow steps to the final state and end.

32. Double-click the **Final State** activity. It is displayed expanded in the **Main** panel.

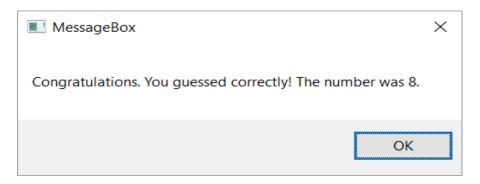
- 33. In the Entry section, add a Message Box activity.
- 34.In the **Text** field, type something similar to "Congratulations. You guessed correctly! The number was " + intRandomNumber.ToString + ".". This is the final message that is to be displayed, when the user correctly guesses the number.

The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

irst_State_Machine	Expand All Collapse A
6금 StateMachine	
Try Bigger	ess FinalState

35. Press F5. The workflow is executed correctly.

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3. Variables

Managing Variables

Managing Variables

In UiPath Studio, variables are used to store multiples type of data. Another key aspect of variables is that their value can change so that you can, for example, control how many times the body of a loop is executed.

The data stored within a variable is called a value, and it can be of multiple types. In UiPath, we support a large amount of types, ranging from generic value, text, number, data table, time and date, to UiElements.

Creating Variables

Note: Variables cannot be created if the Main panel does not contain at least one activity.

From the Design ribbon:

1. On the **Design** ribbon tab, in the **Variables** group, select **Create Variable > [Type of variable]**. The **Create Variable**window is displayed.

iable		?	\times
variable1			
0			
0			
Z			
	OK	Car	ncel
	0	variable1	variable1

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2. Fill in the required fields and click **OK**. The variable is created and you can view and edit it in the **Variables** panel.

From the context menu or with a keyboard shortcut:

Properties	🗘 🔶				
UiPath.Dialog.Activities.InputDialog					
€ 2↓ Search:	Clear				
□ Common					
DisplayName	Input dialog				
🗆 Input					
IsPassword					
Label	Label "Type a number. "				
Options	ions An array of options to cho				
Title	"Second Number"				
Misc					
Private					
Output					
Result	Create Variable	Ctrl+K			
	Insert Snippet	Ctrl+J			
	Show IntelliPrompt	Ctrl+Space			
Froperties E Outline Cutput					

- 1. In the **Properties** panel of any activity, right-click a field that can be edited, and select **Create Variable** from the context menu, or press Ctrl+K. A **Set Name** field is displayed.
- 2. Fill in the name and press Enter. The variable is created and you can view and edit it in the **Variables** panel. The scope of activities created like this always belongs to the smallest container it is part of.

Note: When creating variables like this, the type is automatically generated, depending on the selected property.

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From the Variables panel:

Name	Variable type	Scope	Default
intFirstNumber	Int32	Main	Enter a VB expression
intSecondNumber	Int32	Main	Enter a VB expression
Create Variable 🗨		1	
Variables: Argume			¥ P 100% ¥ 🕅

- 1. In the **Main** panel, click **Variables**. The **Variables** panel is displayed.
- 2. Click the **Create Variable** line. A new variable with the default values in displayed.

Note: By default, all new variables are of String type if you create them from the **Variables** panel.

Removing Variables

- □ In the **Variable** panel, right-click a variable and select the **Delete** option.
- □ In the **Variable** panel, select a variable and press the Delete key.

Note: If you want to undo this action, press Ctrl+Z.

You can also remove all the variables that are not used in your currently opened workflow:

1. On the **Design** ribbon tab, in the **Variables** group, select **Manage Variables** > **Remove Unreferenced**. Note that the **Variables** panel only contains the variables used in your workflow.

Browsing for .Net Variable Types

To search for types of variables that are not displayed by default in the **Variable Type** list, do the following:

1. In the **Variable** panel, from the **Variable Type** drop-down list, select **Browse for Types**. The **Browse and Select a .Net Type** window is displayed.

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owse and Sel	ect a .Net Type	?)
Type <u>N</u> ame:	excel		
A <reference< p=""></reference<>	ed assemblies>		1
▲ UiPath	Excel [1.0.0.0]		
▲ UiF	ath.Excel		
	ExcelException		
▲ UiPath	Excel.Activities [1.0.5970.7810]		
▲ UiF	ath.Excel.Activities		
	ExcelAppendRange		
	ExcelApplicationScope		
	ExcelDeleteColumn		
	ExcelFilterTable		
	ExcelGetTableRange		
	ExcellnsertColumn		
	ExcelInteropActivity <t></t>		
	ExcelReadCell		
	ExcelReadCellFormula		
	ExcelReadColumn		
	ExcelReadRange		
	ExcelReadRow		
	ExcelSelectRange		
	ExcelSortTable		
	EvcelWriteCell		_
		OK Ca	ncel

- 2. In the **Type Name** field, type a keyword for the variable you are looking for, such as excel. Note that the result section is updated, displaying all the .Net variable types that contain your keyword.
- 3. Select one and click **OK**. A new variable is created with the selected type and is displayed in the **Variables** panel.

Note: After using a type of variable from the **Browse and Select a .Net Type** window, it is displayed in the **Variable Type** drop-down list, in the **Variables** panel.

Promoting Variables to Global Scope

Some variables, when created directly in an activity (from the context menu of an activity), are automatically given the smallest scope they belong to. To make them available in your entire workflow, do the following:

- 1. Click the smallest container in aworkflow.
- On the Design ribbon tab, in the Variables group, select Manage Variables > Promote to Global Scope. All the variables used in the selected container now have a global scope.

Naming Best Practices

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When creating very large workflows, it can be very easy to forget what every variable does. That is why it is important to have a good naming system in place.

We recommend that you always use descriptive names, such as userName for a variable that stores the name of a user.

Additionally, you might want to keep track of the type of variable you create, and that is why adding a short descriptor in the front of each variable name can be useful, such as int for integers.

Finally, we recommend that you write variable names in <u>camel case</u>, so that you can read them easier.

Example of how to name your variables:

Variable Type	Variable Name	
Generic Value	genVariabl <mark>eNa</mark> me	
Text	strVariabl <mark>eNa</mark> me	
Number	intVariabl <mark>eNa</mark> me	
True or False	boolVaria <mark>bleN</mark> ame	
Date and Time	timVariableName	
Data Table	datVariableName	
	•	

The Variables Panel

The Variables panel enables you to create variables and make changes to them.

Field	Description
	Mandatory.
Name	The name of your variable. If you do not add a name to a variable, one is automatically generated. For more information on how to name your variables, see <u>Naming Best Practices</u> .
	Mandatory.
Variable Type	Enables you to choose the type of variable. The following options are available:
	 <u>Boolean</u> <u>Int32</u>
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- <u>String</u>
- Object
- <u>Generic Value</u>
- <u>Array of [T]</u>
- <u>Browse for Types</u>

Mandatory.

Scope The area in which a variable is available, such as a specific activity. By default, they are available in the entire workflow.

Optional.

Default The default value of the variable. If this field is empty, the variable does not have a default value.

<u>Types of Variable</u>s **Generic Value Variables**

The generic value variable is a type of variable with a wide range that can store any kind of data, including text, numbers, dates and arrays, and is particular to UiPath Studio.

Generic value variables are automatically converted to other types, in order to perform certain actions. However, it is important to use these types of variables carefully, as their conversion may not always be the correct one for your workflow.

Example of Using a Generic Value Variable

To demonstrate how a generic value variable can be converted and used, let's create a workflow that displays in the **Output** panel the sum of two numbers, using generic value variables with different types of values.

- 1. Create a flowchart.
- 2. Create three generic value variables, genNumber, genString and genSum.
- 3. In the **Default** column for the genNumber variable, type 2, and for the genString variable, type"2." The first value is interpreted as as integer, and the second one as a string.

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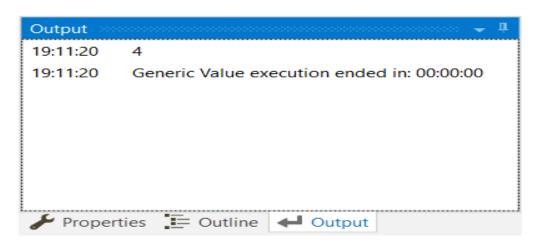
Name	Variable type	Scope	Default
genNumber	GenericValue	Flowchart	2
genString	GenericValue	Flowchart	"2"
genSum	GenericValue	Flowchart	Enter a VB expression
Create Variable			
Variables Arguments Imports			👋 🔎 100% 🔺 🕅 🛃

- 4. Add an **Assign** activity to the **Main** panel and connect it to the **Start** node.
- 5. In the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field, enter the **genSum**variable.
- 6. In the **Value**field, type genNumber+genString.
- 7. Add a Write Line activity and connect it to the Assign one.
- 8. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Text** field, enter the genSumvariable.

		D		
A*B Assig	n			
genSum	۱	= genN	umber + gen:	
R W	rite line	Ŧ		
Text	genSum			

9. Press F5 to execute your workflow. Note that, in the **Output**panel, the sum of the two numbers is displayed.

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This means that UiPath Studio knows that the genNumber is an integer and knows how to transform the generic value genStringvariable to an integer, so that it can add it to the first one.

However, keep in mind that this was our goal from the beginning. If we wanted to display the two variables in the **Output** panel as strings using this exact method, it would not have worked.

Text Variables

A text or string variable is a type of variable that can store only <u>strings</u>. These types of variables can be used, for example, to store names, passwords or information extracted from a table.

Note: All strings in UiPath Studio have to placed in between quotes.

Example of Using a Text Variable

To exemplify how you can work with text variables, we are going to create a workflow that asks for the user's name, stores it and displays only the first letter of his name in the **Output** panel.

- 1. Create a sequence.
- 2. Create two simple string variables, strFullName and strFirstLetter.

Name	Variable type	Scope	Default	
strFullName	String	Main	Enter a VB expression	
strFirstLetter	String	Main	Enter a VB expression	
Create Variable	L C C W			

3. Add an **Input Dialog** activity to the **Main** panel.

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- 4. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Label** field, type "Type your full name please.".
- 5. In the Titlefield, type "What is your name?".
- 6. In the **Result** field, add the **StrFullName** variable. This variable stores whatever the user writes when prompted with the **Input Dialog** activity.
- 7. Add an Assign activity under the Input Dialog one.
- 8. In the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field, add the strFirstLetter variable.
- 9. In the **Value** field, type strFullName.Substring(0,1). The strFirstLetter variable is assigned the new value created by the strFullName.Substring(0,1) expression.

Note: This field uses the **Substring()**function to find the first character from the string added by the user in the **Input Dialog**.

- 10. Add a Write Line activity under the Assign one.
- 11. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Text** field, enter the **strFirstLetter** variable. The **Output** panel is going to display the first letter of what the user wrote in the **Input Dialog**.

The workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

🛟 Main			
		\bigtriangledown	
🔺 Inpu	t dialog		^
inpu	it dialog		~
"What	is your name?"		
Type y	your full name pl	ease.	
		\bigtriangledown	
_		-	
A*	B Assign		
	strFirstLetter	= strFullName.Substr	
		\bigtriangledown	
	Write line		
	Witte fille		
	Text strFirstL	etter	
		\bigtriangledown	

- 12. Press F5. The What is your name window is displayed.
- 13. Type your name in the text field and click **OK**. In Uipath Studio, in the **Output** panel, note that the first letter of your name is displayed.

Output 📨	— Ф
18:00:47	N
18:00:47	Generic Value execution ended in: 00:00:33
Proper 🧨	rties 🔚 Outline 🖊 Output

True or False Variables

The true or false variable, also known as boolean, is a type of variable that only has two possible values, true or false. These variables enable you to make decisions, and thus have a better control over your flow.

Example of Using a True or False Variable

To exemplify how you can work with true or false variables, we are going to create a workflow that asks the user for his name and gender, and displays the results in another window.

- 1. Create a new workflow.
- 2. Create two string variables, strName and strGender. The first is going to be used to store the name of the user, and the second to store the user's gender.
- 3. Create a boolean variable, boolMale. This variable is used to verify if the user is a male.

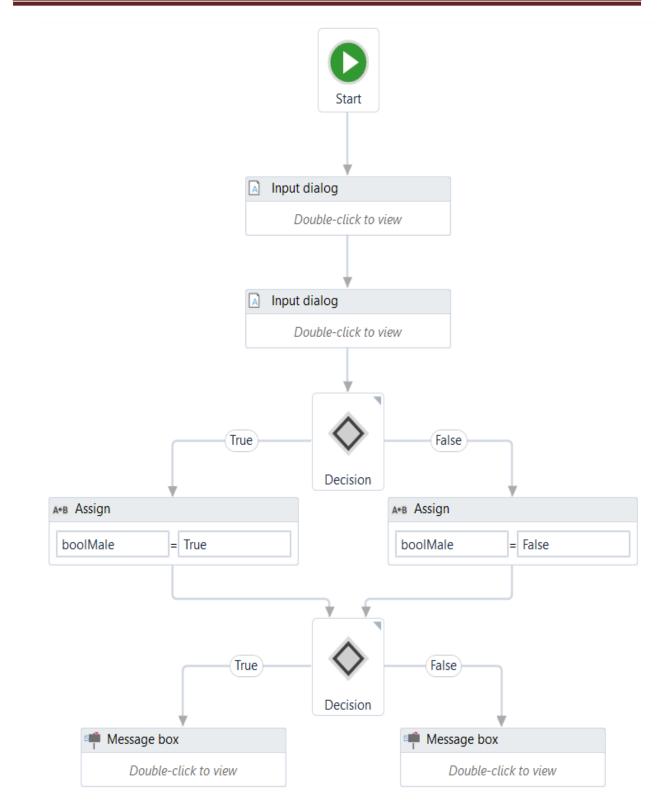
Name	Variable type	Scope	Default	
strName	String	Main	Enter a VB expression	
strGender	String	Main	Enter a VB expression	
boolMale	Boolean	Main	Enter a VB expression	

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- 4. Add an Input Dialog activity to the Main panel and connect it to the Start node.
- 5. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Label** field type "What is your name?".
- 6. Add a title and, in the **Result** field, add the strName variable.
- 7. Add another **Input Dialog** activity and connect it to the previous one.
- 8. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Label** field type "What is your gender?".
- 9. Add a title and, in the **Result** field, add the strGendervariable.
- 10. Add a **Flow Decision** activity to the **Main** panel, and connect it to the second **Input Dialog**.
- 11. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Condition** field, type strGender = "Male" or strGender = "male". This activity checks if the user is a male or female.
- 12. Add two Assign activities.
- 13. Connect one to the **True** branch of the **Flow Decision** activity.
- 14. In the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field enter the boolMale variable.
- 15. In the **Value** field, type **True**. This assigns the **True** value to the boolMale variable when the strGender = "Male" or strGender = "male" condition is met.
- 16. Connect the second **Assign** activity to the **False** branch of the **Flow Decision**.
- 17. In the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field, enter the boolMalevariable.
- 18. In the **Value** field, type **False**. This assigns the **False** value to the boolMale variable when the strGender = "Male" or strGender = "male" condition is not met.
- 19. Add a new **Flow Decision** and connect the previously added **Assign** activities to it.
- 20. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Condition** field, type **boolMale** = **True**.
- 21. Add a **Message Box** activity and connect it to the **True** branch of the **Flow Decision**.
- 22.In the **Properties** panel, in the **Text** field, type strName + " is a " + strGender + ".". This message displays the name of the user and its gender, if boolMale is true.
- **23.** Add another **Message Box** activity and connect it to the **False**branch of the **Flow Decision**.
- 24.In the **Properties** panel, in the **Text** field, type strName + " is a " + strGender + ".". This message displays the name of the user and its gender, if boolMale is false.

The final workflow should look like in the following screenshot.

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25. Press F5. The workflow is executed. Note that the final **Message Box** displays the message as expected.

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Number Variables

Number variables are also known as integer or Int32, and are used to store numeric information. They can be used to perform equations or comparisons, pass important data and many others.

Example of Using a Number Variable

To exemplify how you can work with number variables, we are going to create a workflow that asks the user for the year in which he or she is born and displays the age in a window.

- 1. Create a new sequence.
- 2. Create two Int32 variables, intBirthYear and intAge. The first stores the user's birth year and the second, the user's age.
- 3. Add an Input Dialog activity to the sequence.
- 4. In the **Properties** window, type an appropriate title and label.
- 5. In the **Result** field, add the intBirthYear variable.
- 6. Add an Assign activity under the Input Dialog.
- 7. In the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field, add the intAgevariable.
- 8. In the **Value** field, type**2016** intBirthYear. This assigns the value of the subtraction (2016 user's birth year) to the intAge variable.
- 9. Add a **Message Box** activity under the **Assign** one.
- 10. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Text** field, type "Congratulations! You are " + intAge.ToString +".".

Note: The .ToString method converts the integer stored in the intAge variable to a string and display it as such.

The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

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🛟 Main	
\bigtriangledown	
Input dialog	~
"Birth Year"	
"What year were you born in?"	
\bigtriangledown	
A•B Assign	
intAge = 2016 - intBirthYear	
\bigtriangledown	
Message box	~
"Congratulations! You are " + intAge.ToString +"."	
\bigtriangledown	

11. Press F5. The workflow is executed. Note that the **Message Box** displays your age, as expected.

Message box	\times
Congratulations! You are 26.	
ОК	

Array Variables

The array variable is a type of variable which enables you to store multiple values of the same type.

UiPath Studio supports as many types of arrays as it does types of variables. This means that you can create an array of numbers, one of strings, one of boolean values and so on.

Example of Using an Array Variable

To exemplify how you can work with array variables, we are going to create a workflow that asks the user for his first and last name and age, stores the information in an array and then writes it in a .txtfile.

- 1. Create a new sequence.
- 2. Create three string variables, strFirstName, strLastName and strAge, in which to store the information gathered from the user.
- 3. Create an array of strings variable called arrStringNameAge.

Name	Variable type	Scope	Default
arrStringNameAge	String[]	Main	Enter a VB expression
strFirstName	String	Main	Enter a VB expression
strLastName	String	Main	Enter a VB expression
strAge	String	Main	Enter a VB expression

- 4. Add an Input Dialog activity to the Main panel.
- 5. In the **Properties** panel, fill in the **Label** and **Title** fields to ask for the user's first name.
- 6. In the **Result** field, add the strFirstName variable. This variable stores the first name of the user.
- 7. Add another **Input Dialog** activity under the previous one.
- 8. In the **Properties** panel, fill in the **Label** and **Title** fields to ask for the user's last name.
- 9. In the **Result** field, type the strLastName variable. This variable is going to store the last name of the user.
- 10. Add another Input Dialog activity under the previous one.
- 11. In the **Properties** panel, fill in the **Label** and **Title** fields to ask for the user's age.
- 12. In the **Result** field, type the strAge variable. This variable is going to store the age of the user.

Note: We use a string variable and not an integer to store the age, so that we do not have to convert it later on, when we add it to the string array variable.

13. Add an **Assign** activity under the last **Input Dialog**.

14. In the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field, type the arrStringNameAge variable.

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- 15. In the **Value** field, type {strFirstName, strLastName, strAge}. This **Assign** activity enables you to store all the values from the initial string variables in the arrStringNameAge one.
- 16. Add a Write Text File activity under the Assign one.
- 17. In the **Properties** panel, in the **FileName** field, type the path of the file you want to write to between quote marks, such as "C:\Users\MADa\Desktop\array_variable.txt".

Note: If the file does not exist at the provided path, it is created.

18. In the **Text** field, type arrStringNameAge(0) + " " + arrStringNameAge(1) + " " + arrStringNameAge(2) + " ".

Note: By adding the index number of the array items you can access their values and write them, in this example, to a text file.

The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

	\bigtriangledown	
	nput dialog	~
"W	rite your first name"	
"Fir	st Name"	
	\bigtriangledown	
	nput dialog	1
"W	rite your last name"	
"La	st Name"	
	\sim	
	nput dialog	~
	rite your age"	
"Ac		
149		
	\bigtriangledown	
	A+B Assign	
	arrStringNameAge = {strFirstName,strLa	
	\bigtriangledown	
	Vrite text file	~
-	Users\MADa\Desktop\array_variable.txt"	
-) + "

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19. Press F5. The workflow is executed.

20. Navigate to the file provided at step 17 and double-click it. A **Notepad** window is displayed with the information you added at step 20.

🥘 array_variable 📃 🗆	\times
File Edit Format View Help	
Bob Smith 43	^
	\sim

Date and Time Variables

The date and time variable is a type of variable that enables you to store information about any date and time. This type of variable can be found in the **Browse and Select a .Net Type** window, under the System namespace (System.DateTime). For more information, see <u>Browsing for .Net Variable Types</u>.

For example, they can be used to append dates to invoices or any other documents you may be working with and are time-sensitive.

Example of Using a Date and Time Variable

To exemplify how you can work with a date and time variable, we are going to build a workflow that get the current date and time, subtracts a specified amount of time and writes the result to a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet.

- 1. Create a new sequence.
- 2. Create two DateTime variables, timToday and timLastTime.
- 3. Create a TimeSpan variable, called timSpan, and in the **Default** field type 1.02:10:04.

Note: The default value attributed to the timSpan variable uses the day.hh:mm:ssformat.

- 4. Add an **Assign** activity to the **Main** panel.
- 5. In the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field, add the **timToday**variable.
- 6. In the **Value** field, type **Now**. This gives you the date and time when the workflow is executed, in the dd/MM/yyyy and hh:mm:ss formats.
- 7. Add another **Assign** activity under the previous one.

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- 8. In the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field, add the **timLastTime** variable.
- 9. In the **Value** field, type timToday.Subtract(timSpan). This is going to subtract the default value of the timSpan variable from the current date and time, stored in the timToday variable.
- 10. Add an Excel Application Scope activity under the last Assign one.

Note: If you do not have Excel activities installed on your version of UiPath Studio, use the Manage Packages functionality to get them.

11. In the **Properties** panel, in the **WorkbookPath** field, type the path of the Excel file you want to write to, between quotation marks. In our case, "C:\Users\Username\Desktop\urgent_invoice.xlsx".

Note: If the file does not exist at the provided path, it is going to be created.

- 12. Add a Write Value activity in the Excel Application Scope activity.
- 13. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Range** field, type the coordinates of an Excel cell between quotation marks. In our case, "G8."
- 14. In the **Sheet Name** field, type the name of the sheet in which you want to write. In our case, "Invoice". Note that if the sheet does not exist, it is going to be created.
- 15. In the **Value** field, type timLastTime.ToString. This transforms the value of the timLastTime variable to a string and writes it to the coordinates previously given.

The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

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1 Main			
		\bigtriangledown	
	A*B Assign		
	timToday	= Now	
		\bigtriangledown	
	A*B Assign		
	timLastTime	= timToday.Subtract(
		\bigtriangledown	
Excel a	application scope		\$
"C:\Users	\MADa\Desktop\urgen	t_invoice.xlsx"	
4	Do		*
		\bigtriangledown	
	Write Value		*
	"Invoice"	"G8"	
	timLastTime.ToString		
		\bigtriangledown	
		\bigtriangledown	
		~	

- 16. Press F5. The workflow is executed.
- 17. Navigate to your Excel file and double-click it. Note that the time and date information is displayed in the cell you pointed towards.

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File	Home	Insert	Page Layout	Formulas	Data	Review	View	Foxit PDF	♀ Tell me	∕2 ₊ Sha	are
Paste	• B I	chet M: ▼ <u>U</u> ▼ Font	AÎAÎ ≡ ₹		Date \$ - % €.0 .00 .00 ⇒.0 Number	• ∰F	ormat as cell Styles		Cells Editin	g	^
G8	•	×	$\checkmark f_x$	08-06-201	5:08:29	PM					۷
A A	В		С	D	E	F			G	Н	-
3 4 5 6 7	74 Lincoln	or Tech Green Lau oke, PA 19 7890	ne			Invoice Urgent					
8	Bill to:					Invoice Da	ite:	08-06-	2016 5:08:29 P	м	
9	74 Lincoln	Green La	ne			Invoice #:			12345	6	
10		oke, PA 19	402			CC		POC00			
11 12 13	(123) 456-	/890				AC Analysis C		SJ301 221			
14	Descri	ption							Amoun	t	
16	Service A	ppointme	nt						\$14 7 .0	00	
17 18	Parts and	l Labor							Ş72.5	i0	
19						9	Subtotal		\$219.5	i0	
20						т	ax Rate		5.02	%	
21 23					Тс	tal c	Tax ue		\$11.0)2	
24	Inco		<u></u>						\$230.52		
Edit 🔠	Invo	ice	+			:					• 0%

Data Table Variables

Data table variables represent a type of variable that can store big pieces of information, and act as a database or a simple spreadsheet with rows and columns. They can be found in the **Browse and Select a .Net Type** window, under the System.Data namespace (System.Data.DataTable). For more information, see <u>Browsing for .Net Variable Types</u>.

These variables can be useful to migrate specific data from a database to another, extract information from a website and store it locally in a spreadsheet and many others.

Example of Using Data Table Variables

To exemplify how you can use data table variables, we are going to create a workflow that reads only two out of multiple columns from an Excel spreadsheet, and then transfers them to another spreadsheet that already contains other information.

The initial file is a database of people, their age, location and e-mail address. In this example, we are going to extract their names and e-mail addresses and append them to an Excel spreadsheet that already contains similar information.

- 1. Create a new sequence.
- 2. Add an **Excel Application Scope** activity to the sequence. This activity is required for most of the Excel-related activities.

Note: If you do not have Excel activities installed on your version of UiPath Studio, use the <u>Manage Packages</u> functionality to get them.

- 3. Create two data table variables, **datNamesList** and **DatMailList**. These are going to be used to store information from the initial Excel spreadsheet.
- 4. In the **Properties** panel, in the **WorkbookPath** field, type the path of the initial Excel file to be used, between quotation marks.
- 5. Add two **Read Range** activities and place them one under the other, in the **Excel Application Scope** activity. These are used to get information from the initial spreadsheet.
- 6. Select the first **Read Range** activity and, in the **Properties** panel, in the **Range** field, type "A2:A21.". These are the Excel table coordinates that tell UiPath Studio from where to extract information.
- 7. In the **SheetName** field, do not make any changes as the name of our sheet is the default one, Sheet1.
- 8. In the **DataTable** field, type the name of the first data table variable, **datNamesList**. This variable stores all the information available between the A2 and A21 rows.
- 9. (**Optional**) Change the value in **DisplayName** field to Read Names, so you can easily tell apart this activity from the second one.
- 10. Select the second **Read Range** activity, and in the **Properties** panel, in the **Range** field, type "D2:D21." These are the Excel table coordinates that contain the e-mail information we want to extract.
- 11. In the **DataTable** field, specify the **datMailList** variable. This variable retains all the mail information we require.
- 12. Add a **Write Range** activity to the **Main** panel, under the **Excel Application Scope**. This activity is used to write the stored information to another Excel file.

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Note: The file used with the **Write Range** activity has to be closed when you run the workflow. If it is not closed, an error is displayed and the workflow execution stops.

- 13. In the **Properties** panel, in the **WorkbookPath** field, type the path of the Excel file to be used to store all the information gathered at the previous steps.
- 14. In the **DataTable** field, type the **datNamesList** variable.
- 15. In the **SheetName** field type Database, and in the **StartingCell**, type "C21." This is the starting cell in which information from the initial file is to be added.
- 16. Add another **Write Range** activity and place it under the first one.
- 17. In the **Properties** panel, fill in the **WorkbookPath** and **SheetName** fields as for the previous **Write Range** activity.
- 18. In the Starting Cell field, type "D21."
- 19. In the **DataTable** field, type the **datMailList** variable.

	\bigtriangledown		
Excel application so	ope		
C:\Users\MADa\Des	ktop\Database.xlsx		
🔹 Sequence			\$
	\bigtriangledown		
Do			*
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Read Nan			~
"Sheet1"		"A2:A3	21*
	$\overline{\nabla}$		_
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Write ran	ge		~
"C:\Users\M	ADa\Desktop\mail&name.xlsx"		
"Database"		"C21"	
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Write ran			~
	ADa\Desktop\mail&name.xlsx"		
"Database"		"D21"	
datMailList			

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- 20. Press F5. The workflow is executed.
- 21. Double-click the final Excel file. Note that the copied information is available, and correctly updated.

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4		-	Accarthy				.Toft@gr					
5		Ginge	er Cobb				xyz.org					
6		Shari	Young					prodoc.com				
7		Guad	alupe Allison			lola	maglion	e@rtf.fr				
8		Jean	Santiago			Isaurak@writewrite.com						
9		Ower	n Morris			Jeffie.Drinkwater@cumpana.ro						
10		Winst	ton Little			Kneer@nike.com						
11		Betha	any Bass			Lyn۱	vood.rav	elo@kraft.c	com			
12		Joshu	ıa Mendez			Mac	lonna.Va	negas@ms	dn.com			
13		Isaac S	pencer			Mar	ie.Lauter	bach@outl	ook.com			
14		Joan Si	ngleton			Myra.Duhe@dukes.dk						
15		Cassan	dra Richardsor	n		Rene.Slama@rodie.com						
16		Josefin	a Massey			Robt.Urbano@canamie.com						
17		Charles	s Greene			Shirl.Eacret@vrbl.com						
18		Luke C	urtis			Sop	nieAroch	a@hoff.cz				
19		Brett B	arber			StefaniNeptune@inditex.com						
20		Marcel	la Chandler			Tom	Pr@sma	rk.com				
21		👎 Bruc	e Cusumano			Bruce.cusumano@gmail.com						
22		Ciara Rance		Ciara.rance@yahoo.com								
23		Dan	Toft			Dan.Toft@gmail.com				_		
24		Frances Hays fh@xyz.org					_					
25		Hose	ea Toro					rodoc.com				
26		Iola	Maglione			lola	maglion	e@rtf.fr				
	Data	base	+			•						•
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Managing Arguments

Arguments are used to pass data from a workflow to another. In a global sense, they resemble variables, as they store data dynamically and pass it on. Variables pass it to other activities, while arguments pass it to other workflows. As a result, they enable you to reuse workflows time and again.

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UiPath Studio supports a large number of types of arguments, which coincide with the types of variables. Therefore, you can create generic value, string, boolean, object, array, data table arguments and you can also browse for .Net types, just as you do for variables.

Additionally, arguments have specific directions (**In**, **Out**, **In**/**Out**, **Property**) that tell the application where the information stored in them is supposed to go.

Creating Arguments

To create a new argument:

1. In the Main panel, click Arguments. The Arguments panel is displayed.

Name	Direction	Argument type	Default value	2	
argument1	In	String	Enter a VB ex	pression	
Create Argument					
create Argument					

2. Click the **Create Argument** line. A new argument with the default values is displayed.

Note: By default, all arguments are of type **String** and have an **In** direction.

Removing Arguments

To remove an argument:

- □ In the **Arguments** panel, select an argument and press Delete.
- □ In the **Arguemtns** panel, right-click an argument and select the **Delete** option.

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Name	Direction	Argument type	Default value
StoreValue	Out	String	Default value not supported
Create Argument	X Delete		
	Add Annotation		
	Edit Annotation		
	Delete Annotation		
Variables Arguments Imports			👋 🔎 100% 🔻 🐹 🛃
vanabies Arguments Imports			100%

Naming Best Practices

To easily reuse workflows, it is important to have a good naming system in place for your arguments.

We recommend that you always use descriptive names, such as UserName for an argument that stores the name of a user.

Additionally, you might find it useful to use <u>title case</u> for all your arguments, so that you can read their names with ease and tell them apart from variables.

The Arguments Panel

The **Arguments** panel enables you to create arguments and make changes to them.

Field	Description
	Mandatory.
Name	The name of your argument. If you do not add a name to an argument, one is automatically generated. For more information on how to name your arguments, see <u>Naming Best Practices</u> .
Direction	Mandatory.

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	Select a direction for your argument. The following options are available:
	 In - the argument can only be used within the given workflow. Out - the argument can be used to pass data outside of a given workflow. In/Out - the argument can be used both within or outside of a given workflow. Property - not currently used.
	Mandatory.
	Choose the value type you want your argument to store. The following options are available:
Argument Type	 String Int32 Object Array of [T] Browse for Types
	If you select a .Net type from the Browse and Select a .Net Type window, it is added to the Argument Type drop-down list.
	Optional.
Default Value	The default value of the argument. If this field is empty, the variable does not have a default value.

Using Arguments

Due to the nature of arguments, you are going to use them a lot in relation with the **Invoke Workflow File** and **Launch Workflow Interactive** activities. They can be found in the **Activities** panel, under **Workflow > Invoke** and they enable you to browse for a workflow, and import and edit their arguments.

Example of Using an Argument

To exemplify how to use an argument in a workflow with an **Invoke Workflow File** activity, we are going to create two separate sequences. A very simple one in which to assign a value to an argument, and a second that invokes it and displays the value in a message box.

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- 1. Create a new sequence.
- 2. In the Arguments panel, create an argument, StoreValue.
- 3. From the **Direction** list, select **Out**, and do not change the **Argument Type** from **String**.
- 4. Add an **Assign** activity to the **Main** panel.
- 5. In the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field, add the **StoreValue** argument.
- 6. In the Value field, type a string, such as "How does one use an argument?".

The first workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

📫 Main	
	\bigtriangledown
A+B Assign	
StoreValue	= "How does one use
	\bigtriangledown
_	

- 7. Create a new sequence.
- 8. Create a string variable, strFinalValue.
- 9. Add an Invoke Workflow File activity to the Main panel.
- 10. On the activity, click the Browse (...) button and browse for the previously created sequence.
- **11.** Click **Import Arguments**. The **Invoked Workflow's Arguments** window is displayed. Note that the argument of the first sequence is displayed here.
- 12. In the **Value** field, add the strFinalValue variable and click **Ok**. The argument is imported and the value from it is going to be stored in the current workflow through the strFinalValue variable.
- 13. Add a **Message Box** activity under the **Invoke Workflow File**.
- 14. In the **Properties** panel, in the **Text** field, type strFinalValue + " This is how", for example.

The second workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

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	\bigtriangledown	
Invoke workflow	file	1
"Argument 1.xaml"		
Edit Arguments	Import Arguments	
	\bigtriangledown	
📫 Message box		\$
strFinalValue + " Thi	is is how."	

15. Press F5 in the second sequence. The workflow is executed correctly and the message box displays the desired text.

Message box	×
How does one use an ar	raument? This is how.

6.Imported Namespaces

About Imported Namespaces

VB.Net namespaces in UiPath Studio represent containers that store different types of data. They enable you to define the scope of your expressions, variables and arguments.

For example, if you have the System.Datanamespace imported, you can further use DataTable, DataView, DataColumn, DataRow and other classes that are available in it, without having to always type System.Data.DataTable and so on.

All imported namespaces are displayed in the **Imports** panel. Note that some namespaces are automatically imported when you browse for a .Net type variable or argument, for example.

To open this panel, click **Imports** in the **Main** panel.

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💽 Object 🛛 💽 Text Variable	e ×.					Ŧ
Text_Variable			Ex	pand All	Collaps	e All
	I input dialog					
	"What is your name?"					
	"Type your full name please."					
	\bigtriangledown					Π
	A*B Assign					
	strFirstLetter = strFullName.Substr					
	\bigtriangledown					
	Write line					¥
Enter or Select namespace						•
Imported namespaces						T
Microsoft.VisualBasic						-
Microsoft.VisualBasic.Activities						
System						
System.Activities						
System.Activities.Expressions			1	-		
System.Activities.Statements						
System.Activities.Validation						
System.Activities.XamlIntegration						
System.Collections						
System.Collections.Generic						
System.Configuration						
System.Data						T
Variables Arguments Impor	ts	*	ø	100%	- 1	

About Imported Namespaces

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All imported namespaces are displayed in the **Imports** panel. Note that some namespaces are automatically imported when you browse for a .Net type variable or argument, for example.

To open this panel, click **Imports** in the **Main** panel.

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💽 Object 🛛 💽 Text Variable	×	Ŧ
Text_Variable		Expand All Collapse All
	in input dialog	
	"What is your name?"	
	"Type your full name please."	
	\bigtriangledown	Π
	₄∗в Assign	
	strFirstLetter = strFullName.Substr	
	\bigtriangledown	
	Write line	
Enter or Select namespace		•
Imported namespaces		
Microsoft.VisualBasic		*
Microsoft.VisualBasic.Activities		
System		1.12
System.Activities		
System.Activities.Expressions		
System.Activities.Statements		
System.Activities.Validation		
System.Activities.XamlIntegration		
System.Collections		
System.Collections.Generic		
System.Configuration		
System.Data		
Variables Arguments Imports		¥ 🔎 100% 🗠 🐹 🖾

Namespaces

To add new namespaces to your library:

- 1. Open the **Imports** panel.
- 2. In the **Enter or Select namespace** field, start typing the namespace that interest you. Note that suggestions are provided while you type, in case you are not exactly sure what you are looking for.

system.con						•
System.Configuration						
System.Configuration.Assemblies						
System.Configuration.Install						
System.Configuration.Internal						
System.Configuration.Provider						
System.Net.Mail						Г
System.Windows.Markup						-
System.Xml						
System.Xml.Ling						
UiPath.Core						
UiPath.Framework.Activities						-
Variables Arguments Imports	*	ø	100%	×	Ħ	*

- 3. (**Optional**) Click the drop-down arrow to view and browse all available namespaces.
- 4. Select the desired namespace. The namespace is added to the **Imported Namespaces** list.

To remove a namespace, select it and press Delete. Note that namespaces can only be deleted if they are invalid. For example, you can delete a namespace if the assembly that contains it is no longer referenced by the project.

About Control Flow

An important aspect of successfully working with UiPath Studio is understanding and knowing how to control your workflow. As in computer science, in UiPath this concept is referred to as control flow.

A proper control flow can be achieved through the intelligent use of variables, and of certain activities.

All of these activities can be found in the **Activities** panel, under **Workflow > Control Flow**.

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Activities	ф.
	-
Search	
Programming	L
 Workflow 	
Control Flow	
A+B Assign	
Cancellation Scope	
C Delay	
Do While	
ថ្លីថ្ If	
DD Parallel	
Parallel For Each With Body Factory	
₽₽ Pick	
📩 Pick Branch	
🔛 Sequence	
■畳 Switch	
记 While	
For Each	
T Break	
Flowchart	-
🗙 Activities 👘 Library 🗂 Project	

They enable you to define rules and automate decisions for a given workflow, through if...else or for each statements or loops, as well as add delays so that you can perfectly time two activities.

Loops represent an important part of workflows as they enable you to easily check dependencies between variables, activities and conditions. They are created once and enable you to iterate data a specified number of times, until a condition is met, once for each item in a collection or indefinitely.

The Assign Activity

The **Assign** activity is a pretty important activity that is going to be used quite often, as it enables you to assign a value to a variable.

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A+B Assign	
strFirstLetter	= strFullName.Substr

You can use an **Assign** activity to increment the value of a variable in a loop (see the example in the <u>Do While Activity</u> chapter), sum up the value of two or more variables and assign the result to another variable (see the example in the <u>Generic Value</u> <u>Variables</u> chapter), assign values to an array (see the <u>Array Variables</u> chapter) and so on.

By default, this activity is also included in the **Favorites** group. To remove it, right-click it and select **Remove**.

The Delay Activity

The **Delay** activity enables you to pause the workflow for a custom period of time (in the hh:mm:ss format). This activity proves itself quite useful in workflows that require good timing, such as waiting for a specific application to start or waiting for some information to be processed so that you can use it in another activity.

Example of Using the Delay Activity

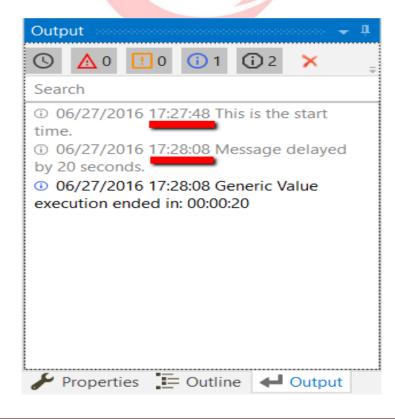
To exemplify how you can use the **Delay** activity, lets create a workflow that writes two messages to the **Output** panel, with a delay of 20 seconds between them.

- 1. Create a new flowchart.
- 2. Add a Write Line activity and connect it to the Start node.
- 3. Select the activity, and in the Text field, type "This is the start time.".
- 4. Add a **Delay** activity and connect it to the previously added activity.
- 5. Select the activity, and in the **Properties** panel, in the **Duration** field, type 00:00:20. This is the 20 seconds delay that is going to be between the two logged messages.
- 6. Add another Write Line activity and connect it to the workflow.
- 7. In the **Text** field, type "Message delayed by 20 seconds.".

The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

_	Start
🐼 Write	line
Text "T	his is the start time."
🕒 Dela	у
🐼 Write	line
Text "N	lessage delayed by 20 secc

8. Press F5. The workflow is executed. Note that, in the **Output**panel, the two messages added in the Write Line activities are written twenty seconds apart.



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The Do While Activity

The **Do While** activity enables you to execute a specified part of your workflow while a condition is met. When the specified condition is no longer met, the workflow exists the loop.

This type of activity can be useful to step through all the elements of an array, or execute a particular activity multiple times. You can increment counters to browse through array indices or step through a list of items.

 $Note: Do While {\it activities} are evaluated only after the body has been executed once.$

Example of Using a Do While Activity

To exemplify how to use a **Do While** activity, let's create a workflow that increments an integer variable from 0 to 10, and displays a message every time it is incremented.

- 1. Create a new sequence.
- 2. Create an integer variable, intCounter, with a default value of 0.
- 3. Add a **Do While** activity to the **Main** panel.
- 4. Select the **Assign** activity, and in the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field, add the intCounter variable.
- 5. In the **Value** field, type intCounter + 1. This helps you increment the value of the variable with one.
- 6. Add a **Write Line** activity, under the **Assign** one.
- 7. In the **Text** field, type "**The counter is**" + int**Counter.ToString**. This writes the value of the counter in the **Output** panel each time it is incremented.
- 8. In the **Condition** section of the **Do While** activity, type intCounter < 10. The body of the **Do While** activity is repeated until the value of the intCounter variable is bigger than 10.

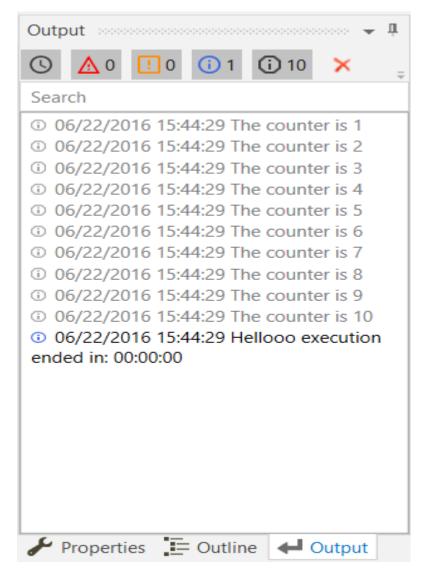
The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

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Main		
	\bigtriangledown	
Do while		~
Body		
	🖏 Sequence 😞	
	\bigtriangledown	
	A+B Assign	
	intCounter = intCounter + 1	
	🐺 Write line	
	Text "The counter is " + intCounter	
	~	
Condition		
intCounter < 10		
	\bigtriangledown	

9. Press F5. The workflow is executed. Note that the **Output** panel displays the message indicated in the **Write Line** activity.

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The If Activity

The **If** activity contains a statement and two conditions. The first condition (the activity in the **Then** section) is executed if the statement is true, while the second one (the activity in the **Else** section) is executed if the statement is false.

If activities can be useful to make decisions based on the value of variables.

Note: The **If** activity is almost identical to the **Flow Decision** one. However, the latter can only be used in flowcharts.

Example of Using an If Activity

To exemplify how you can use the **If** activity, let's create a workflow that asks the user for two numbers, checks to see if one is divisible by the other, and depending on the result, displays a different message in the **Output** panel.

1. Create a new sequence.

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- 3. Add two Input Dialog activities to the Main panel.
- 4. In the **Properties** panel, type labels and titles for both activities and, in the **Result** fields, add the intFirstNumber and intSecondNumbervariables.
- 5. Add an If activity to the Main panel, under the previously added Input Dialog ones.
- 6. In the **Condition** section, type intFirstNumber mod intSecondNumber = 0. This expression checks if the first number is divisible to the second one, using the mod operator.
- 7. In the **Then** section, add a **Write Line** activity.
- 8. In the **Text** field, type intFirstNumber.ToString + " is divisible by "+ intSecondNumber.ToString + ".". This is the message that is displayed if the first number is divisible by the second one.
- 9. In the **Else** section, add another **Write Line** activity.
- 10. In the **Text** field, type intFirstNumber.ToString + " is NOT divisible by "+ intSecondNumber.ToString + ".". This is the message that is displayed if the first number is not divisible by the second one.

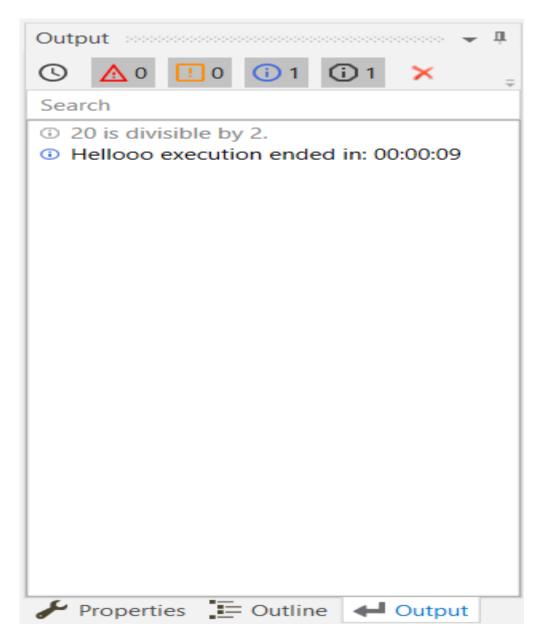
The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

		~		
	Input dialog		\$	2
	"First Number"			
	"Please insert a number."			
	~	$\overline{}$		
	Input dialog		~	*
	"Second Number"			
	"Please intert a number."			
	~	$\overline{}$		
ភូភិ្វ If				*
Condition				
intFirstNu	mber mod intSecondNumber =	0		
	Then		Else	
🛒 Write	e line	🛒 Wri	te line	
Text in	ntFirstNumber.ToString + " is	Text	intFirstNumber.To	String + " is

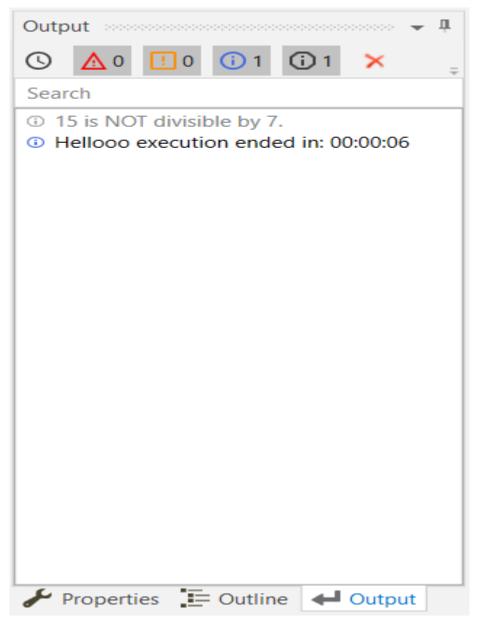
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- 11. Press F5. The workflow is executed.
- 12. Add numbers when prompted. Note that the **Output** panel displays the result, depending on the values added in the **Input Dialog** windows.



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The Switch Activity

The **Switch** activity enables you to select one choice out of multiple, based on the value of a specified expression. This activity supports multiple types of arguments, such as integer, string or array, and more complex ones such as data tables.

By default, **Switch** uses the integer argument, yet you can change it from the **Properties** panel, from the **TypeArgument** list.

The **Switch** activity can be useful to categorize data according to a custom number of cases. For example, you can use it to store data into multiple spreadsheets or sort through names of employees.

Example of Using a Switch Activity

To exemplify how to use the Switch activity, we are going to create a workflow that asks the user for a number, checks if is odd or even, and depending on that, a different message is written to the **Output** panel. Since all odd numbers divided by two have a remainder equal to 1, this workflow needs only two cases (0 and 1), yet keep in mind that this activity supports multiple cases.

- 1. Create a new sequence.
- 2. Create an integer variable, intNumber.
- 3. Add an **Input Dialog** activity to the **Main** panel.
- 4. Add a **Title** and **Label** to prompt the user for a number.
- 5. In the **Result** field, add the intNumber variable.
- 6. Add a **Switch** activity, under the **Input Dialog**.
- 7. In the **Expression** field, type **intNumber** mod **2**. This verifies if the user's number is divisible by **2**.
- 8. In the **Default** section, add a **Write** Line activity.
- 9. In the **Text** field, type intNumber.ToString + " is an even number.".
- 10. Click the Add new case line, and in the Case Value field, type 1.
- 11. Add a Write Line activity to this case.
- 12. In the Text activity, type intNumber.ToString + " is an odd number.".

The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

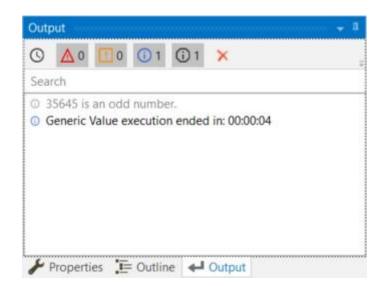
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Sequence		
	~	
🐉 Main		*
	\bigtriangledown	
	Input dialog	*
	"Odd or Even Number"	
	"Add a number to see if it even or odd."	
	\bigtriangledown	
₽∰ Switch<	int 32 5	~
Sta Switchs	III 527	~
	intNumber mod 2	~
		Write line
Expression		
Expression Default	intNumber mod 2	Write line
Expression Default Case 1	intNumber mod 2	Write line
Expression Default Case 1	intNumber mod 2	Write line

13. Press F5. The workflow is executed. Note that the **Output** panel displays the data correctly.

C		0	0 1	① 1	×		
S	earch						
0			n number. e executio	n ended	in: 00:00:0	14	



The While Activity

The **While** activity enables you to execute a specific process repeatedly, while a specific condition is met. The main difference between this and the **Do While** activity is that, in the first one, the condition is evaluated before the body of the loop is executed.

This type of activity can be useful to step through all the elements of an array, or execute a particular activity multiple times. You can increment counters to browse through array indices or step through a list of items.

Example of Using a While Activity

To exemplify how to use a **While** activity, let's create a workflow that increments an integer variable from 10 to 100, and writes all the numbers to a Microsoft Word document.

- 1. Create a new sequence.
- 2. Create a new integer variable, intCounter, with the default value of 10.
- 3. Add a While activity to the Main panel.
- 4. In the **Condition** field, type intCounter < 100. This means that the body of the loop is going to be repeated until the value of the intCounter variable is going to be bigger than 100.
- 5. In the **Body** section of the **While** activity, add an **Assign** activity.
- 6. In the **Properties** panel, in the **To** field add the intCounter.
- 7. In the **Value** field, type **intCounter** + 1. This increments the value of the **intCounter** with one.
- 8. Add an **Append Text** activity under the **Assign** one.

Note: This activity is part of the Word activities package. If you do not have it, use the <u>package manager functionality</u> to install it.

9. In the **FilePath** field, type the path of a Word document in between quotation marks.

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Note: Make sure that the Word document is not used when running the workflow, otherwise a message error is displayed and the execution is stopped.

10. In the **Text** field, type "The counter is now " + intCounter.ToString +".".

The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

	\bigtriangledown	
While		
Conditior	n	
intCoun	ter < 100	
Body		
	🖏 Sequence 🔅	
	A*B Assign	
	intCounter = intCounter + 1	
	Append Text 🔗	
	"C:\Users\MADa\Desktop\Word.docx"	
	"The counter is now " + intCounter.ToString +"."	
	\sim	

11. Press F5. The workflow is executed.

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12. Double-click the Word document specified at step 9. Note that all the numbers between 10 and 100 are written, as expected.

	5	, -	**	Word				æ	-		×
Fil	e	Hor	n Ins	ser Desi L	ayo R	lefe N	1aili F	Revit Vie	w Deve	Foxit	🖓 Tell r
T	he co	ount	er is	s now 11.							
Т	he co	ount	er is	s now 12.							- T
Т	he co	ount	er is	s now 13.							
т	he co	unt	er is	s now 14.							
Т	he co	ount	er is	s now 15.							
Т	he co	ount	er is	s now 16.							
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т	he co	ount	er is	s now 38.							
т	he co	unt	er is	s now 39.							
т	he co	unt	er is	s now 40.							
4											
Page	1 of 2	45	o wo	rds	庫		15		1	+	100%

The For Each Activity

The **For Each** activity enables you to step through arrays, lists, data tables or other types of collections, so that you can iterate through the data and process each piece of information individually.

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Example of Using a For Each Activity

To exemplify how to use a **For Each** activity, we are going to create a workflow that goes through each element of an array of integers and writes the length of the array and each element to the **Output** panel.

- 1. Create a new sequence.
- 2. Create an array of integers variable, arrFibonacciNumbers.
- 3. In the **Default** field, type the Fibonacci sequence until a desired value, such as {1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89}.
- 4. Add a **For Each** activity in the **Main** panel.
- 5. Do not make any changes to the Foreach field.
- 6. In the **In** field, add the **arrFibonacciNumbers**variable. This activity looks at each individual item in the provided variable.
- 7. In the **Body** section of the **For Each** activity, add a **Write Line**activity.
- 8. In the **Text** field, type "The length of this Fibonacci sequence is " + arrFibonacciNumbers.Length.ToString + " and contains the " + item.ToString + " element.". This expression enables you to write the total number of array elements and each element of the array in the **Output** panel.

The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

🖏 Main	
\bigtriangledown	
Tor each <object></object>	2
Foreach item in arrFibonacciNumbers	
Body	
📩 Body 🛛 🕆	
Write line	
les white the	
Text "The length of this Fibonacci	
\bigtriangledown	

9. Press F5. The workflow is executed. Note that the **Output** panel displays the correct message for each element of the array.

Note: The Length property enables you to find out the total number of array elements.

© ▲0 10 01 011 ×	
Search	
(i) 06/29/2016 17:47:02 The length of this Fibonacci sequence	e is 11 and
contains the 1 element.	
① 06/29/2016 17:47:02 The length of this Fibonacci sequence	is 11 and
contains the 1 element.	
© 06/29/2016 17:47:02 The length of this Fibonacci sequence	e is 11 and
contains the 2 element.	
© 06/29/2016 17:47:02 The length of this Fibonacci sequence	e is 11 and
contains the 3 element.	
06/29/2016 17:47:02 The length of this Fibonacci sequence	e is 11 and
contains the 5 element.	
① 06/29/2016 17:47:02 The length of this Fibonacci sequence	e is 11 and
contains the 8 element.	
① 06/29/2016 17:47:02 The length of this Fibonacci sequence	e is 11 and
contains the 13 element.	1221222
① 06/29/2016 17:47:02 The length of this Fibonacci sequence	is 11 and
contains the 21 element.	224
① 06/29/2016 17:47:02 The length of this Fibonacci sequence contains the 34 element.	s is 11 and
	1
① 06/29/2016 17:47:02 The length of this Fibonacci sequence contains the 55 element.	s is it and
	104 M M 104 M
© 06/29/2016 17:47:02 The length of this Fibonacci sequence contains the 89 element.	: 15 1 1 and
 06/29/2016 17:47:02 Generic Value execution ended in: 00 	-00-00
U 00/29/2010 17:47:02 Generic Value execution ended in: 00	.00.00

The Break Activity

The **Break** activity enables you to stop the loop at a chosen point, and then continues with the next activity.

Note: The **Break** activity can only be used within the **For Each** activity.

Example of Using a BreakActivity

To exemplify how to use the **Break** activity we are going to build upon the workflow created for the <u>For Each activity</u>. This new workflow writes only the first iteration of the loop and a few elements of the array to the **Output** panel.

- 1. In the **Body** of the **For Each** activity, under the **Write Line**, add a **Break** activity.
- 2. Under the **For Each**, add a new **Write Line** activity.

3. In the **Text** field, type arrFibonacciNumbers(0).ToString + " " + arrFibonacciNumbers(2).ToString + " " + arrFibonacciNumbers(4).ToString + " " + arrFibonacciNumbers(6).ToString +" " + arrFibonacciNumbers(8).ToString +" " + arrFibonacciNumbers(10).ToString + " ". This means that only the indicated elements of the array are going to be written to the **Output** panel.

The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

2112			
For e	ach <object></object>		~
Foreach	item in	arrFibonacciNumbe	ers
Body			
4	Body		~
		~	
193	Write line		
	Text "The le	ngth of this Fibonacci	
		\bigtriangledown	
[Break		
		\bigtriangledown	
		\sim	
ES.	Write line		
	Taut arrEibo	nacciNumbers(0).ToSt	

4. Press F5. The workflow is executed. Note that the **Output** panel only displays the first iteration of the loop and the specified array elements from the **Write Line** activity.

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Image: Contract of the second contra	Out	put					 a
 06/29/2016 18:48:24 The length of this Fibonacci sequence is 11 and contains the 1 element. 06/29/2016 18:48:24 1 2 5 13 34 89 06/29/2016 18:48:24 Generic Value execution ended in: 	0	▲ 0	0	(i) 1	(i) 2	×	
is 11 and contains the 1 element. O 06/29/2016 18:48:24 1 2 5 13 34 89 O 06/29/2016 18:48:24 Generic Value execution ended in:	Sea	irch					
	is 1 ① (① (① (① ()	1 and co 06/29/20 06/29/20 00:00	ontains)16 18:4)16 18:4	the 1 el 18:24 1 18:24 G	lement. 2 5 13 3 eneric V	4 89 alue exe	000042

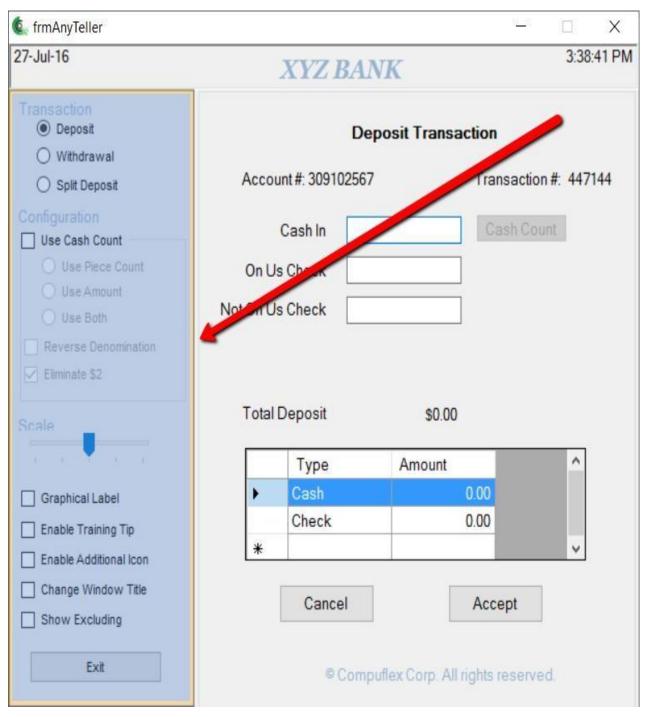
About Recording

Recording is an important part of UiPath Studio, that can help you save a lot of time when automating your business processes. This functionality enables you to easily capture a user's actions on the screen and translates them into sequences.

These workflows can be modified and parametrized so that you can easily replay and reuse them in as many other processes as you need.

All user interface elements are highlighted while you record, as you can see in the following screenshot, so that you can be sure the correct buttons, fields or menus are selected.

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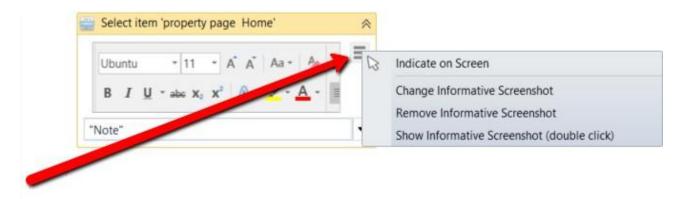


Interactions with UI elements yield informative screenshots in the workflow. These can be changed, hidden, removed or shown in full size by selecting the respective action from the Options menu.

All screenshots are automatically saved as .png files in the same location as your project, in a separate folder named ".screenshot." By default, the path is: C:\Users\your_user_name\Documents\UiPath\your_project_name\.screenshots.

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Regardless of the type of recording selected, some actions are recordable and some are not.

Left-click on buttons, check boxes, drop-down lists and other GUI	Keyboard	
elements	shortcuts	
Text typing	Modifier keys	
	Right-click	
	Mouse hover	

About Recording Types

There are four types of recordings available in UiPath Studio:

- **Basic** generates a full selector for each activity and no container, the resulted workflow is slower than one that uses containers and is suitable for single activities.
- **Desktop** suitable for all types of desktop apps and multiple actions; it is faster than the Basic recorder, and generates a container (with the selector of the top level window) in which activities are enclosed, and partial selectors for each activity.
- **Web** designed for recording in web apps and browsers (supported: Internet Explorer, Google Chrome), generates containers and uses the **Simulate Type/Click** input method by default.
- **Citrix** used to record virtualized environments (VNC, virtual machines, Citrix, etc.) or SAP, permits only image, text and keyboard automation, and requires explicit positioning.

To see all the available types of recordings and select the one most suited for your workflow, click **Record**, in the **Wizards** group of the **Design** ribbon tab.

START DESIGN	EXECUTE	SETUP						
New Save Run	🗍 Сору 🔶	Undo Redo Record	Screen Scraping	Web Scraping	User Events •	(x) Create Variable •	Manage Variables •	Launch UiExplorer
File	b') Paste Edit		Basic	ls e			ables	Selectors
		-	Desktop Web					
₽ Search			Citrix					

All recording types come with their own controllers (or toolbar) that give you access to actions particular to each environment, but also some common ones.

Basic Recording							×
Save & Exit Wizards	Start App +	Click	T Type	Copy	•	ABI Text	Image
Desktop Recording							×
Save & Exit Wizards	Start App*	Click	Type	Copy	*	ABI Text	Image
Web Recording							×
Save & Exit Wizards	Open Browser	Click		Copy	Element	ABI Text	Image

The **Desktop**, **Basic** and **Web Recording** toolbars are quite similar and enable you to:

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- Automatically record multiple actions performed on the screen
- Manual recording (single actions):
- \circ $\;$ Start or close an application or web browser
- Click an interface element
- Select an option from a drop-downlist
- Select a check box
- Simulate keystrokes or keyboard shortcuts
- Copy text from a UI element or perform screen scraping
- Look for elements or wait for them to vanish
- \circ Find an image
- Activate awindow

Citrix Re	cording							×
Save & Exit	Click Image	Click Text	\prod_{Type}	Select & Copy	Screen Scraping +	Element	ABI Text	Image
Wizards					Actions			

The **Citrix Recording** toolbar enables you to:

- Click an image or text
- Simulate keystrokes or hotkeys
- Select and copy text from a window
- Scrape UI elements
- Look for elements or wait for them to vanish
- Find an image or wait for it to vanish
- Activate a window

Note: The Citrix Recording toolbar supports only manual recording (single actions).

To figure out if you should use automatic or manual recording in your workflow, you should better understand the differences between them and their capabilities.

Left-clicks on windows, buttons, check boxes, drop-down lists	Keyboard shortcuts
etc.	Modifier keys
Text typing	Right-click
	Mouse hover
	Getting text
	Find elements and
	images
	Copy to Clipboard
	* ¥ - L

Keyboard shortcuts that you can use:

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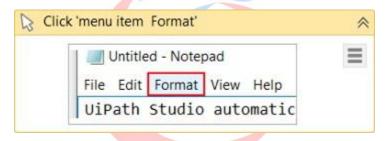
- F2 pauses for 3 seconds. A countdown timer is displayed in the bottom left corner of the screen. Can be useful with menus that automatically hide.
- Esc exits the automatic or manual recording. If you press the Escape key again, the recording is saved as a sequence, and you return to the main view.
- Right-click exit the recording.

Automatic Recording

Automatic recording is very useful and time-saving as it can provide you with a skeleton for your business processes, and can be easily customized and parametrized.

As you can see in the examples below, for the actions that are recordable with the **Automatic Recording**, some activities are automatically generated:

• **Click** – it is generated when you click a button (Basic and Desktop) or a link (Web). The options available in the **Properties** panel enable you to add a time delay before or after the action, change the click type and add key modifiers.



• **Type Into** – generated when typing into a text field or any editable UI element. The options available in the **Properties** panel enable you to add a time delay before or after the action or between key strokes, change the text at any point, and erase the entire field before writing to it (**EmptyField**).

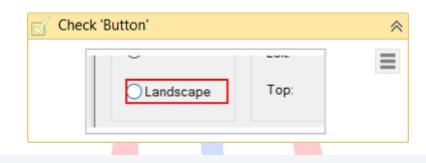


• **Select Item** - generated when you select an item from a drop-down list or combo box. The options available in the **Properties** panel enable you to add a time delay before or after the action, and change the selected item.

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🚆 Select item	'list Font style:'			*
	Regular		11	≡
^	Regular	^	11	
	Italic		12	
	Bold		14	
"Bold Italic"				•

• **Check** - generated when a radio button or check box is clicked. The options available in the **Properties** panel enable you to add a time delay before or after the action, and select or unselect the check box.



Example of Automatic Recording with Basic and Desktop

To exemplify how you can use the automatic recording and understand more about the differences between **Basic** and **Desktop**, let's create the same workflow for the two.

- 1. Open Notepad.
- 2. In UiPath Studio, create a new sequence.
- 3.
 - a. In the **Design** ribbon tab, in the **Wizards** group, **select Record > Basic**. The **Basic Recording** toolbar is displayed and the main view is minimized.
 - b. In the **Design** ribbon tab, in the **Wizards** group, **select Record > Desktop**. The **Desktop Recording** toolbar is displayed and the main view is minimized.
- 4. In the **Wizards** group, click **Automatic Recorder**. The automating recording process starts.
- 5. In Notepad, click in the main panel. A pop-up window is displayed.

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Untitled - Note	pad	_	×
File Edit Format	View Help		
			^
N			
Тур	e the desired value		
UiPa	ath Studio automatic recording.		
ado	ł		
alt			
lalt			
ralt			
bao	:k		
bre	ak		\sim
cap)S	-	
	Type password 📃 Empty field		
Pre	ss enter when you are done		

- 6. Type a custom text and press Enter. The string is displayed in Notepad.
- 7. Note: Select the **Empty field** check box to delete previously existing text. You can also select this option after the recording is finished, in the **Properties** panel of the **Type Into** activity.
- 8. From the **Format** menu, select **Font**. The **Font** window is displayed.
- 9. Select a different font style, such as Bold Italic, and click **OK**.
- 10. Press Esc two times. You exit the recording view and the saved workflow is displayed in the **Main** panel.
- 11. Press F5. The workflow is executed as expected.

The two screenshots below display part of the resulted workflows for the **Basic** (on the left) and **Desktop** (on the right) automatic recordings. As you can see, the second one generates an **Attach Window** container, while the **Desktop** one does not.

UiPath Material

\bigtriangledown	
1 Recording Sequence	9
\bigtriangledown	
T Type into 'editable text'	*
	=
"UiPath Studio automatic recording."	•
Attach Window 'Untitled Notepad'	
Untitled - Notepad	=
Intitled - Notepad ile Edit Format View Help	-
Untitled - Notepad	< T
Untitled - Notepad ile Edit Format View Help	*
Intitled - Notepad ile Edit Format View Help Intitle Do V	A

Desktop recorder - The top level window selector from the **Attach Window** container:



Desktop recorder - The partial selector for the **Type Into** activity:

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~

^

Edit Selector

<wnd cls='Edit' /> <ctrl role='editable text' />

Basic recorder – The full selector for the Type Into activity:

Edit Selector

```
<wnd app='notepad.exe' cls='Notepad' title='Untitled - Notepad' />
<wnd cls='Edit' />
<ctrl role='editable text' />
```

Click here to download the Basic recording example.

<u>Click here to download the Desktop recording example.</u>

You can also customize and parametrize this workflow after it is recorded. To exemplify this, let's take the **Desktop** recording example and build upon it.

For example, let's assume that we want to extract the number of an invoice from an Excel file, copy it to the Notepad window used in the previous example and continue the workflow as before.

- 1. Add an **Excel Application Scope** activity before the recording sequence.
- 2. In the **WorkbookPath** field, type the path of the Excel file you need to extract information from.
- 3. Add a **Read Cell** activity in the **Excel Application Scope**.
- 4. In the **Properties** panel, add the **Sheet Name** and **Cell**information from the Excel file used.
- 5. Right-click in the **Result** field, and click **Create Variable**. The **Set Name** field is displayed.
- 6. Fill in the name, such as genInvoiceNumber, and press Enter. The variable is created and displayed in the **Result** field and **Variables**
- 7. Change the scope of the variable to Main.
- 8. In the recording sequence, in the **Type Into** activity, in the **Text** field, add the **genInvoiceNumber** variable. This copies the value stored in the variable to Notepad.

What was added to the workflow should look as in the following screenshot.

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:\Users\MADa\Desktop\workflow_d	locs (argent_involce.asx	
🖨 Do	1	11
	72	
Read Cell	*	
"Invoice"	*G9*	
	e	
1		
	2	
ording Sequence		
ording Sequence		
∇	*	
Attach Window 'Untitled Notepad'	7	
Attach Window 'Untitled Notepad'	7	
Attach Window 'Untitled Notepad'		
Attach Window 'Untitled Notepad'	? ?	
Attach Window 'Untitled Notepad' Untitled - Notepad e Edit Format View Help		"
Attach Window 'Untitled Notepad' Untitled - Notepad E Edit Format View Help	,	"
Attach Window 'Untitled Notepad' Untitled - Notepad Edit Format View Help		//
Attach Window 'Untitled Notepad' Untitled - Notepad e Edit Format View Help	,	

9. Press F5. The workflow is executed as expected.

UiPath Material



<u>Click here to download this example.</u>

Example of Automatic Recording with Web

To exemplify how you can use the web recording and understand how it works, let's create a workflow that enables you to go to Amazon, sign in to your account, and close the tab once you are done.

- 1. In UiPath Studio, create a newsequence.
- 2. Drag an **Open Browser** activity to the **Main** panel.
- 3. In the **Url** property type the address of the website, "www.amazon.com". This opens Internet Explorer and automatically navigates to the specified url.
- 4. In the **Design** tab, in the **Wizards** group, select **Record** > **Web**. The **Web Recording** toolbar is displayed and the main view is minimized.
- 5. Click Automatic Recording. The automating recording process starts.
- 6. Go to the Sign In page and input your e-mail and password.

Note: When the **Type Into** pop-up is displayed for your password, make sure that you select the **Type Password** check box. Besides the **Type Into** activity, another activity, **Get Password**, is created in the sequence. This activity hides the password behind asterisks (*) and stores it in a string variable.

amazon	
Sign in	
Email (phone for mobile account	s)
Password Forgot	your password?
	your password?
Sigr Type th	e desired value
•••••	e password ☑ Empty field
Press er	nter when you are done
Create your An	
Create your An	
Type password	
Type password	
Type password	
Type password Get password Type into 'INPUT ap_password	
Type password Get password Type into 'INPUT ap_password	
Type password Get password Type into 'INPUT ap_password	

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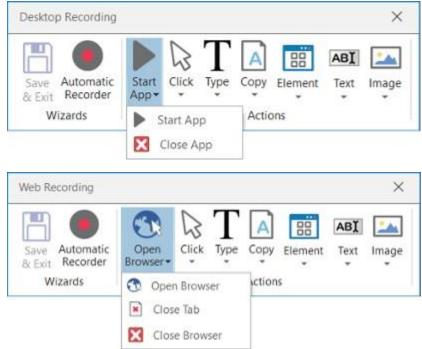
- 7. Click **Sign In** and press Esc two times. The recording is saved and displayed as a workflow in the **Main** panel.
- 8. In the Recording Sequence, after the last activity, drag a **Close Tab** activity. This helps you close Internet Explorer after you are finished with it.
- 9. In Studio, press F_5 . The workflow is executed as expected.

Manual Recording

As explained in the About Recording Types chapter, there are some actions that cannot be handled by the automatic recorder. We refer to these as single actions or manual recordings. You can use both manual and automatic recording in workflows to achieve full automation of a task. Single actions can be found in the **Actions** group of any recording toolbar.

Types of Single Actions

1. Start and Stop an App or Browser



These single actions enable you to open an app or browser, as well as close them, by pointing and clicking them.

The activities generated using the desktop and web manual recorders contain partial selectors and containers (first screenshot), while the activities generated by the basic recorder contains a full selector and no container (second screenshot), just like with the automatic recording.

UiPath Material

Attach Win	dow 'MSNcom	Ho leframe'		3
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Suggest	ted Sites 🔻 😰 Tv	vitter stunned afte 👻		
	r Do		~	
		\bigtriangledown		
	R Close	īab		
		\bigtriangledown		
	1			
		\checkmark		
rt Recor	ding Sequence	e		*
	ang bequene			~

2.Click

"C:\WINDOWS\Explorer.EXE"

Type app arguments here. Text must be quoted

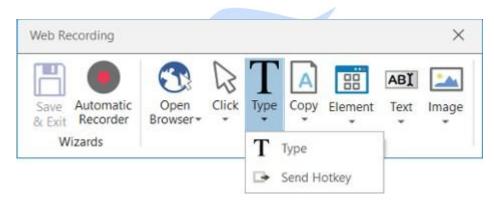
 ∇

UiPath Material

Save Automatic Recorder	Start	Click	Т	Copy	Element	ABI Text	Image
& Exit Recorder Wizards	App-	ß	Click		Ì	÷	÷
		-	Select l	tem			

These types of actions enable you to record clicks on the desktop or a running application, select an option from a drop-down list or combo box, and select a check box or a radio button.

3.Type



These single actions include those that require input from the keyboard, such as keyboard shortcuts and keypresses. To achieve this, two pop-up windows are used to retrieve your keyboard input.

UiPath Material

Type the desired value						
www.amazon.com						
add	*					
alt						
lalt						
ralt						
back						
break						
caps	Ŧ	Alt	Ctrl	Shift	Win	Key
Type password 🔽 Empty field						
Press enter when you are done						OK

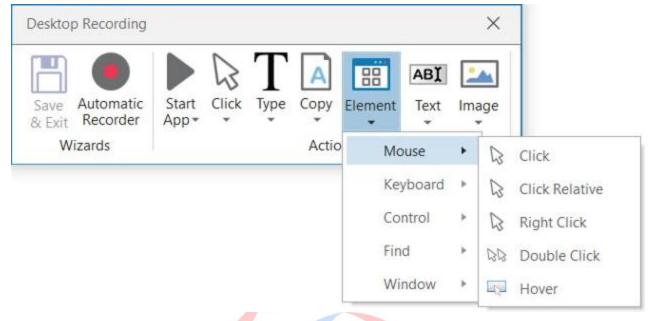
4. Copy

					×
Start Cli	≷ Ţ ick Typ	•	Element Copy Text	ABI Text	Image
		<u> </u>	Screen Scra	aping	
					×
Open Browser •	· v .		Element	ABI Text	Image
		ABI	Copy Text	8	
	App•	App · · ·	App · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Start Click Type Copy Element App Copy Text Screen Scra Open Click Type Copy Element Element	Start Click Type Copy Element Text App Copy Text Screen Scraping Click Type Copy Element Text ABI Copy Element Text Copy Text

These actions enable you to copy a selected text from an opened application or web browser, so that you can use it later in the workflow. Screen scraping is also available under the **Copy** menu, as it enables you to extract images and text from an app or browser. For more information, see Output or Screen Scraping Methods.

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5. Mouse Element



These types of actions enable you to simulate mouse movements that cannot be recorded but give you access to more functionalities, such as right-clicking, hovering or doubleclicking.

6. Find Element

Veb Recording								×	
Save Automatic & Exit Recorder	Open Browser •	Q Click	Т		Element	ABI Text	_	age	
Wizards				Actions	Mo	use	Þ		
					Key	yboard	Þ		
					Co	ntrol	Þ		
					Fin	d	•	9	Find Element
					Wi	ndow	Þ.		Wait Element Vanish
								9	Find Relative Element

These types of single actions enable you to identify specific UI elements or pause the workflow until a particular window closes or an UI element is no longer displayed. The find relative element action is useful with apps that do not allow direct interaction with UI elements, such as Citrix.

7. Text

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leb Recording							×			
ave Exit Recorder	Open Browser +	Click	Т	Copy	Element	ABI Text			197	
Wizards				Action	s		Mouse	+	AB	Click
							Scrape	۲	AH.	Right Click
						ABI	Copy Text		ŝB.	Double Click
						[30]	Set Text		Т	Hover
						A	Select & Copy		-	

Text single actions enable you to select or hover over text to make tooltips visible for scraping, right-click to make the context menu visible, copy and paste text and many others.

0 Imaga

Desktop Recording					>	<	
Save & Exit Recorder Wizards	Start Click	 A Copy Actio	Element	ABX Text	Image		Click
					83. 33.	Find Image Wait Image Vanish	Right Click Double Click Hover

Image single actions enable you to wait for a specified image to disappear, to find a specific image in an app or website, right-click or hover over an image and others. This type of manual recording can be useful with UI elements that are saved as graphics, as they cannot be highlighted as normal fields ortext.

About UI Elements

UI elements refer to all graphical user interface pieces that construct an application, be they windows, check boxes, text fields or drop-down lists, and so on. Knowing how to interact with them enables you to implement UI automation much faster and easier.

All interactions with the UI can be split into input and output. This categorization helps you better understand which actions to use in different scenarios, when to use them, and the technology behind them. These are also going to be useful when trying to deal with

scraping. For more information, see <u>Input Methods</u> and <u>Output or Screen Scraping</u> <u>Methods</u>.

Input Actions	Output Actions
Clicks Text Typing Keyboard shortcuts Right-clicks Mouse hover Clipboard actions Etc.	Getting text Finding elements and images Clipboard actions Etc.

UI Activities Properties

There are multiple activities that can be used to automate apps or web-apps and you can find them in the **Activities** panel, under the **UI Automation** category.

All of these activities have multiple properties in common:

- **ContinueOnError** specifies if the workflow should continue, even if the activity throws an error. This field only supports boolean values (True, False).
- **DelayAfter** adds a pause after the activity, in milliseconds.
- **DelayBefore** adds a pause before the activity, in milliseconds.
- **TimeoutMS** specifies the amount of time (in milliseconds) to wait for a specified element to be found before an error is thrown. The default value is 30000 milliseconds (30 seconds).
- **WaitForReady** wait for the target to become ready, before performing the activity. There are three available options:
 - **None** does not wait for the target to be ready.
 - **Interactive** waits until only a part of the app is loaded.
 - **Complete** waits for the entire app to be loaded.
- Target identifies the UI element the activity works with.

Properties		000000 👻 📮
UiPath.Core.Activities.TypeInto		
		Clear
Common		
ContinueOnError	Specifies to cont	tinu
DelayAfter	Delay time after	г ехн 🛄
DelayBefore	20	
DisplayName	Type into 'edital	ole text'
🖸 Input		
Target	Target	
ClippingRegion		-
Element	Enter a VB expre	essic
Selector	"	

The target is composed of multiple pieces, namely the container, selector and clipping region, to ensure that you correctly identify a UI element.

A container gives you a little more context for the button or field you want to use, so that you can tell windows apart or different areas of the same app. They are automatically generated, but you can make changes to them in the **Properties** panel.

The following are containers:

- Attach Window
- Open Application
- Attach Browser
- Open Browser
- Get Active Window

Input Methods

Input actions require you or the robot to directly interact with an opened application or web page. There are three types of input methods for click and type actions, that differ in terms of compatibility and capability.

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We generally recommend the **Simulate Type/Click** method as it is the fastest of the three and works in the background, but only if you do not need to send special keyboard shortcuts. If this does not work for you, try the **Windows Messages** method and then the **Default** one, as it is the slowest.

Method\Capability	Compatibility	Background execution	Speed		Auto Empty Field
Default	100%	no	50%	yes	no
Window Messages	80%	yes	50%	yes	no
Simulate Type/Click	99% - web apps 60% - desktop apps	yes	100%	no	yes

The input method can be changed at any point from the **Properties** panel of the selected activity. If the **SimulateType** or **SendWindowMessages** check boxes are not selected, then the **Default** method is applied.

Pr	operties		
Ui	Path.Core.Activities.TypeInto		
			Clear
	Common		
	ContinueOnError	Specifies to conti	nue ext 🛄
	DelayAfter	Delay time after	executi 🛄
	DelayBefore	Delay time before	e the a 🛄
	DisplayName	Type into 'INPUT	ap_email'
⊡	Input		
ŧ	Target	Target	
	Text	"mada.bob	/ahoo.(
⊡	Misc		
	Private		
Ξ	Options		
	Activate		
	ClickBeforeTyping		
	DelayBetweenKeys	Specifies the dela	y, in m 🛛
	EmptyField	1	
	SendWindowMessages		
	SimulateType	1	

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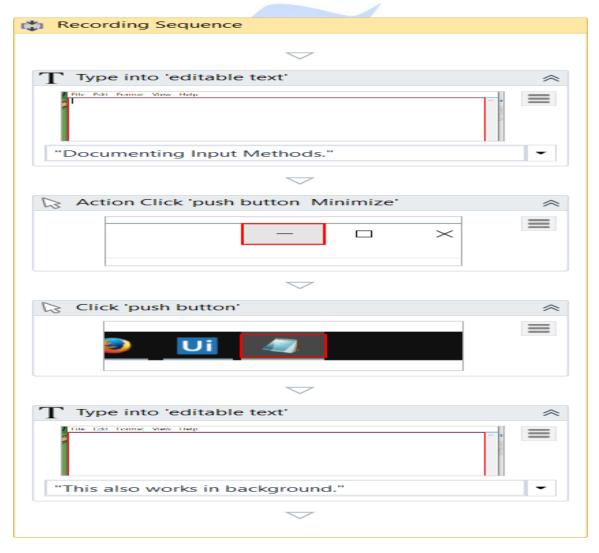
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The **Default** application simulates a click or type with the help of the hardware driver, while the **Simulate Type/Click** method uses the technology of the target application. Lastly, the **SendWindowMessages** works by sending a specific message directly to the target application.

Example of Using Input Methods

To get a clearer picture of how the three input methods work, let's create a simple workflow that writes something in a Notepad window and switch between the methods.

- 1. Open a Notepad window.
- 2. In Studio, from the **Basic Recording** toolbar, start the automatic recorder.
- 3. Type something into the Notepad window.
- 4. Minimize the window and restore it.
- 5. Type something else in the Notepadwindow.
- 6. Press Esc two times. The workflow is saved and displayed in the **Main** panel. It should look as in the following screenshot.



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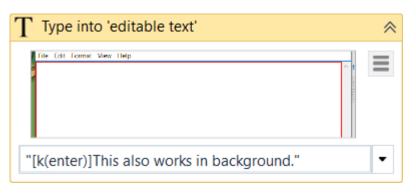
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- 7. Move the activity that restores the Notepad window after the second **Type Into** one. We do this to check if the type of input method selected can also write to Notepad in background mode.
- 8. From the drop-down of the second **Type Into** activity, select **enter**. A special key string is displayed at the end of the previously-existing text.

'	T Type into 'editable text'	~
	File Edit Format View Help	
	"This also works in background."	•
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	f5	
	f6	\mathbf{v}

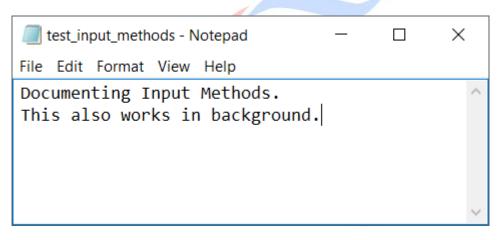
9. Copy the special key string at the beginning of the sentence. This enables you to test special keys, such as Enter that adds a new line in a text editor.

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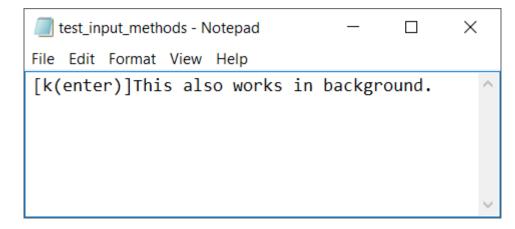


10. Run the workflow once with every input method. Note the differences:

- The **Default** method it does not automatically erase previously written text, supports special keys, but writing in the background does not work;
- The **Window Messages** method—works in the background, supports special keys, but it does not erase pre-existing text (you have to manually select the **Empty Field** check box in the **Properties** panel);



• The **Simulate Type/Click** method – works in the background, but it automatically erases pre-existing text, and does not support special keys.



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Therefore, be careful to choose the method that best suits your needs. If special keys are a must, you might want to avoid the **Simulate Type/Click** method, or if speed is what matters most, then maybe **Simulate Type/Click** is the right one.

Click here to download this example. (Please note that it is configured with the **Default** method. Manually change properties to try the other input methods.)

Output or Screen Scraping Methods

Output or screen scraping methods refer to those activities that enable you to extract data from a specified UI element or document, such as a .pdf file.

To understand which one is better for automating your business process, let's see the differences between them.

Method\Capability	Speed	Accuracy	Background Execution	Extract Text Position	Extract Hidden Text	Support for Citrix
FullText	10/10	100%	yes	no	yes	no
Native	8/10	100%	no	yes	no	no
OCR	3/10	98%	no	yes	no	yes

FullText is the default method, it is fast and accurate, yet unlike the **Native** method, it cannot extract the screen coordinates of the text.

Both these methods work only with desktop applications, but the **Native** method cannot work with apps that are not built to render text with the Graphics Device Interface (GDI).

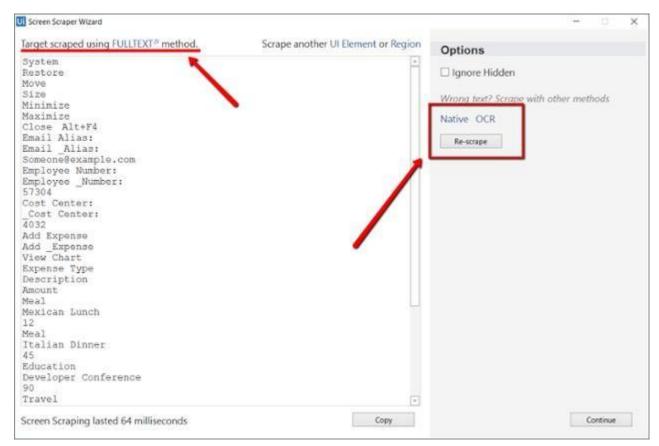
OCR is not 100% accurate, but can be useful to extract text that the other two methods could not, as it works with all applications including Citrix. Studio uses two OCR engines, by default: Google Tesseract and Microsoft Modi.

Method\Capability	Multiple languages support	Preffered area size	Support for color inversion	Set expected text format	Filter allowed characters	Best with Microsoft fonts
Google Tesseract	Can be added	Small	yes	yes	yes	no
Microsoft Modi	Supported by default	Large	no	no	no	yes

To start extracting text from various sources, click the **Screen Scraping** button, in the **Wizards** group, on the **Design** ribbon tab.

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The screen scraping wizard enables you to point at a UI element and extract text from it, using one of the three output methods described above. Studio automatically choses a screen scraping method for you, and displays it at the top of the **Screen Scraper Wizard** window.



To change the method of screen scraping, select another one from the **Options** panel and then click **Re-scrape**.

When you are satisfied with the scraping results, click **Continue** or **Copy**. The latter option copies the extracted text to the Clipboard, while the first one saves your information to the **Main** panel and, just as with desktop recording, generates a container (with the selector of the top level window) in which activities are enclosed, and partial selectors for each activity.

UiPath Material

🐑 Attach Window 'Untitled Notepad'	*
Untitled - Notepad -	Ξ
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\bigtriangledown	
Get full text 'editable text'	
1 Gile Edit Format View Lletp	
2 Output or screen scraping methods	
refer to those activities that enable you to extract data from a	
specified UI element or document	
\bigtriangledown	

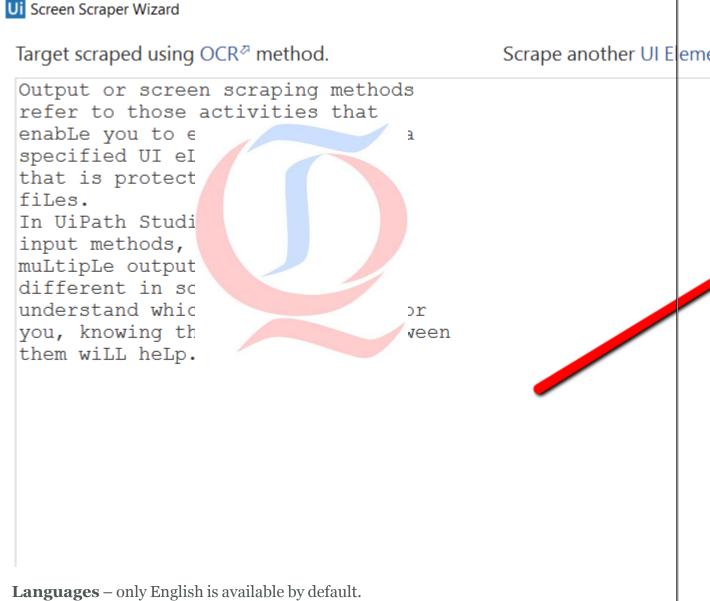
Each type of screen scraping comes with different features in the **Screen Scraper Wizard**, in the **Options** panel:

1. FullText

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- **No Formatting** when this check box is selected, the copied text does not extract formatting information from the text. Otherwise, the extracted text's relative position is retained.
- Get Words Info when this check box is selected, Studio also extracts the screen coordinates of each word. Additionally, the Custom Separators field is displayed, that enables you to specify the characters used as separators. If the field is empty, all known text separators are used.
- 3. Google OCR



- **Characters** enables you to select which types of characters to be extracted. The following options are available: Any character, Numbers only, Letters, Uppercase, Lowercase, Phone numbers, Currency, Date and Custom. If you select **Custom**, two additional fields, **Allowed** and **Denied**, are displayed that

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enable you to create custom rules on which types of characters to scrape and which to avoid.

- **Invert** when this check box is selected, the colors of the UI element are inverted before scraping. This is useful when the background is darker than the text color.
- **Scale** the scaling factor of the selected UI element or image. The higher the number is, the more you enlarge the image. This can provide a better OCR read and it is recommended with small images.
- **Get Words Info** gets the on-screen position of each scraped word.
- **Note:** In some instances of UiPath Studio, the Google Tesseract engine may have training files (about training files: Wikipedia, GitHub) that do not work for certain non-English languages. Running a workflow with these corrupted training files may lead to an exception being thrown. To fix this issue, download the training file for the language you wish to use from here and copy it into the tessdata folder from the UiPath installation directory. To check if the training files you downloaded work, you can download this test workflow.

4. Microsoft OCR

Ui Screen Scraper Wizard		- 🗆 X
Target scraped using OCR [⊅] method.	Scrape another UI Element or Region	Options
Output or screen scraping methods refer to those activities that enable you to extract data from a specified UI element or document that is protected, such as . pdf In UiPath Studio, just Like the input methods, there are also multiple output methods that are different in some ways. To understand which one is better for you, knowing the differences between them wiLL help.		Accurracy issues? OCR Engine ⁷⁰ Languages ⁷⁰ English (United States) * Scale 1 Get Words Info Need faster scraping? Try Native FullText Re-scrape

- **Languages** enables you to change the language of the scraped text. By default, English is selected.
- **Scale** the scaling factor of the selected UI element or image. The higher the number is, the more you enlarge the image. This can provide a better OCR read and it is recommended with small images.

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• **Get Words Info** - gets the on-screen position of each scraped word.

Besides getting text out of an indicated UI element, you can also extract the value of multiple types of attributes, its exact screen position and its ancestor.

This type of information can be extracted through dedicated activities that are found in the **Activities** panel, under **UI Automation** > **Element** > **Find** and **UI Automation** > **Element** > **Attribute**.

These activities are:

• **Get Ancestor** – enables you to retrieve an ancestor from a specified UI element. You can indicate at which level of the UI hierarchy to find the ancestor, and store the results in a UiElement variable.

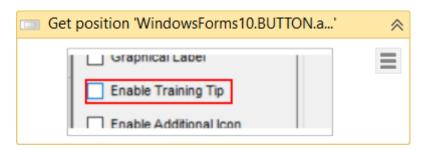
Get ancestor 'WindowsForms10.BUTTON.a	' ×
	Ξ

• **Get Attribute** – retrieves the value of a specified UI element attribute. Once you indicate the UI element on screen, a drop-down list with all available attributes is displayed.

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1.00	I Get attribute 'chrome.exe'	~
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["innerHtml"	•
-[арр	
4	AppPath	
	automationId	
1	checked	
1	cls	
1	cookie	
1	ctrlld	
1	ctrlName	
	foreground	
	hasFocus	
	hwnd	
i	innerHtml	
i	innerText	
	lsUiPathJavaBridgeEnabled	-

• **Get Position** – retrieves the bounding rectangle of the specified UiElement, and supports only Rectangle variables.



UiPath Studio also features **Relative Scraping**, a scraping method that identifies the location of the text to be retrieved relative to an anchor. You can find more about it here.

UiPath Material

Examples of Using Output or Screen Scraping Methods

To exemplify how to use the three screen scraping methods and the practical differences between them, let's first scrape a Notepad window with some text and see what results we have. The following screenshot is what we used.

Untitled - Notepad	-		×
Elle Edit Fgrmat Xiew Help			
Output or screen scraping refer to those activities enable you to extract dat specified UI element or of that is protected, such a files. In UiPath Studio, just li input methods, there are multiple output methods t different in some ways. T understand which one is k you, knowing the different them will help.	that from locument s.pdf ke the also that are fo	a t 9 for	'n

The FullText method

Screen Scraper Wizard		×
arget scraped using FULLTEXT® method.	Scrape another UI Element or Region	Options
Output or screen scraping methods refer In UiPath Studio, just like the input m	to those activities that ethods, there are also mul	Ignore Hidden Wrong text? Scrape with other methods Native OCR Re-scrape
4		
creen Scraping lasted 2 milliseconds	Сору	Continue

As you can see, no formatting is retained, but if you hide the Notepad window while scraping, the text is still retrieved. This is the fastest method.

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The Native method

Target scaped using NATIVE® method. Scape another UI Element or Region Options Who formatting Depositive of scale sca	Ui Screen Scraper Wizard		- 🗆 X
Purpose Purpose Profect or boso activitions File Profect or boso activitions Profect or boso activitions Profect or boso activition	Target scraped using NATIVE ² method	Scrape another III Element or Region	
Image: Screper Wizard	Output or screen scraping methods refer to those activities that enable you to extract data from a specified UI element or document that is protected, such as .pdf files. In UiPath Studio, just like the input methods, there are also multiple output methods that are different in some ways. To understand which one is better for you, knowing the differences between	Scrape another UI Element or Region	 No Formatting Get Words Info Wrong text? Scrape with other methods FullText OCR
Target scraped using NATIVE™ method. Scrape another UI Element or Region Output (118, 401, 226, 433)		Сору	
Output (118, 401, 226, 433) Options or (244, 401, 280, 433) Screen (298, 401, 406, 433) screan (298, 401, 12, 433) Image: Comparison of the second of t	Ui Screen Scraper Wizard		×
· (208, 561, 226, 593)	Output (118, 401, 226, 433) or (244, 401, 280, 433) screen (298, 401, 406, 433) scraping (424, 401, 568, 433) methods (586, 401, 712, 433) refer (118, 433, 208, 465) to (226, 433, 262, 465) those (280, 433, 370, 465) activities (388, 433, 568, 465) that (586, 433, 658, 465) that (586, 433, 658, 465) that (586, 433, 658, 465) to (316, 465, 352, 497) you (244, 465, 298, 497) to (316, 465, 352, 497) gou (244, 465, 586, 497) data (514, 465, 586, 497) data (514, 465, 586, 497) from (604, 465, 676, 497) a (694, 465, 712, 497) specified (118, 497, 280, 529) UI (298, 497, 334, 529) element (352, 497, 478, 529) or (496, 497, 532, 529) document (550, 497, 694, 529) that (118, 529, 190, 561) is (208, 529, 244, 561) protected (262, 529, 424, 561) , (424, 529, 442, 561) such (460, 529, 582, 561) as (550, 529, 586, 561) . (604, 529, 622, 551) pdf (622, 529, 676, 561)		 No Formatting Get Words Info Custom Separators Wrong text? Scrape with other methods FullText OCR
			Continue

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As you can see in the first screenshot, you can extract the text with its position on the screen, as well as retrieve the exact position of each word (second screenshot).

The Microsoft OCR method

As you can see, the accuracy of this output method is not 100%, but it still manages to keep the position of the text. Getting the exact on-screen position, in pixels, is also available yet as you can see, it is not the fastest of the output methods.

The Google OCR method

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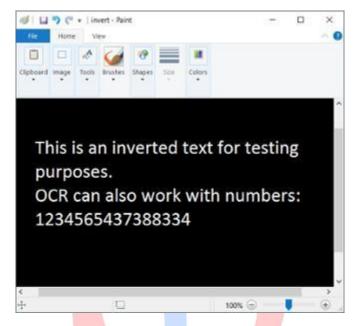
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As with Microsoft's Modi, the Google OCR method is not 100% accurate and takes longer when compared with the others. However, it retrieves the position within the window of the text.

Now, add some white text over a black page in Paint, for example, and try to scrape it.



As you can see, only the OCR methods work in this scenario.

Screen Scraper Wizard			- 0	
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This is an inverted text for testir purposes.	ig El	Accurracy issues?		
OCR can also work with numbers: - 1234565437388334		OCR Engine®	Google OCR ~	
1234363437366334		Languages [®]	eng *	
		Characters ²⁰	Any character *	
		2 Invert		
		Scale	2	
		Get Words In	fo	
		Need faster scro	ping? Try	
		Native FullText		
		Re-scrape		
Screen Scraping lasted 1280 milliseconds	Сору		Continue	

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		Email Alias: Employee Number:		ne@example.com
		Cost Center:		
Expense Type	Description	Amount		Add Expense
Meal	Mexican Lunch	12		View Chart
Meal	Italian Dinner	45		
Education	Developer Conference	90		
Travel	Taxi	70		
Travel	Hotel	60	-	
	Total Expe	nses (\$): 277		

If we scrape this entire window, we receive the following results:

1. **FullText** with hidden text works really well, being able to read even the minimize and restore buttons.

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arget scraped using FULLTEXT [®] method.	Scrape another UI Element or Region	
VStem		Options
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estore		🗆 Ignore Hidden
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mail Alias:		
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creen Scraping lasted 61 milliseconds	Сору	Continue

- 2. Native does not work on this UI as it does not make use of GDI to render text.
- 3. **Microsoft OCR** works pretty well, although accuracy is still not 100%.

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Ui Screen Scraper Wizard			- 🗆 X
Target scraped using OCR [∅] method.	Scrape another UI Element or Region	Ontions	
Create Expense Report Meal Meal Education Travel Email Alias: Employee Number: Cost Center: Someone@examp[e.com 57304 4032 Add Expense View Chart Mexican Lunch Italian Dinner Developer Conference Hotel 12 45 go 70 60 OK Cancel		Options Accurracy issues? OCR Engine [®] Languages [®] Scale Get Words Info Need faster scrap Native FullText Re-scrape	Microsoft OCR English (United States) 1
Screen Scraping lasted 700 milliseconds	Сору		Continue

4. **Google OCR** does not handle this UI very well, as the scraped area is quite large.

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arget scraped using OCR [⊅] method.	Scrape another UI Element or Region	Options	
x Create Expense Report - El X	Å		2
Email Alias: Someone@example.com		Accurracy issues	
Employee Number: 57304 Cost Center: 4032		OCR Engine [⊅]	Google OCR
> Add Expense I		Languages ²⁷	eng
Gg-15':- 11mm I "j		Characters [⊅]	
— View Chan Meal Mexican Lunch 12 (fl		_	Any character
' Meal Italian Dinner 45 U U		Invert	
ducation Develo er Conference 90 - U		Scale	2
'p 'l2 g Travel Taxi 70 i %/			
Travel Hotel 60 l		Get Words Inf	0
		Need faster scra	ping? Try
l_7@iiéi_ lmgéuiiélé'é Q55);		,	5.7
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'IVVJF'UI dlllir.'~			
	V		
Screen Scraping lasted 2458 milliseconds	Сору		Continue

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Relative Scraping

Relative Scraping is a technique that enables you to retrieve text from UI elements by using OCR technology. In situations where selectors cannot be found, the target UI objects are identified by using image recognition activities to look for adjacent labels or other elements.

This technique is useful in retrieving text from certain UI elements that are difficult to access by using normal means, such as applications in virtual environments. Using visual labels of UI elements makes up for the inability to find selectors.

To use the **Scrape Relative** functionality, do the following:

1. Start the Citrix RecordingWizard.

2. Click Screen Scraping > Scrape Relative

Citrix Re	cording							×
Save & Exit	Click Image	Click Text	T	Select & Copy	Screen Scraping •	Element	ABI Text	Image
Wizards					Scree	en Scraping	g	
					📮 Scrap	oe Relative		

3. Select an anchor, which is the relative element used to identify the location of the target,

Invoice

Submitted on 9/9/2016

Invoice for	Payable to	Invoice #		
Name	Bob Optionally indicate a relative region to this ima			
Company name	Bob			
Email	bobby@john.com			

such as the label of a text field.

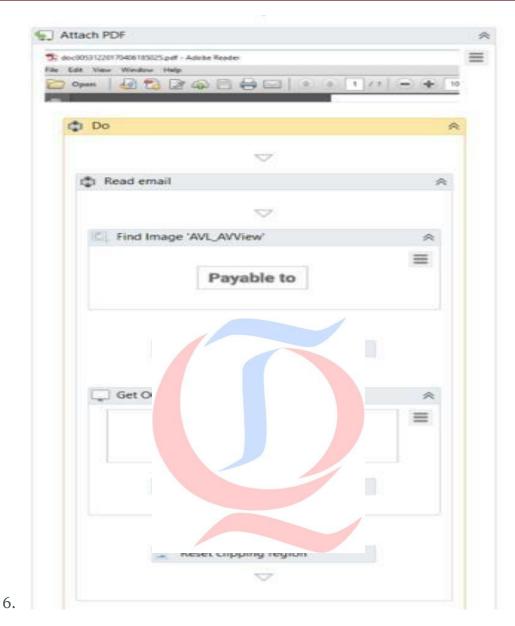
An Attach Window container is generated that sets focus to the app window and contains a Find Image activity that locates the position of the anchor on the screen.

4

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		=
	Payable to	

5. Indicate the area where the target element is. A **Set Clipping Region** activity is generated, which translates the clipping region to where the target element can be found, relative to the anchor. Additionally, a **Get OCR Text** activity is generated that scrapes the target element. Since the clipping region is a shared resource, the recorder generates another **Set Clipping Region** activity which resets the clipping region, thus avoiding interference with other operations.

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About Data Scraping

Data scraping enables you to extract structured data from your browser to a database, .csv file or even Excel spreadsheet.

Structured data is a specific kind of information that is highly organized and is presented in a predictable pattern. For example, all Google search results have the same structure (a link at the top, a string of the URL and a description of the web page), which enables Studio to easily extract the information, as it always knows where to find it.

The scraping wizard can be opened from the **Design** tab, by clicking the **Data Scraping** button.

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START	DESIGN	EXECUTE SET	UP	_			
New Save	Run (F5)	∑ Cut ← Undo Copy → Redo Paste	Record Screen Scraping	Data	∰0 User vents +	Create Variable + Variables +	Launch UiExplorer
File		Edit	Wiz	ards		Variables	Selectors

The main steps of the data scraping wizard are:

In Millions of L	3 months end	3 months endi	3 months endi	3 months end	3 months endi
Revenue	1,270.02	1,147.05	1,214.38	936.79	954.98
Other Revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue	1,270.02	1,147.05	1,214.38	936.79	954.98
Cost of Revenu	995.24	894.58	995.82	705.29	741.61
Gross Profit	274.78	252.47	218.56	231.50	213.37
Selling/Genera	321.15	318.21	288.65	236.37	201.85
Research & De	191.66	182.48	190.24	178.79	181.71
Depreciation/A	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Expens	-	-	-	-	-
Unusual Expen	-	-	-	-	-
Other Operatir	-	-	-	-	-
Total Operating	1,508.06	1,395.27	1,474.71	1,120.45	1,125.16
Operating Incc	-238.04	-248.22	-260.33	-183.66	-170.19
Interest Incom	-	-	-	-	-
Gain (Loss) on	-	-	-	-	-
Other, Net	-7.37	9.18	-17.15	-15.45	13.23
Income Before	-289.54	-278.42	-315.35	-228.07	-181.06
Income After T	-293.19	-282.27	-320.40	-229.86	-184.23
Minority Intere	-	-	-	-	-
Equity In Affilia	-	-	-	-	-
Edit Data Definiti	on Maximum r	number of results (0 for all) 100		

1. Customize column headers and choose whether or not to extract URLs.

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Ui Extract Wizar	d	×
	Configure Columns	
	The identified fields are highlighted. Image: Construct Text	
	Text Column Name Page	
	✓ Extract URL	
	URL Column Name URL	
Help	Cancel < Back Next	

2. Preview the data, edit the number of maximum results to be extracted and change the order of the columns.

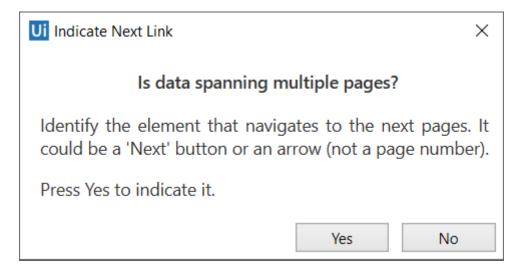
G https://www.google.ro/?gws_rd=cr,ssl& ♀ ~ 🔒 ♂	Ui Extract Wizard X
Introduction to Structured Data https://developers.google.com/search/doo	Preview Data
Jun 22, 2016 - Structured data refers to kin	Page URL
information in a relational database. When i engines can more easily organize and displ	Introduction to Structured Data Search Goog https://developers.google.com/search/docs/gu
Enable Sitelinks Search Box - Structured D	Structured Data Testing Tool - Google https://search.google.com/structured-data/test
	Structured Data Testing Tool Google Develope https://developers.google.com/structured-data
Structured Data Testing Tool - G	What is Structured Data? Webopedia Definition http://www.webopedia.com/TERM/S/structured
https://search.google.com/structured-da	schema.org: Home https://schema.org/
Simple Google tool to validate and test stru	Structured vs. Unstructured data - BrightPlanet https://brightplanet.com/2012/06/structured-vs
	What is structured data? - Definition from What http://whatis.techtarget.com/definition/structur
Structured Data Testing Tool G	Schema.org Structured Data - Learn SEO - Moz https://moz.com/learn/seo/schema-structured-
https://developers.google.com/structured	An Introduction to Structured Data Markup - W https://webdesign.tutsplus.com/articles/an-intro
Test your structured data markup Stru visit often. History Preferences · Sign in · Pr	structured data Definition from PC Magazine Er http://www.pcmag.com/encyclopedia/term/521
What is Structured Data? Webo www.webopedia.com > TERM > S ▼ Structured data refers to any data that resi data contained in relational databases and s schema.org: Home https://schema.org/ ▼ Schema.org is a set of extensible schemas their web pages for use by search engines s	
Structured vs. Unstructured data https://brightplanet.com/2012/06/structur Jun 28, 2012 - With respect to the mass cat there are two types of relevant data which a	Edit Data Definition Maximum number of results (0 for all)
What is structured data? - Defini	Help Cancel < Back

- 3. **Optionally** click **Extract Correlated Data**. This enables you to go through the **Extract Wizard** again, to extract additional info and add it as a new column in the same table.
- 4. Indicate the **Next** button in the web page (if the information you want to extract spans multiple pages).

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After you are finished with the wizard, a workflow is generated in Studio.



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				\bigtriangledown				
3	Atta	ch Browser 'Str	ucture Pa	age'				*
	stru	ctured data					P	≡
	Web	Images	Videos	Maps	News	Explore		_
		🖞 Do					*	
				\bigtriangledown				
		Extract St	ructured	Data 'OL	b_result	s'	*	
		erver.vedo Structured Includes do Unistruct http://en.e	Structured Data pada.com/11980/553 data releas to any dia ta contained in reliatio tured data - Will Mipedia.cog with tim ed data yor unafrueti	Webopedia De structured_data mm = to the reserve in the test nal calabasist and spin	The advection on each of a and these terred in the terred in the terred in the terred and the terred in the terred to information that citle	n nicembasedi Data bopecia Definition Antar Console Holo eleme la pere tangle rapes tendos		
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Data scraping always generates a container (**Attach Browser** or **Attach Window**) with a selector for the top-level window and an **Extract Structured Data** activity with a partial selector, thus ensuring a correct identification of the page to be scraped.

Additionally, the **Extract Structured Data** activity also comes with an automatically generated XML string (in the **ExtractMetadata** property) that indicates the data to be extracted.

Lastly, all the scraped information is stored in a Data Table variable, that you can later use to populate a database, a .csv file or an Excel spreadsheet.

Example of Using Data Scraping

To better understand how you can take advantage of the data scraping functionality, let's create a workflow that extracts some specific information from Amazon.

Let's say you are a sports gear vendor and are interested in finding out the latest prices for volleyball balls on Amazon. You can do the following:

- 1. Open Internet Explorer and navigate to <u>www.amazon.com</u>.
- 2. In the search box type "volleyball ball" and press Enter. Results are displayed in the web page.
- 3. In Studio, on the **Design** tab, in the **Wizards** group, click **Data Scraping**. The **Extract Wizard** is displayed.
- 4. Following the wizard, select the first and last items in the web page. The **Configure Columns** wizard step is displayed.
- 5. Select the **Extract URL**check box.
- 6. Change the name of the columnheaders.

Ui Extract Wizar	d		×
	Configure Column	s	
	The identified fields ar	e highlighted.	
	Extract Text		
	Text Column Name	Ball Name	
	Extract URL		
	URL Column Name	Ball URL	
Help	Cancel	< Back Next	

- 7. Click **Next**. A preview of the data is displayed and the fields you selected are highlighted in the web browser.
- 8. Click the Extract Correlated Data. The Extract Wizard starts again.

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- 9. Following the wizard again indicate the prices of the items. You get to the **Configure Columns** step.
- 10. Change the name of the new column, and click **Next**. The data preview is displayed.

Price	Ball URL	Ball Name
\$8.99		
\$8.97 - \$29.99	https://www.amazon.com/Wilsc	Wilson Soft Play Outdoor Volle
\$26.66 - \$48.30	https://www.amazon.com/Mika	Mikasa Sports Usa Mikasa Offic
\$25.07 - \$66.95	https://www.amazon.com/Tachi	Tachikara SV5WSC Sensi Tec Co
\$12.76 - <mark>\$</mark> 45.00	https://www.amazon.com/Molt	Molten Recreational Volleyball
\$9.89 - \$24.69	https://www.amazon.com/Mika	Mikasa Sports Usa Mikasa Fivb
\$33.99	https://www.amazon.com/Wilso	Wilson Official AVP Outdoor Ga
\$44.55 - <mark>\$</mark> 141.98	https://www.amazon.com/Mika	Mikasa MVA200 2016 Rio Olym
\$18.37 - <mark>\$</mark> 65.00	https://www.amazon.com/Tachi	Tachikara Institutional quality C
\$5.49 - \$50.99	https://www.amazon.com/Chan	Champion Sports Official Rubb
\$12.06 - <mark>\$</mark> 45.00	https://www.amazon.com/Tachi	Tachikara Softec Zigzag Volley
\$9.99 - \$28.88	https://www.amazon.com/Mika	Mikasa Squish No-Sting Pillow
\$44.80 - \$126.99	https://www.amazon.com/Molt	Molten FLISTATEC Volleyball
\$12.99 - \$14.99	https://www.amazon.com/Spak	Spalding Extreme Pro Wave Vo
\$13.84 - <mark>\$</mark> 30.05	https://www.amazon.com/Mika	Mikasa MVA123SL FIVB Trainin
\$17.50 - <mark>\$</mark> 31.04	https://www.amazon.com/Molt	Molten Light Touch Volleyball
\$19.98		-

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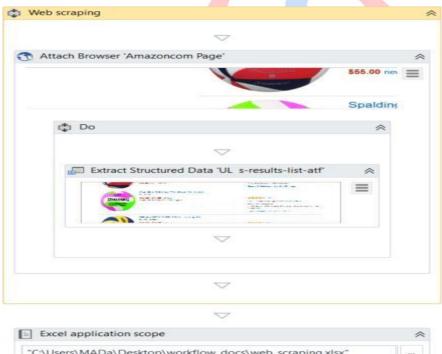
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- 11. (Optionally) Change the order of the columns by dragging them in place.
- 12. Click **Finish**. The **Indicate Next Link** window is displayed prompting you to indicate the **Next** button if the spans more than one page.
- 13. Click **Yes** and select the **Next Page** button in Amazon. The workflow is saved and displayed in the **Main** panel. Note that a data table variable, **ExtractDataTable**, has been automatically generated.
- 14. Drag an Excel Application Scope activity under the Data Scraping container.

Note: Install the Excel activities package using the <u>Manage Packager</u> to have access to these activities.

- 15. In the **Properties** panel, in the **WorkbookPath** field, type the file path of an existing Excel file to which you want to write the data.
- 16. In the **Variables** panel, change the scope of the automatically generated data table variable to **Main**.
- 17. In the Excel Application Scope, drag a Write Range activitiy.
- 18. In the **Properties** panel, in the **DataTable** field, add the **ExtractDataTable** variable. The final workflow should look as in the following screenshot.



🛱 Do	
\bigtriangledown	
Write Range	*
"Sheet1"	"A1"
ExtractDataTable	

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19. Press F5. The workflow is executed.

20. Open the Excel file you used at step 15. Note that all columns are populated correctly.

A	В	C
		https://www.amazon.com/Mikasa-MVA330-Spiral-
		Volleyball-
	Mikasa Sports Usa Mikasa Official Fivb Indoor	Yellow/dp/B001F51WFQ/ref=sr_1_4?ie=UTF8&qid=1475
3 \$26.66 - \$48.30	Club Volleyballs	675296&sr=8-4&keywords=volleyball+ball
		https://www.amazon.com/Tachikara-Sensi-Tec-
		Composite-Performance-
	Tachikara SV5WSC Sensi Tec Composite High	Volleyball/dp/B00099YZNU/ref=sr_1_5?ie=UTF8&qid=14
4 \$25.07 - \$66.95	Performance Volleyball	75675296&sr=8-5&keywords=volleyball+ball
		https://www.amazon.com/Molten-Volleyball-Positions-
		Recreational-
		Colors/dp/B00JMB3FMS/ref=sr_1_6?ie=UTF8&qid=14756
5 \$12.76 - \$45.00	Molten Recreational Volleyball	75296&sr=8-6&keywords=volleyball+ball
		https://www.amazon.com/Mikasa-VSO2000-FIVB-
		Replica-
	Mikasa Sports Usa Mikasa Fivb Recreational	Volleyball/dp/B00091PQOA/ref=sr_1_7?ie=UTF8&qid=14
6 \$9.89 - \$24.69	Outdoor Volleyballs	75675296&sr=8-7&keywords=volleyball+ball
		https://www.amazon.com/Wilson-Official-Outdoor-
		Game-
		Volleyball/dp/B00171JNZO/ref=sr_1_8?ie=UTF8&qid=147
7 \$33.99	Wilson Official AVP Outdoor Game Volleyball	5675296&sr=8-8&keywords=volleyball+ball
		https://www.amazon.com/Mikasa-MVA200-2016-
		Olympic-
	Mikasa MVA200 2016 Rio Olympic Game Ball	Yellow/dp/B001F51TYK/ref=sr_1_9?ie=UTF8&qid=14756
Sheet	1 (+)	

About Selectors

To automate specific actions in the user interface, you are required to interact with various windows, buttons, drop-down lists and many others. Most applications do this by relying on the screen position of UI elements, a method that is not at all dependable.

To overcome this problem, UiPath uses what we call selectors. These store the attributes of a graphical user interface element and its parents, in the shape of an XML fragment. Most of the times, selectors are automatically generated by Studio and do not require

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further input from you, especially if the apps you are trying to automate have a static user interface.

However, some software programs have changing layouts and attribute nodes with volatile values, such as some web-apps. UiPath cannot predict these changes and therefore, you might have to manually generate some selectors.

A selector has the following structure:

```
<node_1><node_2>...<node_N>
```

The last node represents the GUI element that interests you, and all the previous ones represent the parents of that element. <node_1> is usually referred to as a root node. Each node has one or more attributes that help you correctly identify a specific level of the selected application.

Each node has the following format:

```
<ui_system attr_name_1='attr_value_1' ... attr_name_N='attr_value_N'/> Every attribute has an assigned value which represents a unique identifier.
```

You have to pick attributes with a constant value. If the value of an attribute changes, then the selector will not be able to correctly identify the element.

Selectors are stored in the **Properties** panel of activities, under**Input > Target > Selector**. All activities related to graphical elements have this property.

Properties	- 4
UiPath.Core.Activities.Click	
Search:	Clear
DelayAfter	Delay time after execut 🛄 🛋
DelayBefore	Delay time before the a
DisplayName	lick 'WindowsForms10.Wind
🗆 Input	
ClickType	CLICK_SINGLE
ouseButton	BTN_LEFT
🖾 Targ, t	Target
ClippingRegion	-
Element	Enter a VB expression
Selector	"

The Selector Editor window enables you to see the automatically-generated selector and

UiPath Material

edit it and its attributes. To open this window, click the Ellipsis — button next to the **Selector** field, in the **Properties** panel.

Selector Editor		?	×
	Attach to L	ive Elei	nent
Edit Attributes			٠
✓ notepad.exe			
✓ Notepad			
Untitled - Notepad			
✓ Edit			
Edit Selector		(٠
<wnd app="notepad.exe" cls="Notepad" edit'="" title="Untitled - Not
<wnd cls="></wnd> <ctrl role="editable text"></ctrl>	tepad' />		
Open in UiExplorer	OK	Ca	ncel ,

The **Edit Attributes** section contains all the application components needed to identify the target application (a window, a button etc.). The **Edit Selector** section holds the actual selector. Both of these sections are editable.

Selectors with Wildcards

Wildcards are symbols that enable you to replace one or multiple characters in a string. These can be quite useful when dealing with dynamically-changing attributes in a selector.

- Asterisk (*) replaces one or more characters
- Question mark (?) replaces a single character

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The Selector Editor enables you to automatically generate a selector with wildcards, by

using the Attach to Live Element

Attach to Live Element button.

Example of Generating a Selector with Wildcards in the Selector Editor Window

Part of the name of a Notepad window changes according to the .txt file you open with it. This is where a well-placed wildcard can really help. Do the following to generate it:

- 1. Open an empty Notepad window. Note that the window title is Untitled Notepad.
- 2. In Studio, create a new sequence.
- 3. Drag a **Type Into** activity to the **Main** panel.
- 4. Click **Indicate on Screen** and indicate the editable text field in Notepad. A selector is automatically generated and stored in the **Selector** field.

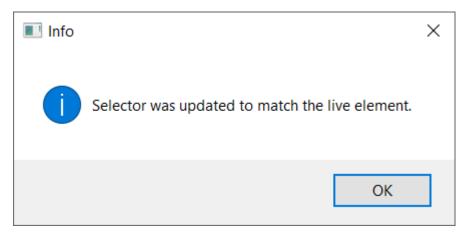
	Jntitle	d - Note	pad		—	\times
File	Edit	Format	View	Help		
						^
						~

5. In the **Properties** panel, click the **Ellipsis** — button next to the **Selector** field. The **Selector Editor** window is displayed.

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Selector Editor ?	? X
Attach to Live	e Element
Edit Attributes	۲
✓ notepad.exe	
✓ Notepad	
Untitled - Notepad	
✓ Edit	
Edit Selector	٢
<wnd app="notepad.exe" cls="Notepad" title="Untitled - Notepad"></wnd> <wnd cls="Edit"></wnd> <ctrl role="editable text"></ctrl>	
Open in UiExplorer	
OK	Cancel

- 6. Open any .txt file with Notepad. Note that the window title is partially different than the one at step 1.
- 7. In Studio, in the **Selector Editor** window, click **Attach to Live Element** and indicate the **Notepad** window opened at step 6. A dialog box indicating that the selector was updated is displayed.



8. Click **OK**. The **Selector Editor** window and the selector are updated with a wildcard.

Selector Editor		?	×
	Validate	🗲 Attached to Live	Element
Edit Attributes			٢
 notepad.exe Notepad * - Notepad Edit 			
Edit Selector			٢
<wnd app="notepad.exe" cls<br=""><wnd cls="Edit"></wnd> <ctrl role="editable text"></ctrl></wnd>	='Notepad <mark>' title='* - Note</mark>	pad' idx='1' />	
Open in UiExplorer		ОК	Cancel

Full Versus Partial Selectors

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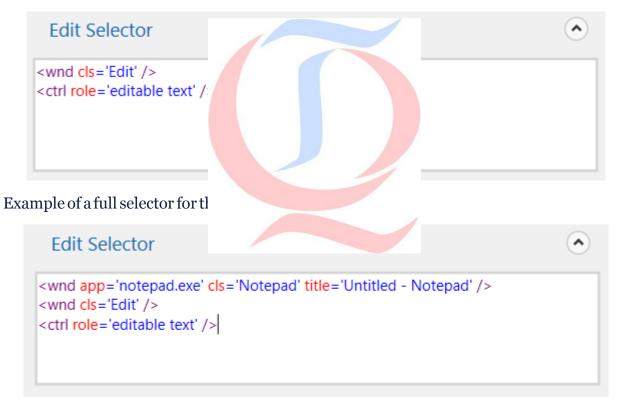
Full selectors:

- Contain all the elements needed to identify a UI element, including the top-level window
- Generated by the <u>Basic recorder</u>
- Recommended when switching between multiple windows

Partial selectors:

- Generated by the <u>Desktop recorder</u>
- Do not contain information about the top-level window
- Activities containing partial selectors are enclosed in a container (Attach Browser or Attach Window) that contains a full selector of the top-level window
- Recommended when performing multiple actions in the same window

Example of a partial selector for the editable panel in Notepad:



UiPath Explorer

UiPath Explorer is an advanced tool that enables you to create a custom selector for a specific UI element.

To open the UiPath Explorer window, click Launch UiExplorer in the Design tab.

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	Ŧ					
	DESIGN	EXECUTE SET				
New Save	Run	🗍 Copy 🔶 Redo	Record Screen	Web User	Create Manage	Launch
• • File	(F5)	Paste Edit	 Scraping Wiz 	Scraping Events *	Variable 🔻 Variables 👻	UiExplorer Selectors

To be sure that you choose the best selector, remember to:

- Add or remove attributes
- Add parent or children tags
- Use wildcards to replace common values

Ui	UiPath Explorer	4	? _ 🗆	×	
🖗 🗸 🖴 🌞					
ਊ Visual Tree 👻 ਜ 🗙	Selector Editor			Ŧ	
perty 🗹 🔎	<wnd (full="" *'="" -="" a="" album)="" app="firefox.exe" cls="MozillaWindowClass" dream="" fair="" gone="" in="" mad="" p="" rol<="" silence="" the="" title="In The Silence - A Fair Dream</p></td><td>Selector Attributes</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Property Explorer Visual Tree Visual Tree</td><td><ctrl name=" youtube=""></wnd>	aastate	floating, invis	ible	
▲ □ 'firefox.exe ln'	<pre><ctrl role="panel"></ctrl></pre>	✓ role	panel		
Imenu bar System'					
title bar'					
Imenu bar Application					
application In'					
popup menu'					
popup menu'					
Itool tip Cover Photo'					
↓ itool tip'					
▶ 🔲 'panel'	Add or remove ance	estors from UI hierarchy			
ipopup menu'					
▷ □ 'popup menu'	firefox.exe' cls='MozillaWindowClass' title='In The Silence - A Fair Dream Gone N	▲ Mad (Eull Album) - YouTi	uhe .*' />	•	
▶ □ 'popup menu'	<ctrl menu'<="" name="In The Silence - A Fair Dream Gone Mad (Full Album) - YouTube -*" popup="" role="applic</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>▶ □ " td=""><td><ctrl role="panel"></ctrl></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></ctrl>	<ctrl role="panel"></ctrl>			
ipopup menu'					
▶ □ 'tool tip'					
icon tip (1) Facebook'					
ited up (i) accord					
N The second P					
🛓 🛛 Target Element: 'panel' 🗙					

Field Descriptions for the UiPath Explorer Window

Field	Description
Select	Target Automatically generate a selector by indicating a UI element on your
Element 😡	screen.

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Select Relative	^e Enables you to find an anchor in a UI element, so that you can find a better selector.
Validate 🗸	Verifies if your selector is valid or not. A dialog box is displayed letting you know about the result.
Reset 🖴	Resets all the panels from the UiPath Explorer window to their default states.
UiFrameworks	 Changes the technology used to determine UI elements and their selectors. The following options are available: Default – UiPath proprietary method. Usually works fine with all types of user interfaces. Active Accessibility – an eariler solution from Microsoft for making apps accessible. It is recommended that you use this option with legacy software, when the Default one does not work. UI Automation – the improved accessibility model from Microsoft. It is recommended that you use this option with newer apps, when the Default one does not work.

The Visual Tree Panel

Displays a tree of the UI hierarchy and enables you to navigate through it, by clicking the arrows in front of each node.

By default, the first time when you open **UiPath Explorer** or after you click the **Reset** button, this panel displays all opened applications, in alphabetical order.

Double-clicking a UI element (or right-clicking and selecting **Set as Target Element**) from the tree, populates the **Selector Editor**, **Selector Attributes** and **Property Explorer** panels.

Field	Description
Highlight 🗹	Highlights the target element and/or anchor.
Show Searce Options	h Displays the search box and search filter options.
	Enables you to look for a specific string. If an exact match is not found, nodes containing the nearest match are displayed.
Search box	Wildcards (*,?) are supported.
	Depending on the attribute selected from the Search by drop-down
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list, the search can be case sensitive.

Note: The search only looks for matches in the tree structure under
the selected UI object.Filters your search to a selected attribute or a selector. The contents of
this drop-down list change according to the selected UI element.

Note: If **Search by** is set to **Selector**, you can only input one node in the <a tribute name1='value1' ... /> format.

Children Only Limit your search to the first level children of the selected node. By default, this check box is not selected.

The Selector Editor Panel

Displays the selector for the specified UI object and enables you to customize it.

The top part of the panel displays the actual XML fragment that you have to use in a workflow. Once you find the selector you want, you can copy it from here and paste it in the **Properties** panel of an activity, in the **Selector** field.

The bottom part of this panel enables you to view all the nodes in a selector and eliminate the ones that are not necessary by clearing the check box in front of them.

Selecting a node here, displays its attributes in the **Selector Attributes** and **Property Explorer** panels.

The Selector Editor Panel

Displays all the available attributes of a selected node (from the Selector Editor panel).

You can add or eliminate some of the node attributes by selecting or clearing the check box in front of each attribute.

Additionally, you can change the value of each attribute yet this modification is retained only if the new selector points at the originally selected UI object.

The Property Explorer Panel

Displays all the attributes that a specified UI object can have, including the ones that do not appear in the selector. They cannot be changed.

About Image and Text Automation

To enable image and text-based process automation, UiPath Studio features activities that simulate **keyboard and mouse** input, such as clicking, hovering or typing, **text recognition** and **OCR** activities that use screen scraping to identify UI elements, and **image recognition** activities that work directly with images to identify UI elements. Specialized recording wizards for Screen Scraping and Citrix recording can also automatically generate the activities required for each process, as explained here.

Image and Text automation is useful in situations when UI automation does not work, such as in virtual machine environments, where selectors cannot be found by using normal methods.

This chapter goes through the most important activities in each type of automation, explaining their behaviour and use cases, and then exemplifying three kinds of image and text-based process automation, using the activities described earlier.

UiPath Resources

Mouse and Keyboard Activities

UiPath Studio features activities that simulate any type of keyboard or mouse input that a human would use. Also, there are activities that can set focus to a certain window, minimize or maximize it, or perform any other kind of action on it. These activities are essential in creating an automation that simulates human behaviour. As explained <u>here</u>, there are several technologies that can be used for these activities, each with their own advantages in certain situations.

Double Click, Click, Hover are activities that simulate the clicking or hovering of UI elements. These activities are very useful in situations when human behaviour must be mimicked. As input, these activities receive a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UIElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required.

Type Into sends keystrokes to a UI element. Special keys are supported and can be selected from the drop-down list. This is a basic text input activity that is widely used in automations and is also generated by the automatic recording wizards. As input, this activity receives a string or a string variable that contains the text to be written, and a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UIElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required.

Type Secure Text sends a secure string to a UI element. As input, this activity receives a SecureString variable that contains the text to be written, and a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UIElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. This activity is useful for secure

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automations, as it can use passwords that are stored in SecureString variables. Usually, the SecureString variable is supplied by a **Get Secure Credential** activity.

Send Hotkey sends keyboard shortcuts to a UI element. This activity is useful for accessing shortcuts in applications and can help you simplify your automation workflow. For example, you can replace multiple activities that perform UI automation if there is a keyboard shortcut available for revealing certain UI elements or performing specific actions. As input, this activity receives a string or a string variable that contains the keys to be sent, and a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UIElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required.

Set Focus sets keyboard focus to a specified UI element. The ability to bring a certain window to the foreground is essential when performing image and text automation. As input, this activity receives a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UIElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required.

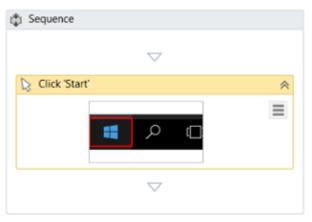
Example of using Mouse and Keyboard Automation

To exemplify the automation of a process by using activities that simulate mouse and keyboard input, we created a workflow that displays the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway for all adapters from the Command Prompt, by using the ipconfigcommand and actions similar to humanones:

- 1. Create a new **Sequence**.
- 2. Add a Click activity to the Main panel.

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3. Select the activity, click the **Indicate on screen** button and click the**Start** button.



- 4. Add a **Type Into** activity under the previously added one.
- 5. Select the activity, and in the **Text** field, write cmd.

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6. Add a **Send Hotkey** activity under the previously added one.

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7. Select the activity and, from the drop-down menu choose enter.

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8. Add another Type Into activity under the previously added one.9. Select the activity, and in the Text field, write ipconfig.

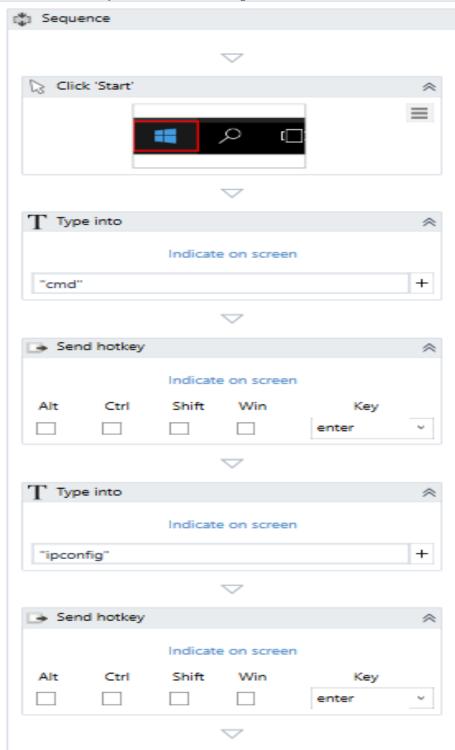
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10. Add another **Send Hotkey** activity under the previously added one.

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11. Select the activity, and from the drop-down menu select the **enter**key.



12. Press F5. The workflow is executed. The IP address, subnet mask and default gateway for all adapters are displayed in the Command Prompt.

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You can download this workflow here. **Text Activities**

Text recognition activities are useful in extracting text from UI elements on the screen, as well as extracting coordinates for UI elements relative to text on the screen. There are situations when UI elements cannot be identified through standard means, and the Text automation activities featured in UiPath Studio enable you to identify buttons, check boxes and other UI elements based on the text they contain. Text recognition activities share the **Occurrence** property, that enables the user to specify which instance of the text that is being scraped should be acted upon. For example, if the string that is being searched for appears 4 times on the screen, setting the **Occurrence** property to 3 selects the third occurrence of the word(s).

Double Click Text, Click Text and **Hover Text** are activities used to click the text inside a UI element or hover over it. After the user interface object and text are specified, the activity searches the UI for the text and clicks it or hovers over it. As input, these activities receive a Target, which can be either a string variable, a Region variable, a UIElement variable or a selector, which indicate the coordinates where the action must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required.

Find Text Position searches for a given string in a specified target, and returns a UIElement variable which has the clipping region set to the screen position of that string. This activity can be useful in locating UI elements relative to text on the screen when there is no other way of locating them, and using them further in your automation. As input, this activity receives a Target, which can be either a string variable, a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen**functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. The activity outputs the UiElement variable that contains the provided string.

Get Full Text extracts a string and its information from an indicated UI element using the FullText screen scraping method. This activity can also be automatically generated when performing screen scraping, along with a container. This activity can be useful in retrieving text from desktop and web applications. As input, this activity receives a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. The activity outputs a string variable that contains the extracted text.

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Get Visible Text extracts a string and its information from an indicated UI element using the Native screen scraping method. This activity can also be automatically generated when performing screen scraping, along with a container. This activity can be useful in retrieving text from desktop and web applications. As input, this activity receives a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. The activity outputs a string variable that contains the extracted text.

Extract Structured Data extracts data from an indicated table. You can specify what information to extract by providing an XML string in the **ExtractMetadata** property. This can easily be generated with all the properties set by using the Data Scraping wizard. As input, this activity receives an XML string that defines what data is to be extracted from the indicated web page, and a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. The activity outputs a DataTable variable which contains the extracted data.

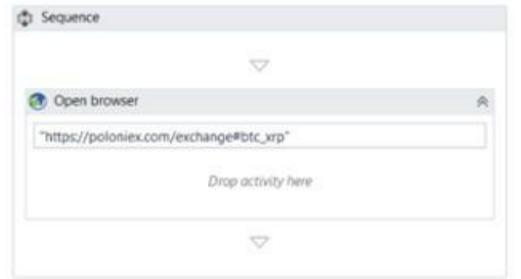
Text Exists checks if a text is found in a given UI element and returns a boolean variable that is true if the text exists and false otherwise. This activity is useful in all types of text-based automation, as it enables you to make decisions based on whether or not a given string is displayed, or it can be used to perform certain actions on a loop, by using it as a Condition in the **Retry Scope** activity. As input, this activity receives a string variable which contains the text to be searched, and a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. The activity outputs a boolean variable that states whether the text was found.

Example of using Text Automation

To exemplify the automation of a process by using text recognition activities, we created a workflow that opens Internet Explorer and navigates to a cryptocurrency exchange market platform. From there, it extracts data from a table, displays it in the **Output** panel, double-

clicks the third occurrence of the word **amount** in the website, and checks if the word **Exchange** is found on the screen.

- **1.** Create a new **Sequence.**
- 2. Add an **Open Browser** activity to the **Main** panel.
 - 3. Select the activity and, in the Url field, writehttps://poloniex.com/exchange#btc_xrp.



- 4. In the **Design** ribbon tab, click **Data Scraping**. The **Data Scraping** wizard is displayed.
 - 5. As explained here, scrape the **Markets** table. An **Attach Browser** activity is generated, containing an **Extract Structured Data** activity set to retrieve the table contents.

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- 6. Add an **Output Data Table** activity in the **Do** container of the **Attach Browser** activity, after the **Extract Structured Data**.
- 7. In the **Variables** panel, create a new variable, calledExtractDataTable, and set its type to **DataTable**.
- 8. Create a new **String** variable, called getText.
- 9. Select the **Extract Structured Data** activity and insert the **ExtractDataTable** variable in the **DataTable** field.
- 10. Select the **Output Data Table** activity, enter the ExtractDataTablevariable in the **DataTable** field, and the getText variable in the **Text** field.
- 11. Add a Write Line activity after the Output Data Table one.

12. Select the **Write Line** activity and insert the getText variable in theText field.

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13. Add a **Double Click Text** activity after the previously added one.

14. Select the **Double Click Text** activity, and in the **Text** field, write **amount**. This helps you look for the word **amount** in the website specified at step 3.

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- 15. In the **Occurrence** field, write 3. This helps you look for the third occurrence of the word **amount**.
- 16. Click the **Indicate on screen** button and click the third occurrence of the word **amount** in the previously opened browser page. This helps you indicate where to look for the specified word, by automatically extracting a selector.
- 17. Add a **Delay** activity after the previously added activity. This delay has the purpose of allowing the webpage to become fully loaded.

18. Select the **Delay** activity and set the **Duration** property to **00:00:03** (3 seconds).

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19. Add a Text Exists activity after the Delay.

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20. Select the Text Exists activity and, in the Text field, write Exchange.
 21. Click the Indicate on screen button and click the word Exchange in the previously opened browser page. A selector is generated for the Exchange word.

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- 22. In the **Variables** panel, create a new variable, called getExists, and set its type to Boolean.
- 23.Select the Text Exists activity and insert the getExists variable in the Exists field.
- 24.Add an If activity after the Text Exists activity.
- 25. Insert the getExists variable in the Condition field.
- 26.In the Then section of the If activity, add a Message Box activity.
- 27. Select the activity and write Exchange + " exists" in the **Text**field. This message is displayed if the word Exchange is found in the Poloniex stock market platform.
- 28. In the **Else** section of the **If** activity, add a **Message Box** activity.
- 29.Select the activity and write Exchange + " does not exist" in the **Text** field. This message is displayed if the word Exchange is not found in the Poloniex stock market platform. Your workflow should look like this:

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30. Press F5. The workflow is executed. Note that the data from the Markets table is extracted and displayed in the **Output** panel, the third occurrence of **Amount** is double-clicked, and a message box is displayed, stating whether **Exchange** was found or not.

OCR Activities

In some situations, certain applications are not compatible with the usage of normal scraping or UI automation technologies. Activities in UiPath Studio which use OCR technology scan the entire screen of the machine, finding all the characters that are displayed. This enables the user to create automations based on what can be seen on the screen, simplifying automation in virtual machine environments. Citrix and other remote desktop utilities are usually the target of OCR-based activities, as they only stream an image of the desktop to the user, which means normal UI selectors are impossible to find.

Note: A best practice in creating automations is using the **Recording Wizard** to create the workflow, automatically generating selectors, and then tweaking the activities to best fit your needs.

Double Click OCR Text, Click OCR Text or **Hover OCR Text** use OCR to scan the screen of the machine for text and perform actions relative to it. If graphic elements change, but the text does not, automations created using text recognition will usually still work. These are very useful activities in automating basic actions in virtual machine environments. As input, these activities receive a Target, which can be either a string variable, a Region variable, a UIElement variable or a selector, which indicate the coordinates where the action must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required.

Get OCR Text extracts a string and its information from an indicated UI element using the OCR screen scraping method. This activity can also be automatically generated when performing screen scraping, along with a container. By default, the Google OCR engine is used, but you can easily change it with Abbyy or Microsoft. There are some differences between these OCR engines, as explained here, making them fit for different situations. As input, this activity receives a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. This activity returns a string variable containing the text found in the UI element, and a TextInfo variable that contains the screen coordinates of all the found words.

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Find OCR Text Position searches for a given string in an UI element, and returns a UIElement variable which contains the said string. This activity can be useful in locating UI elements relative to text on the screen. As input, this activity receives a string which contains the text to be searched for, and a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the Indicate on Screen functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. This activity returns a UiElement variable that contains the position where the text was found.

OCR Text Exists checks if a text is found in a given UI element by using OCR technology and returns a boolean variable that is true if the text exists and false otherwise. This activity is useful in all types of text-based automation, as it enables you to make decisions based on whether or not a given string is displayed, or it can be used to perform certain actions in a loop, by using it as a Condition in the **Retry Scope** activity. As input, this activity receives a string which contains the text that is to be searched for, and a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. This activity returns a boolean variable that states whether the text was found or not.

OCR Engines, such as Google OCR, Google Cloud OCR, Microsoft OCR, Microsoft Cloud OCR and Abbyy Cloud OCR are also available as separate activities. These activities extract a string and its position from a provided image by using different OCR engines. These activities can be used with other OCR activities (Click OCR Text, Hover OCR Text, Double Click OCR Text, Get OCR Text, Find OCR Text Position). As input, these activities receive an Image variable that contains the image file to be scanned. As output, the activities return an IEnumerable<KeyValuePair<Rectangle,String>> variable, which contains the extracted text and their on-screen coordinates, and a string variable which contains the extracted text. **Image Activities**

Image recognition activities can also simulate human behaviour, using images as means of identifying UI elements. These activities enable you to make decisions based on whether or not a given image is displayed, or they can be used to perform certain actions in a loop, by using them as Conditions in the **Retry Scope** activity. They can also scan the screen of the machine for UI elements which appear at random positions and return UiElement variables that have the clipping region set to the found element. They also enable the upload and download of images. Image recognition activities have an Accuracy parameter, which states whether the images must match 100% or less to register as found which can compensate for possible changes. This feature is useful if the graphical elements you are searching for may be slightly different.

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Click Image, Double Click Image and **Hover Image** are activities used to identify UI elements based on their image. After an image is specified, the activity scans the screen for a given element and either clicks or hovers it. These activities are fast and reliable, but sensitive to graphical variations, as they can fail if colors or background details change. These activities are useful in automating processes that imply simulating human behaviour, using UI elements such as buttons or check boxes. These activities are also important when automating processes in virtual machine environments, such as Citrix, as they make interaction with UI elements possible. As input, these activities receive an image variable which contains the image to be clicked, and a Target, which can be either a string variable, a Region variable, a UIElement variable or a selector, which indicate the coordinates where the action must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required.

Find Image is an activity that waits for a certain UI element to appear. To do this, an image of the UI element is provided by the user as a model of the image to be searched. Once the element appears, the activity returns a UiElement variable with the clipping region set to the found image. This activity can be a useful tool in identifying UI elements in virtual machines and performing different actions on them. **Find Image** also enables you to make decisions based on whether or not a given image is displayed, or it can be used to perform certain actions in a loop, by using it as a Condition in the **Retry Scope** activity.. As input, this activity receives an image variable which contains the image to be searched for, and a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. This activity returns a UiElement variable that contains the position where the text was found.

Image Exists is an activity that is used to verify if a certain image exists on the screen. It returns a boolean variable which states whether the image was found or not. This activity can be useful as it enables you to make decisions based on whether or not a given image is displayed, or it can be used to perform certain actions in a loop, by using it as a Condition in the **Retry Scope** activity. As input, this activity receives an image variable which contains the image to be searched for, and a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. This activity returns a boolean variable that states whether the text was found or not.

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On Image Appear waits for an image to appear on screen for a set amount of time. This activity is a container, which means that multiple actions can be inserted in it and performed on the found image. This is a very useful activity in virtual machine environments, as it can monitor when a UI element disappears and then perform a suite of actions. On Image Appear can also be used as a trigger for other activities. As input, this activity receives an image variable which contains the image to be searched for, and a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required. This activity returns a UiElement variable that contains the position where the text was found.

On Image Vanish waits for an image to vanish from the screen for a set amount of time. This activity is a container, which means multiple actions can be inserted in it and performed after the image disappears. This is a very useful activity in virtual machine environments, as it can monitor when a UI element disappears and then perform a suite of actions. On Image Vanish can also be used as a trigger for other activities. As input, this activity receives an image variable which contains the image to be searched for, and a Target, which can be either a Region variable, a UiElement variable or a selector, that helps you identify what you want to automate and where the actions must be performed. The target can also be automatically generated by using the **Indicate on Screen** functionality, which tries to identify UI elements in the indicated region, and generates selectors for them. If this does not work for you, then manual intervention might be required.

<u>S</u>earch

Example of using OCR and Image Automation

Since OCR and Image automation usually go hand in hand due to the difficulty of automating in virtual environments, we created a workflow that retrieves an employee's email and the invoice number from a scanned invoice. Afterwards, it inputs the information into a dummy expense app (ExpenseIt) on a virtual machine, and compares the total from the invoice with the one in the app:

- 1. Create a new Sequence.
- 2. Open the scanned invoice. We recommend using Adobe Acrobat Reader for compatibility reasons.
- **3.** As explained here, scrape the employee's email by using OCR technology. A container, **Attach PDF**, that holds the selector and lets all the other activities know where to perform actions is generated. In it, there are a **Find Image**, that selects the anchor for relative scraping, a **Get OCR Text** that retrieves the email address of the employee, and two **Set Clipping Region** activities: one to translate the first clipping region to the second one, and the other to reset the clipping region.

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- 4. In the Variables Panel, create a new GenericValue variable, calledemail.
- 5. Enter the email variable into the Text property of the previously generated Get OCR

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Text activity.

6. Name the above sequence **Read Email**.

Note: The OCR engines featured by UiPath Studio have their pros and cons, using them depends on the circumstances, and testing which one does the best job in each situation is key in deciding which one to use. Changing the OCR engine for different tasks can make your results better.

7. As explained here, scrape the invoice number by using OCR technology. The recorder generates a container, **Attach PDF**, that holds the selector and lets all the other activities know where to perform actions. Inside the container, there are a **Find Image**, that selects

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the anchor for relative scraping, a **Get OCR Text** that retrieves the invoice number of the employee, and two **Set Clipping Region** activities, one to translate the first clipping region to the second one, and one to reset the clipping region.

- 8. In the Variables Panel, create a new GenericValue variable calledinvoiceNo.
- 9. Enter the invoiceNo variable into the **Text** property of the previously generated **Get OCR Text** activity.
- 10. Name the above sequence Read Invoice Number.



- **11.** As explained here, scrape the employee's total expenses by using OCR technology. The recorder generates a container, **Attach PDF**, that holds the selector and lets all the other activities know where to perform actions. Inside it, there are a **Find Image**, that selects the anchor for relative scraping, a **Get OCR Text** that retrieves the total expenses of the employee, and two **Set Clipping Region** activities, one to translate the first clipping region to the second one, and one to reset the clipping region.
- 12. In the Variables Panel, create a new GenericValue variable calledtotalValue.

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13. Enter the totalValue variable into the **Text** property of the previously generated **Get OCR Text** activity.

14. Name the above sequence **Read Total Expenses**.

🛊 Read Total Expe	nses	1
	\bigtriangledown	
Find Image 'AV	/L_AVView'	*
	Subtotal Adjustments	Ξ
	\bigtriangledown	
🛒 Trar	slate clipping region	
	\bigtriangledown	
Get OCR text '	AVL_AVView'	*
Adjus	tments -\$100 \$500.0	
Goo	ogle OCR	
	\bigtriangledown	
Res	et clipping region	
	\bigtriangledown	

Note: A best practice in opening applications in virtual machine environments is creating a shortcut for the application that is to be opened on the desktop of the machine and assigning it a hotkey. Trying to click the application's icon by using **Click OCR Text** can sometimes fail due to changes in the background colour or to the icon being selected.

- 15. Create a shortcut for the **ExpenseIt** application on the desktop of the virtual machine.
- 16. Right-click the shortcut and select **Properties** from the context menu. The **Shortcut Properties** window is displayed.
- 17. On the **Shortcut** tab, in the **Shortcut Key** field, assign a hotkey to the app by pressing the keys you want to use, for example Alt + Ctrl + T.

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Target type:	Application	
Target location:	Desktop	
Target	C\Users\win10vm2\Desktop\Expenselt.exe	1
Start in:	C:\Users\win10vm2\Desktop	
Shortcut key:	Ctrl + Alt + T	
Run:	Normal window	v
Comment		
Open File Lo	ocation Change Icon Advan	nced_

- 18.Start a new recording session by opening the Citrix Recording Wizard.
- 19. Record sending the virtual machine window the hotkey that was previously assigned to the application's shortcut.
- 20. Use **Relative Scraping** to click the **Email** field in the **ExpenseIt** application based on its label's location.
- 21. In the Email field of the ExpenseIt application, enter the emailvariable.
- 22. Use **Relative Scraping** to click the **Employee Number** field in the **ExpenseIt** application based on its label's location.
- 23. Add the invoiceNo variable in the **Employee Number** field of the **ExpenseIt** application. 24. Click **Save & Exit** in the **Recording Wizard**. The recorder generates an **Attach Window** container that holds the selector and lets all the other activities know where to perform actions. It contains a **Send Hotkey** activity, a **Click Image** activity that clicks the field to the right of the **Email** label, a **Type Into** activity that types the email variable into

the field, a Click Image activity that clicks the field to the right of the Employee

UiPath Material

Number label and a Type Into activity that types theinvoiceNo variable into the field.



25.Start a new recording session by opening the **Citrix Recording Wizard**. 26. Record clicking the **Create Expense Report** button in the **ExpenseIt**application.

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27. Use **Relative Scraping** to scrape the value that corresponds to the**Total Expenses** (\$) label.

28. Click **Save & Exit** in the **Recording Wizard**. The recorder generates an **Attach Window** container that holds the selector and lets all the other activities know where to perform actions. It contains a **Click OCR Text** that clicks the **Create Expense Report** button, a **Find Image** that sets the anchor for the relative scrape, a **Get OCR Text** that retrieves the total expense value and two **Set Clipping Region** activities, one to translate the first clipping region to the second one, and one to reset the clipping region.

11.137 - Remate Desktop Connection	
Do	~
~	
HI Click OCR text 'IHWindowClass'	\$
	=
"Create Expense Report"	
Microsoft OCR	
Find Image "UIContainerClass"	
Sal Pind image dicontainerclass	~
Total Expenses (\$):	=
~	
Translate clipping region	
\bigtriangledown	
💭 Get OCR text "UlContainer(🛛 😸	
Double-click to view	
\bigtriangledown	
Reset clipping region	

29. In the **Variables Panel**, create a new **GenericValue** variable calledtotalExpense. 30. Enter the totalExpense variable in the **Text** property field of the previously generated **Get OCR Text** activity.

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- 31. Drag an If activity after the last generated recording sequence.
- 32. Set the **Condition** property of the **If** activity to total Expense = totalValue. This means that the workflow checks if the total value of the invoice equals the value in the expense application.
- 33. Drag a Message Box activity to the Then section of the If activity.
- 34. In the **Content** property field of the **Message Box**, write a message that states the values are equal, hence the invoice is correct.
- 35. Drag a Message Box activity to the Else section of the If activity.
- 36. In the Content property field of the Message Box, write a message that states the values

are	not	equal,	nence	1	the	invoice	1S	incorrect.
ត្ថិត្ lf								*
Conditio	on							
totalEx	pense = tota	alValue						
		Then					Else	
📫 Me	essage box			~	📫 Mes	sage box		*
"Invo	ice OK"				"Invoid	e Incorrect"		

37. Press F5 to run the workflow. Note that the automation inputs the employee data from the scanned invoice into the **ExpenseIt** application, compares the total value of the invoice with the total expenses registered, and informs the user if the values are equal or not.

Since this automation involves connecting to a virtual machine, uploading the original workflow is redundant, as it would not work on another machine. We encourage you to build your own workflow by following the above steps.

12. SAP Automation

How to Automate SAP Applications -without GUI Scripting

- Topic
- UIAutomation

SAP (Systems, Applications and Products in Data Processing) is a well known enterprise software company that makes applications that manage business operations and customer relations.

How does UiPath work with SAP?

There are elements on the **SAP GUI**, just like **Citrix**, that are detected by the recorder as a single block, so it's impossible to use a simple recording or automation tool with them. UiPath is well adapted and very capable of creating an automation, even with these types of interfaces. UiPath has a powerful screen scraping engine that helps you in extracting data from the GUI in less than a second! This method is 100% accurate.

	4	Business Partner Master Data
Drug & Edite Module My Cladya	Hy Cockpit Henne (Current) Soles Soles Proce Proce Modget Gallery Modget Gallery Common Functions Common Functions Common Functions Messages and Alarts Bowser	Webs Code Texase Forsage Texase Forsage Texase Forderd Tax ID Texase Forderd Tax ID Texase Forder Texase The Macro Recorder detects this as one element
	(B) Derkords	Alias Name

Most elements of the **SAP GUI** can be detected by the **Macro Recorder** individually, like the Standard Buttons, Menus and Submenus.



The Basic Workflow

Let's say you want to add sales or member data into the application database. Manually, you have to pull up the right form and then start inserting data manually.

In order to achieve this in UiPath, 2 GUI automation techniques will be used:

- automation through keyboard entries like tab, arrow keys and the return key
- automation by scraping text on the screen and clicking a text event

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1. Automation through Keyboard entries makes it easier and faster to move between different text fields

2. Scraping the text allows us you to build **Activities** from individual elements in a block element.

The Process

Let's assume that the UiPath is installed on the same machine as the SAP application.

1. With the **SAP Business One** already pulled up, start building the **Workflow** by pulling up the **Macro recorder**. Select **Desktop**.



2. Select the Automatic Recorder from the Wizard.



3. To pull-up the data form, we can simply use a left mouse click, using the **Recorder**.

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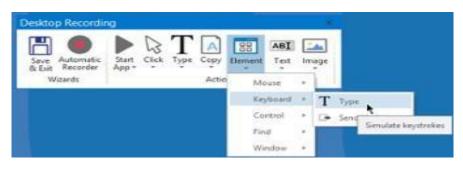
ner M		Administration inancials sales Opportunities Sales - A/R Burchasing - A/P	• • elc	ome, Jayson Burer. You are in the Ho
	at) 25	Business Partners		Business Partner Master Data
on (442x145) (338x537) (135x154)		Bankar Invent Pto 2	:	Activity Blanket Agreement Campaign Generation Wizard
el Selection t after Delay t Region	1	MRP Service Human Resources	:	Campaign Internal Reconciliations
Purchasing Widget Gallery		Reports Interactive Analysis	:[

4. Now the form is ready. The individual elements in this form cannot be identified by the **Recorder**. You will use a different method to fill in the data. Press **Escape**. The previous activities are temporarily saved in the queue.

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		•	Business Partner Mas	ter Data	
(522)-370) (365+1090) (131+644)	enst)	Welco	Code Name Foreign Name Group Currency Pederal Tax ID		Orders Opportunities
ter Delay			General	Payment Tarmo	Payment
Purchasing	1		Tel 1 Tel 2 Hobils Phone Fax	ъ	Contact Person ID No. 2
idget Galler			E-Mail		Revenz
General Wid	onits		Web Sta Shipping Type	-	
Conmon	Punctions oursents		Parpoint d Pactoring Indicator BP Project		BP Channel Code
Message	s and Alerts		Business Partner Tape	Company *	Territory
Di Drowner					

5. The next step is to start filling in the data. The cursor is now positioned in the place where you can start putting in the information ("Code").

Click on Element->Keyboard->Type.

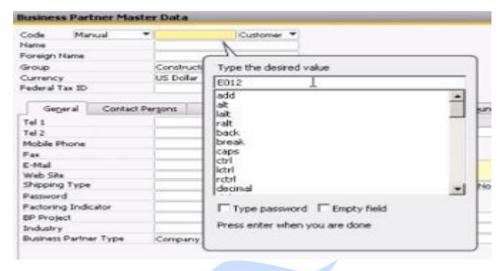


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6. Just click anywhere in the form and it will initiate the input dialog box in the field where the cursor is in.



7. You can start by typing in initial data. Remember that you can use variables later to manipulate the data, so you can insert your own data sources.

The text dialog box also allows you to add keyboard commands such as **Return** and **Tab**. Let's add a **Tab** after the "Code" section. This will take you to the next field, which is a dropdown.

Business	Partner M	laste	r Data		
Code	Manual	٠		Customer *	
Name				N	
Foreign Na	me		1		
Group			Constructi	Type the desired value	
Currency			US Dollar	[E012[k(tab)]	
Federal Tax	(ID				_
Geger Tel 1 Tel 2 Mobile Pho Pas E-Mal Web Site Shipping T Pastword Pactoring 1 BP Project Industry Business P	ne lype Indicator	act Pe	Company	pgup pgdh nght scroll shift Ishift sleep sub Tab up Type password IT Empty field Press enter when you are done	

8. You can notice that it creates a code right next to the text you entered. It's the same thing you can apply when adding more keyboard commands. This is how you can manipulate the movement of the cursor:

Arrow Down: [k(down)]

Enter: [k(enter)]

Tab: **[k(tab)]**

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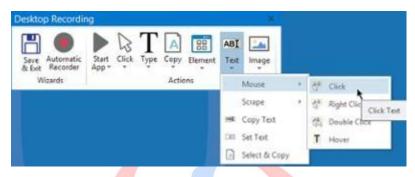
You can follow the same steps from step 5 to fill in any other input fields.

Automating SAP via Click on Text and Screen Scraping

The keyboard commands are very helpful when moving to and manipulating input fields. If you want to jump to a different field from within the form it could be hard to do so using keyboard activities. That's where the UiPath built-in screen scraping comes in.

You have to run an OCR which reads the text in the form and captures the targeted text.

1. Click on **Text->Mouse->Click**.



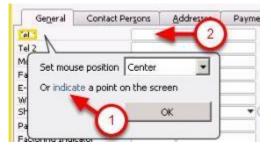
2. This will pull up the **Screen Scraping** wizard. The target field is next to "Tel 1". The cursor position should be set next to it.

Copy "Tel 1" and put copy it in the **Text to be found** field.

L Screen Scrape	e Wildsend				
Target scrape	ed using NATIVEP method.		Scrape another UI E	lement or Reg	pice
Code Name Foreign N Group Currency Federal 7			Apple Construction 38 Dollar	lead	
BP Proje Industry	i Type ig Indicator ct	Company	ŕ		
Alias No	un e			0	
31				+ 3	
Text to be fo	und [1411 - 2]	Occur	rence 🕫 Set n	ouse position	2

3. Click on **Set mouse position**. "Tel1" will be detected. Click on the **indicate** link, then click on the input field next to it.

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4. Click on the *Continue* button . This will position the cursor next to "Tel1". You can use the same technique from step 5 (presented in the previous section) to continue filling out other data.

Radio Buttons

•	Active
0	Inactive
0	Advanced

For the radio buttons, the same screen scraping technique can be used.

1. Click on **Text->Mouse->Click** and then copy paste "Inactive" into the **Text to be found field**. There is no need to set the mouse position for this one. The mouse will click in the middle of the element.

Active Inactive Advanced	••••		From	
Add I	Cancel			,
Text to be found		Occurrence 0	Set mo	use position
Screen Scraping lasted 9	9 milliseconds	10	ut Cick	Сору

2. Use the same technique to click other GUI elements such as buttons

You are now ready to build your SAP automation out of these techniques.

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SAP_Automation Main	Recording Sequence		Expand All Colapse All
1 P	ecording Sequence		
	~		
5	Attach window 'SAP Business'	1	
	tilt for for july bolds just speine unt		

	· Assessed	Tarin Prijadini Dala	
	0	A	
	100		-
	T Type into 'Business Pa'	٨	
	'Apple'		
	~		18
	🚰 Click Text 'Business Pa'	A	
		1 T	
Variables Arguments In	sorta	.0	L 100% 🖬 32 🖃

Automating Terminals and Mainframes

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<u>UIAutomation</u> 1. Introduction

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In order to use terminal activities, the Nuget package "UiPath.Terminal.Activities" needs to be installed. Once installed, the activities can be found under "App Integration -> Terminals" as in the following picture:

Ui 📇 🕨 =	UiPath Studio		_
START DESIGN EXECUTE SETUP			•
Activities 🗸 🗸 🗸		Properties	. 🕳 1000000
0 0 🗢 🔚 😚			
terminals ×			
Favorites			
Available			
 App Integration 			
 Terminals 			
 Advanced 			
📮 Get Field at Position			
Set Field at Position			
Wait Text at Position			
📮 Send Keys			
i Move Cursor			
📮 Terminal Session			
📮 Get Text			
📮 Send Control Key			
📮 Get Field			
📮 Wait Screen Text			
📮 Wait Field Text			
📮 Set Field			
🗙 Activities 🏐 Library 🗀 Project		🖌 Properties 📜 Outline 🦷	U Output
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2. Terminal wizard

UiPath Terminal wizard is designed to help you automate data extraction and/or task execution on various terminals (Mainframe/AS400/VT). It works with TN3270/TN5250/VT terminals.

There are several ways to automate the mentioned terminals:

- using the existing/installed terminal application
- using the IBM EHLLL standard
- using the UiPath internal implementation of these protocols

One may choose between those three based on the accuracy and the level of the provided details (like colors, field information, etc).

Setting up a terminal session

The first step for creating a terminal session is by dragging the "Terminal Session" activity into the workflow. Then the connection configuration dialog is displayed.

Ui Configure Connection		×
Provider	Attachmate Reflection 🔹	
Show client application	4	
Connection type		
Use an existing p	rofile	
O Manually specify	address	
Address		
Port	23	
Туре	TN3270 👻	
	OK Cancel	

The "Provider" combo box specifies which provider to use. Based on this selection, the "Connection type" section changes accordingly, depending on what connection types are available for the specific provider. A more detailed description on each provider can be found in section <u>Supported providers</u>.

"Show client application" flag specifies if the 3rd party provider window is displayed during recording/play.

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Use an existing profile

Browse to a profile file containing the connection information, specific to selected provider. For example, for Attachmate Reflection, one may choose a rd_{5x}/rd_{3x} file, corresponding to a TN5250/TN3270 profile file. The same applies to other providers.

Manually specify address

Enter manually the connection parameters:

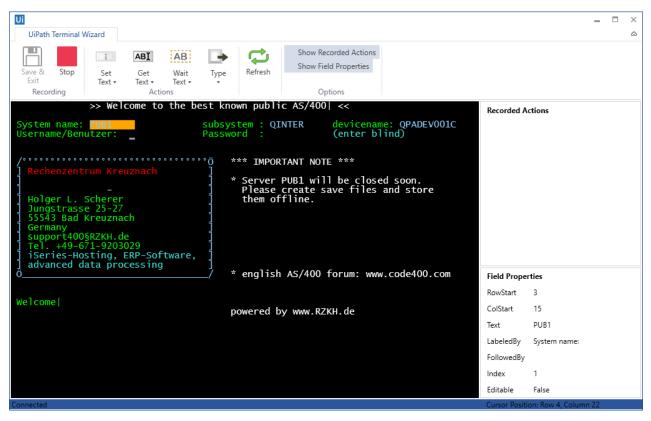
- Address : the server address
- Port: the port to use for connection
- Type: the terminal type: TN3270, TN5250 or VT

Attach to an existingsession

This method is available only when using IBM EHLL standard and it is described in EHLL section.

Recording wizard

After specifying connection parameters the UiPath Terminal Wizard is automatically started.



Screen organization

The terminal screen is organized in fields, highlighted in orange color. The properties of the selected field are displayed the Field Properties pane.

There are two methods by which UiPath identifies a field on the screen: by coordinates or by visual elements.

Field identification by coordinates is straightforward, as it uses the row/column coordinates to located the field. The more reliable way is using LabeledBy/FollowedBy/Index properties. This is useful in case a screen changes a bit and the coordinates are not valid anymore, however, the text before/after a field is usually the same.

In the above picture, the selected field is "PUB1" and it is labeled by "System name:". Index property is used when there are multiple fields with the same LabeledBy/FollowedBy property, like in a table.

Field Properties pane

The properties of the selected field are displayed the Field Properties pane. It includes the coordinates (row/column), LabeledBy/FollowedBy/Index properties, the text value and a flag indicating if the field is editable or not.

2.2.3. Recorded Actions pane

This pane contains he list of recorded actions (auto generated activities).

2.2.4. Available commands

Common properties

- Save & Exit: stops the terminal connection and saves the recorded actions
- Stop/Start (recording): temporarily stops recording, in case some actions do not need to be recorded
- Actions commands: each of these are commands generates a specific terminal activity; they are described in a <u>Terminal activities</u> section
- Refresh: used to perform a full refresh of the terminal screen (used only for testing/validation)

3.

Terminal

activities

- DelayMS: represents the time to wait after the activity executed; value is in milliseconds
- TimeoutMS: specifies the time to wait for the activity to execute; value is in milliseconds
- WaitType: allows specifying if the terminal should be in a ready state when executing the activity; recommended value is "READY"

Terminal Session activity

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It is the main terminal activity and represents a connection to a terminal server. It acts as a container for all other terminal activities. By default, after activity execution, the terminal connection is closed.

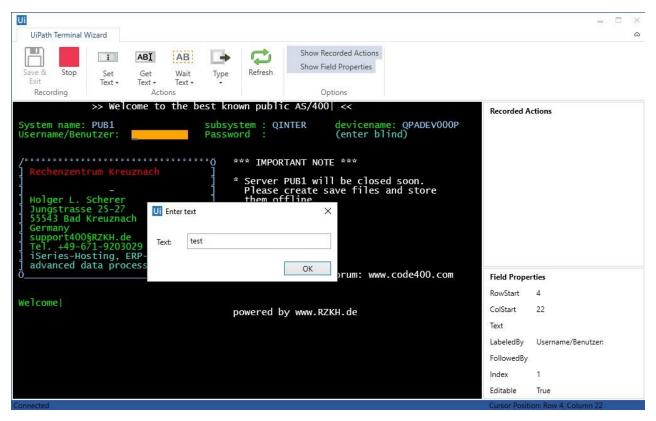
Properties:

- ConnectionString: contains the connection parameters; automatically generated from the connection dialog
- OutputConnection: optional, one may specify an output variable (of type TerminalConnection) in order to be used later in other terminal sessions
- CloseConnection: used with ExistingConnection property; specifies if the connection is closed after executing the Terminal Session activity
- ExistingConnection: a variable of type TerminalConnection that was previously initialized

When using many terminal sessions, it is recommended to reuse the terminal connection by saving it into a variable and use it in the next sessions. This is to avoid connecting and disconnecting multiple times, as this process is more time consuming.

Set Field activity

Set the text value of the selected field to a given value. The field must be editable, otherwise the activity is disabled.



In the sample above, the selected field identified by label "Username/Benutzer" is set to the provided value "test".

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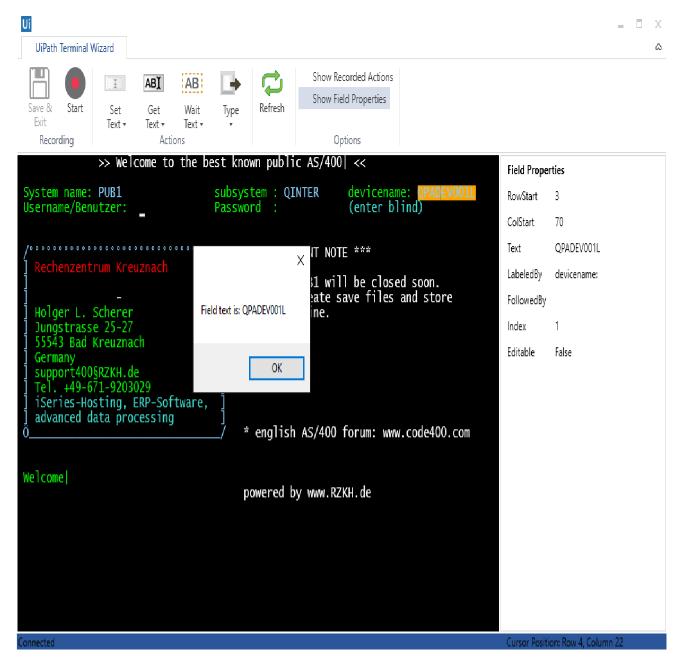
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Properties:

- LabeledBy: the label before the selected field
- FollowedBy: the label following the selected field
- Index: 1 or greater, depending if there are multiple fields with same labels
- Text: a string expression used for setting the field value

Get Field activity

Obtains the text value of the selected field.



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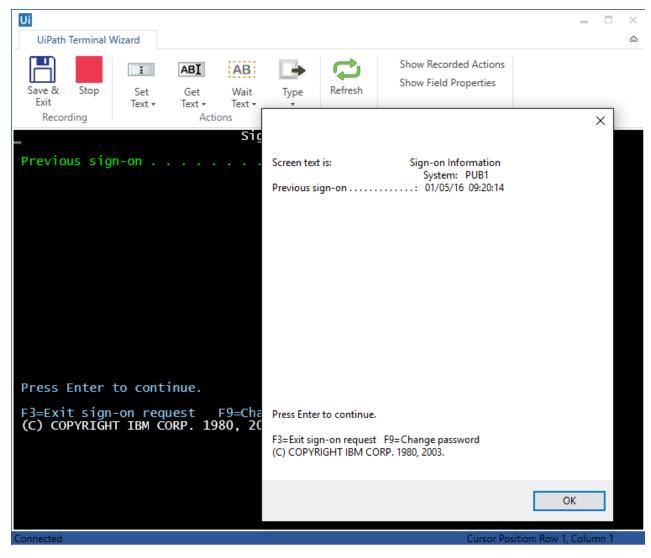
In the sample above, the text from selected field identified by label "devicename:" is returned.

Properties:

- LabeledBy: the label before the selected field
- FollowedBy: the label following the selected field
- Index: 1 or greater, depending if there are multiple fields with same labels
- Text: a string variable where the resulting text is saved

Get Text activity

Obtains the text value of the entire screen.



Properties:

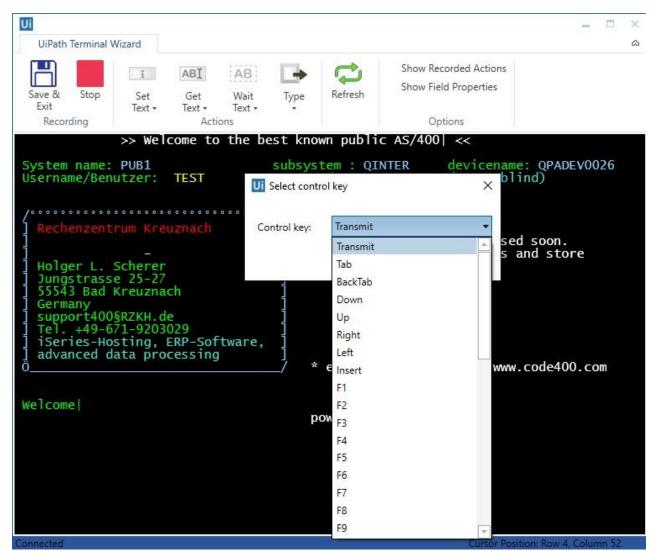
• Text: a string variable where the resulting text is saved

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Send Control Keyactivity

Sends a special key to the terminal, like (Enter), F1-F24 functional keys, etc. Usually, following a control key like , the screen changes. In the sample below it changes to the information screen following the login screen.



Properties:

• Key: the control key to send to the terminal (selected from the provided combo box)

Wait Field Text activity

Waits the specified amount of time (TimeoutMS, in milliseconds) until the selected field contains the provided text.

Ui UiPath Terminal Wizard		-	× ۵
Save & Stop Set Get Wait Type Exit Text + Text + Text + Text + Recording Actions Options			
>> Welcome to the best known public AS/400 <<	Field Proper	rties	
System name: PUB1 subsystem : QINTER devicename: QPADEV0022 Username/Benutzer: Password : (enter blind)	RowStart	4	
	ColStart	22	
/**** IMPORTANT NOTE ***	Text		
] Rechenzentrum Kreuznach]] * Server PUB1 will be closed soon.	LabeledBy	Username/Benutzer:	
J – J Please create save files and store J Holger L. Scherer J them offline.	FollowedBy		
Jungstrasse 25-27	Index	1	
j 55543 Bad Kreuzr UI Entertext X	Editable	True	
] support400§RZKH.			
] Tel. +49-671-920] iSeries-Hosting, Text: test			
] advanced data pr			
Ö IOD forum: www.code400.com			
Welcome			
powered by www.RZKH.de			
Connected	Cursor Positi	on: Row 4, Column 22	

In the sample above, the workflow execution waits until the field identified by label "Username/Benutzer:" contains the text "test".

Properties:

- LabeledBy: the label before the selected field
- FollowedBy: the label following the selected field
- Index: 1 or greater, depending if there are multiple fields with same labels
- Text: a string expression containing the value to wait for; it supports wildcards
- MatchCase: a flag indicating if the text matching should be case sensitive

Wait Screen Text activity

Waits the specified amount of time (TimeoutMS, in milliseconds) until the screen contains the provided text. It is very similar to <u>Wait Field Text activity</u>, except it searches the entire screen instead of being limited to a specific field.

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Ui UiPath Terminal W	/izard						- 0	× a
Save & Stop Exit Recording	Set Text +	ABĬ Get Text → Actio	Wait Text +	Type	Refresh	Show Recorded Actions Show Field Properties Options		
System name: Username/Benu Rechenzentr Holger L. S Jungstrasse 55543 Bad H Germany support4008 Tel. +49-67 iseries-Hos	PUB1 utzer: cum Kreu Sci Ui Ent cre Text: SR2	come to	the b	subsys Passwo °°Ö * 1	tem : QI ord : *** IMPOR	c AS/400 << NTER devicenam (enter b) TANT NOTE *** PUB1 will be closed	d soon.	
] advanced da Ö Welcome					88997 - 4899999	AS/400 forum: www by www.RZKH.de		

In the sample above, the workflow execution waits until the text "code400" is found on the screen.

Properties:

- Text: a string expression containing the value to wait for; it supports wildcards
- MatchCase: a flag indicating if the text matching should be case sensitive

Advanced activities

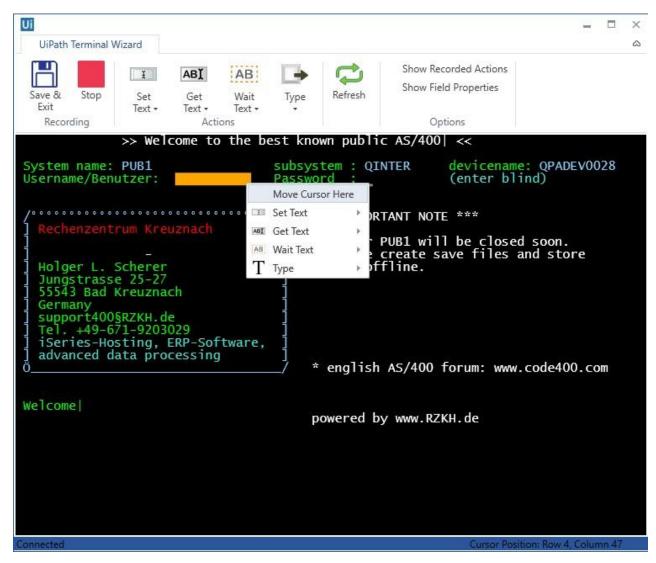
Advanced activities are terminal activities that work based on coordinates and cursor location. They should be used only when the field's positions do not change, in order to ensure a successful workflow run.

Move Cursor activity

Moves the cursor position to the specified location. In the sample below, the cursor will be moved at the beginning of the selected field.

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Properties:

- Row: 1-based index of the row where the cursor will be moved
- Column: 1-based index of the column where the cursor will be moved

Send Keys activity

Sends the specified text to the terminal cursor position. One must ensure that the cursor position is inside an editable field by using <u>Move Cursor activity</u>.

UiPath Material

Ui UiPath Terminal W	/izard							- 0	×
Save & Stop Exit Recording	šet Text •	Get Text + Actio	Wait Text +	Type	Refresh	Show I	Recorded Actions Field Properties Options		
System name: Username/Benu	PUB1	come to	the b		wn publi tem : Ql rd :			: QPADEV000P nd)	
/·····] Rechenzentr	Ui Enter	text			×	TANT NO)TE ***		
] Holger L. S Jungstrasse 55543 Bad k Germany support400§ Tel. +49-67 iseries-Hos advanced da	RZKH.d	029 ERP-Sof	tware,	*	OK englisł	create fline.	ll be closed save files a) forum: www.	nd store	
Welcome				р	owered l	y www.R	ZKH.de		
Connected							Cursor Posit	ion: Row 4, Column 2	2

Properties:

• Text: a string expression that will be sent to the terminal

Set Field at Positionactivity

Similar to <u>Set Field activity</u>, uses coordinates to identify the field. Properties:

- Row: 1-based index of the row where the cursor will be moved
- Column: 1-based index of the column where the cursor will be moved
- Text: a string expression used for setting the field value

Get Field at Positionactivity

Similar to <u>Get Field activity</u>, uses coordinates to identify the field. Properties:

- Row: 1-based index of the row where the cursor will be moved
- Column: 1-based index of the column where the cursor will be moved

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• Text: a string variable where the resulting text is saved

Get Text at Position activity

Obtains the text of length from the specified position. It is not limited to a single field.

Properties:

- Row: 1-based index of the row where the cursor will be moved
- Column: 1-based index of the column where the cursor will be moved
- Length: the number of characters to return; if is not supplied, the text until the end of the screen is returned
- Text: a string variable where the resulting text is saved

Wait Text at Position activity

Similar to <u>Wait Field Text activity</u>, uses coordinates to identify the field.

Properties:

- Row: 1-based index of the row where the cursor will be moved
- Column: 1-based index of the column where the cursor will be moved
- Text: a string expression containing the value to wait for; it supports wildcards
- MatchCase: a flag indicating if the text matching should be case sensitive

4.Supported providers Attachmate Reflection Prerequisites

Attachmate reflection (https://www.attachmate.com/products/reflection/2014/)

Usage

When using profile mode, the profile file must be located in the Attachmate Reflection profile folder. Default is 'C:\Users\\Documents\Attachmate\Reflection'

Rocket

Prerequisites

RocketBlueZone(5.2+)TerminalEmulationinstalled(http://www.rocketsoftware.com/products/rocket-bluezone-terminal-emulation)

Usage

No custom requirements

IBM Personal Communications

Prerequisites

IBM Personal Communications (http://www-03.ibm.com/software/products/en/pcomm)

Usage

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installed

BlueZone

Only profile mode supported. The profile file must be located in the IBM Personal Communications profile folder. Default is 'C:\Users\\AppData\Roaming\IBM\Personal Communications'

Using IBM EHLL standard

One may choose to connect to a terminal using IBM EHLL standard. This is an advanced type of connection and specific information regarding EHLL implementation need to be provided. Depending on the EHLL implementation, some features could not be available (like field color).

Ui Configure Connection		×
Provider	IBM EHLLAPI	
Show client application	1	
Connection type		
Attach to an exist	ting session	
EHLL dll		
EHLL function	hllapi	
EHLL session	A	
EHLL enhanced	1	
	OK	Cancel

One can only attach to an existing terminal session using this method.

Prerequisites

An emulator that implements the EHLLAPI standard

Usage

The terminal emulator window should be opened before the connection (see the **Application Specifics** chapterbelow)

- In connection dialog the path to the DLL implementing the EHLLAPI standard must be specified
- The EHLL function should be changed accordingly (usually is 'hllapi')
- The session name should be the session short name of the previously opened connection
- The Show client application has no effect

Application

specifics

IBM implementation

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The EHLLAPI implementation dll is 'pcshll32.dll'; default, it is located in 'C:\Program Files (x86)\IBM\Personal Communications'.

Attachmate Extra

The EHLLAPI implementation .dll is pcshll32.dll; default, it is located in C:\Program Files (x86)\Attachmate\EXTRA!. Requirements/limitations:

- In Attachmate Extra application, one must associate a session short name letter with a profile file (Options -> Global Preferences -> Advanced -> HLLAPI shortname); this letter will be used in terminal session connection dialog (UiPath Studio)
- The session must NOT be started when connecting from UiPath Studio

Micro Focus Rumba

The EHLLAPI implementation dll is ehlapi32.dll'; default, it is located in 'C:\Program Files (x86)\Micro Focus\RUMBA\System'. The Ehll Enhanced checkbox should be unchecked.

Requirements/limitations:

• In Micro Focus Rumba Desktop application one must associate a session short name letter (Options -> API... -> Identification ->Session Short Name). Also, must check the classic HLLAPI data structure (Options -> API... -> Configuration -> Classic HLLAPI data structure).

4.5. Using UiPath implementation

This is a custom implementation and it requires the address of the server and the terminal type.

Ui Configure Connection		×
Provider	UiPath Internal 👻	
Show client application	\checkmark	
Connection type		
Manually specify	address	
Address		
Port	23	
Туре	TN3270 -	
	OK Cancel	

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